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Mohr
Belmont
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Malone
Rosen
Tavel
Trotter
W.C. Sullivan
Tele. Roorb 6
Ingram
Ingram — b7C

Tolson

URGENT 5-4-61

NO DIRECTOR

FROM SAC, SAN DIEGO

050100

B 114

BUREAU REQUESTED TO SHIP THE FOLLOWING TO SAN DIEGO: FIVE HUNDRED COPIES OF "COMMUNIST TARGET - YOUTH"
THE ABOVE PAMPHLETS NEEDED FOR DISTRIBUTION MAY 12, 1961.

RECEIVED: 9:56 PM RADIO

10:24 PM CODING UNIT HL

SAC Price

SAC Price

Solvinged 5/5/61

6:45 pm by

6:

REC- 24 22-1069 27-309

MER MAY 9 1961

58 MAY 121961

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10	Tolson
UNITED STATES GOVE MENT	Parsons Mohr
[*] Memoranaum	Gallahan
1V16IIIOI WIIWWIII	DeLoach
TO : Mr. Mohr DATE: May 5, 1961	Malone Rosen
$Q \wedge$	Tavel Trotter
	Tele. from
FROM: C. D. DeLoach	Gandy
CONSTRUCTOR THAT CHEM TO LITTLE	Margaret
SUBJECT: COMMUNIST TARGET - YOUTH	of exposition
INTERNAL SECURITY - C	A 01
''SAŊ ₋ FRANCISCO EXAMINER''	mortellen
4 0° 775 75 4 1061	
himself as a reporter for the San Francisco Examiner of	• •
distance from that city and Wick talked to him.	b6 b7C
advised; as a reporter for the Examiner, he of	
	He said he was
definitely of the opinion, both at the time of the riots and at the begin trial, that Mr. Hoover's account as set forth in 'Communist Target.	
was correct. recounted to Wick in some detail the statement	
pamphlet relating to "one of the demonstrators provided the spark	
11 a barricade that had been erected, he grabbed an officer's night stick	11
pointed out that since the jury has now in effect	t said these
events did not occur as stated in the pamphlet and since even the poli	
were fuzzy on the sequence of events, it seems that a correction show	
in Mr. Hoover's pamphlet. said it appears quite certain the	FBI report
of this matter, as set forth by Mr. Hoover, was based on a police renow been fully discredited.	port winen has he
	b7
	1961, has an 🎠 🤉
	leap a barricade,
etc.	27
QUESTION ASKED BY MACKEY: EX-116 REC- 38 62 - 106 3	130-3435
asked Wick what Mr. Hoover intended to do ab	out this erroneous
report, whether he intended to make a statement correcting it. He s	
the Examiner certainly did not condone the action of the rioters, the	
remain an error has been made if one is to believe the jury, the with	lesses, including AY 10 1961
the police and others.	AY 10 1961 E
1 - Mr. Parsons	H
1 - Mr. Belmont	THE TOTAL STREET
1 - Mr. Jones 2 XEROX	hai No!
REW:ejr (5) MAY 10 1961	
2 1x)	
	W/ /

DeLoach to Mohr Memo

Re: Communist Target - Youth

Internal Security - C.
"San Francisco Examiner"

ACTION TAKEN:

Wick told the FBI had no comment to make. asked if the FBI could be so quoted and Wick told him we could.

b6 b7C

	OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 UNITED STATES GOVIETNENT			Tolson Parsons Mohr Belmont Calledan
,	Memorandum TO : Mr. DeLoach	DATE:	4-28-61	Conrad DeLoach Evans Malone Rosen Tavel Trotter
1	FROM: D. C. Morrell	·		W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room Ingram Gandy
	SUBJECT: REQUEST FOR 300 COMMUNIST TAR BY	0 COPIES OF GETYOUTH''		"W4231
	A THE WHITE WAS ARRESTED AND ARREST AREA OF THE AREA O	and desired through the control of t		
				b7C
_ }	may be connected with (61-7582-4947) which Post wa	American Legion Pos s showing the film, "C	individual. Bufile st 18, Kansas City, Operation Abolition	s indicate that , Kansas, ,'' in March,
] j	Since the dema limited, and since is believed that Kansas City s	nd for this reprint is purpose for wanting thould be asked to re-	ng the booklets is u	nknown, it
]	RECOMMENDATION:	•		.b6 b70
-			ity advising them the the cool need for these book	hat our klets be
	outhmuse of all T			Cons
		1920		All Control and
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		REC- 60	62-1063	279 311
		EX-116	3 MAY 10 196	31
	Enclosure		er advancement , c . Roccess	T. FE
	BDA:dkp (2)	,	CORRECT	J. M. C.
	OMAY TE 1081			:

PTIONAL FORM NO. 10 UNITED STATES GOVI Mr. Callahan Memorandum Mr. Conrad. Mr. Evans 5/3/61 Mr. Malone. Director, FBI DATE: Mr. Rosen. Mr. Tavel. Mr. Trotte FROM Mr. W.C. Su SAC, San Francisco Target - Youth Tele. Room Mr. Ingram Miss Gandybe SUBJECT: Modesto Irrigation District Modesto, California Attached is a copy of a letter written by to Congressman JOHN J. McFALL, House Office Building, Washington, D.C., which is dated 4/27/61. letter is forwarded to the Bureau for There is no identifiable derogatory information information. in the files of this office concerning Bureau (Encl. 1) San Francisco CWD:csi (3) **REC- 24** B MAY 11 1961 EMCEOSUREMY! 56 MAY 15 1961 711

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ec:

April 27, 1961

Congressman John J. McFall House Office Building Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. McFall:

I recently received a copy of the pumphlet put out by the Un-American Activities Committee entitled, "Consumist Target - Youth", a report by J. Edgar Hoover, Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, illustrating Communist strategy and tactics in the rioting which occurred during House Committee on On-American Activities hearings, San Francisco, May 12-14, 1960. After reading this pamphlet I cannot help but feel that the House Committee on Un-American Activities should be complimented on doing such a fine job in exposing Communist activities which are contrary to our American way of life.

Having read this and other reports from time to time that are being issued by Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, there is no question in my mind but that the citizens of the United States are fortunate in having a man of his caliber as their Rirector of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. I believe that if the American people can be made aware of the Un-American activities being fostered in this country that things will be better for our nation.

In an effort to help in my small way, I would very much appreciate it if you could forward to me fifteen or twenty copies of the above pamphlet and as occasion arises, I will see that they are put into the hands of people who I think can use them to good advantage.

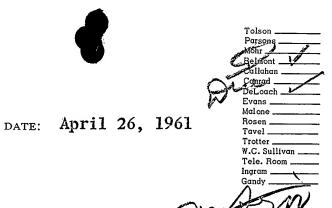
Thanking you in advance for these, I am,

Yours truly,

MODESTO IRRIGATION DISTRICT

3/2 TOTAL OSURE 289 — 3/2

CEP:rk



Reference is made to memorandum Baumgardner to Belmont dated March 3, 1961, captioned as above, wherein Elmer Emil Johnson, a Communist Party (CP) functionary in Marin County, California, was identified as one of the individuals appearing in a picture on Page 15 of "Communist Target - Youth" (fourth from left).

Established confidential informants who are not available to testify have identified Johnson as a current CP member and functionary in the San Francisco area. There is no public source data available that shows Johnson to be a current CP member.

RECOMMENDATION:

1

Director DeLoach.	s memorandum be forwarded to Assistant	Alegan
1 - Mr. DeLoach 1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Bland 1 - Mr. Shaw 1 - Mr. Jackson	,	Ž,
JAJ:meario (8)	Quen Dost Che Council HEUB ADVISED My	ь6 ь7с

63 MAY 17 1964

REC-41 62-106-259- 3/3

6 MAY11 1961

UNITED STATES GOVE

$\it 1emorandum$

Mr. D. J. Parsons

FROM:

Mr. A. H. Belmont

SUBJECT:

ANALYSIS OF CRITICISM OF COMMUNIST TARGET -- YOUTH" DATE:

Callahan Conrad DeLoach Evans . Malone Rosen Trotter W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room Ingram

SAC Auerbach called at 5 p.m. to advise that San Francisco had completed a review of the press clippings which had come out concerning the riot in San Francisco in May, 1960. has sent copies into the Bureau showing the press stories to the effect that the crowd stormed the doors, etc.

Auerbach noted that there must be a considerable amount of film taken of the demonstration in San Francisco which was not used in the House Committee on Un-American Activities film "Operation Abolition." The film runs 40 minutes whereas the demonstration took 3 days. He suggested we have someone review the unused portion of the film for any additional items of interest to the Bureau. He thought the film would be in possession of Video Associates in Washington, and he noted that Fulton Lewis III would probably be of interest in getting hold of it.

Auerbach further thought that in some manner the Bureau should seek the backing of the majority of youth in our colleges to get them to ridicule the small minority which criticises the Bureau. He stated he was sending in a couple of editorials on this point.

At 5:45 Auerbach called to advise the jury had found Meisenbach not guilty.

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that we check and see whether there is film which was not used in preparing "Operation Abolition" and 72 view it to see if it is of interest.

AHB: klh (6)

1 - Mr. Parsons

1 - Mr. Belmont

1 - Mr. Sullivan 1 - Mr. Baumgardner

WEBSTER GROVES FREEDOM STUDY GROUP

414 Yorkshire Place Webster Groves 19, Mo.

Phone: WOodland 1-3104

May 4, 1961

Dear Mr. Hoover:

We would deeply appreciate about five hundred (500) copies of the pamphlet, "Communist Target Youth". Our study group is launching a new program of Anti Communism study here in the local YMCA, and in coordination with the movie, "Operation Abolition", we feel this pamphlet should be distributed.

Thank you very much!

Respectfullv.

REC-73

62-106289_3/

3 8 MAY 11 1961

EX 101

CORRESPONDED TO SAW

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ack 5-10-61 Sawixos

REC- 73 67-11 3/5 May 10, 1961 EX 101 Webster Croves Freedom Study Group 114 Yorkshire Place Websiec Groves 19, Missouri Dear Your letter of May 4, 1961, has been received. While I would like to be of assistance with regard to your inquiry, I must advice that our supply of the pamphlet you requested has been depleted. Sincerely yours, J. Edgar Hoover John Edgar Hoover Director NOTE: Bufiles reflect no record of correspondent or her group. 19 14 1 13 1 ". Tolson SAW:sh Mohr . MANLEO 25 Belmont Callahan . MAY 1 0 1961 Conrad COMM-FFI

W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room _

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

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MBW (2-196:39 316

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Dear

Your letter of May 6, 1961, has been received, and I want to thank you for your king comments about the work of the FEI.

In response to your request, I regret to advise that our supply of the pamphlet you mentioned has been depleted. I am enclosing several other items which may be of interest to you.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

John Edjar Hoover Director

MALEDES

📋 Enclosures (3) Director's Statement Re Internal Security, 4-17-61 Communist Illusion and Democratic Reality Series From Christianity Today

NOTA: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles.

SAW:lmv

Gondo Mai 176 198 The Tree and Cl



May 6,	1961		

b6 b7C

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I am deeply distressed at the stand the National Council of Churches (of which my church is a member), has taken on the fight against Communism.

With some reluctance Saint Paul's Episcopal Church of Brockton, has consented to have of the American Institute, present the film Operation Abolition on May 16th.

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> b6 b7C

I am aware that this film does not educate, but only make us aware of Communism as a threat to this country.

I would very much appreciate about fifty (50) copies of the pamphlet Communist Target-Youth to distribute at this time, and any other literature you may feel pertinent to this cause.

With deep appreciation for the wonderful work you, and your men are doing in this fight.

Most sincerely. 62-106289-3/6 MAY 12 1961 4-100101580

9 MAY 12 1961

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Dear Mr. Hoaver:

I am deeply distressed at the stand the Trational Council of Churches (of which my church is a member) has taken on the fight against Communism.

With some reluctance

of Brochton has Consented of the Correspond Church of Brochton has Consented of the Correspond Correspond Correspond Correspond Correspondence

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REC- 81 6-2-106-11/-3/7 May 10, 1961 Conservative Books 2184 Portsmouth Houston 6, Texas Dear I have received your letter of May 2, with enclosure, and the interest which prompted you to communicate with me on this occasion is appreciated. V. hile I would like to be of assistance, our supply of the publication you mentioned is depleted; consequently, I will be unable to comply with your wishes. Sincerely yours, J. Edgar Hoover John Edgar Hoover Director NOTE: Bufiles contain no identifiable information regarding the correspondent. JMM:cjk ぐべ Belmont Callahan Conrad

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2184 PORTSMOUTH CORNER OF GREENBRIAR AND PORTSMOUTH HOUSTON 6, TEXAS

TELEPHONE JACKSON 9-1859

Mr. Tolson

b6 b7C

May 2, 1961

The Office of J. Edgar Hoover Director of the F.BI. Department of Justice

Dear Mr. Hoover:

We believe the publication, COMMUNIST TARGET--YOUTH, printed by the U.S. Government Printing Office, which covers your statements re: the HCUA hearings in San Francisco May 12-24, 1960, is an important tool for protecting the HCUA from unwarranted attack.

We operate a bookstore carrying books as indicated on the enclosed list, and we feel that COMMUNIST TARGET -- YOUTH would be a fine addition to our free rack, if we can afford to stock it for that purpose. Could your office supply these for distribution? Thank you very much.

Mr. Parsons Mr. Mohr Mr. Belmont Mr. Callaban Conres Mr. Malone Mr. Rosen Mr. Tavel Mr. Trotter. Mr. W.C.Sullivan Tele. Room_ Mr. Ingram Miss Gandy.

> **b**6 b7C

62

Yours very truly, CONSERVATIVE BOOKS

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62-106289_317

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Dear

Your letter of May 4, 1961, has been received, and the interest which prompted you to write is appreciated. Our supply of the pamphlet you mentioned is depleted; however, I am enclosing other literature on the subject of communism which may be of interest.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover John Edgar Hoover Director

Enclosures (4) Director's Statement Re Internal Security, 4-17-61 Communist Illusion and Democratic Reality One Nation's Response To Communism Series from Christianity Today

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles.

(3)

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May 4	1961	

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John Edgar Hoover F. B. I. Washington D. C.

Dear Sir,

Please send to me the free pamphlet titled: C'Communist Target-Youth'

Thank You

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5 MAY 15 1961

May 12, 1961

REC	-8h 62.101229 319	F B T	May :7 d 27 PH 761
	Dear .	ROOM	± b7
	Your letter postmarked Tay 3, 1961, has been received, and the interest which prompted you to write is appreciated.		
	While I would like to comply with your request, our supply of the pamphlet you requested is depleted. In view of your interest in fighting communism, I am enclosing a copy of my statement cated april 17, 1001, which contains suggestions for individuals and organizations wishing to aid the FBI in the internal security field.	s	
	Sincerely yours,	<i>^</i> *	
MAY 1	John Edgar Roover Director Enclosure Director's Statement Re Internal Security, 4-17-61		7
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May 5, 861 J. Idgar Shover Director, Gederal Beoreau of Investigation Reportment of Justice Fashington, D.C. Dear Sir: Thankyow for supplying us so quickly with the requested copies of the report "Communist Target-Response to our showing of Speration abolition " was even better than eve had anticipated and we have had additional requests for literature. If possible, please send 20 additional copies of the pamphlet. 1 - 3 - 11 - 61 pers Thank you. 1 1 1 Sincerely

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(Note continued)

criminal record dating back to 1948. She did not make any specific requests in her letter other than to be placed on the Bureau's mailing list, which request was intentionally ignored in view of her background and Los Angeles' recommendation to that effect. (100-0-33649)

In view of the above information in Bufiles, correspondent's request for all available material on education, pornography and general information on communism is being ignored.

Mr. Tolson. April 28, 1961 Mrc Parsons. Mr. Belmont. Mr. Callahan Conrad Mr. J. Edger Hoover Federal Bureau of Investigation Mr. Malone Washington D. C. Mr. Rosen Mr. Yavel. Dear Mr. Hoover; Mr. Trotter. Mr. W.C.Sullivan Fad iHoom There will be a five day "Combatting Communism Week" in Santa-Ana, the second week in May. At this time there will be at least ten showings of therfinkmam Miss Gandy. 'Operation Abolition.' I have been requested to secure the booklet written by J. Edger Hoover, Communist Target - Youth. May I please obtain 10,000 copies of the above mentioned booklets by return mail. Thank you, may God guide and direct you always and preserve our American heritage. Sincerely yours b6 b7C Under seperate cover would you please send me all available material on education, pornography material and general information on the Communist and Un-American influences that threaten our great Nation. Thank-you. Beverly McD. REC- 87 62-106287-3 5 MAY 15 1961

May 12, 1961 / REC- 23 b6 b7C Dear Your letter dated May 5, 1961, has been received. Although I would like to be of service, our supply of the report you named has been depleted, and we are unable to grant your request. Sincerely yours, W. Edgar Hoover John Edgar Hoover Director MAILED & MAY 12 1961 сомм-гы Tolson Parsons Mohr_ Belmont Conrad DeLoach. Evans Malone Rosen Trotter W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room



May 5, 1961

J. Edgar Hoover Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation Department of Justice Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Thank you for supplying us so quickly with the requested copies of the report "Communist Target-Youth."

Response to our showing of "Operation Abolition" was even better than we had anticipated and we have had additional requests for literature.

If possible, please send 20 additional copies of the pamphlet.

Thank you.

Sincerely

/s/

b7C

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THEON

Memorandum TO: Mr. A. H. Belmont DATE: May 5, 1961 FROM: W. C. Sulfivan SUBJECT: INFORMATION CONCERNING CENTRAL RESEARCH MATTER Common Genety Reference is made to my memorandum dated May 3, 1961, in captioned matter, with which was enclosed a pamphlet wherein the statement was made that the FBI did not interview any of the students involved in the San Francisco riot of May, 1960. In connection with this, Mr. Tolson noted on the memorandum: "Did we interview any of the students?" The answer is that we did not interview any of the students involved in the rioting. Had we done so, it would have interjected the Bureau into an extremely controversial matter over which we had no jurisdiction and would have resulted in charges being made not only that we were attempting to intimidate the students but also that we were usurping the authority of the local police, under whose jurisdiction the matter fell.
TO: Mr. A. H. Belmont FROM: W. C. Sulfivan Tolk W. C. Sulfivan W. Subject: Reference is made to my memorandum dated May 3, 1961, in captioned matter, with which was enclosed a pamphlet wherein the statement was made that the FBI did not interview any of the students involved in the San Francisco riot of May, 1960. In connection with this, Mr. Tolson noted on the memorandum: "Did we interview any of the students?" The answer is that we did not interview any of the students involved in the rioting. Had we done so, it would have interjected the Bureau into an extremely controversial matter over which we had no jurisdiction and would have resulted in charges being made not only that we were attempting to intimidate the students but also that we were usurping the authority of the local
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RECOMMENDATION:
For information in accordance with Mr. Tolson's inquiry.
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	UNITED STATES GOVER. ONT Memorandum Callaban Deloach Evans Malone	ノ
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	To round out our complete understanding of this matter, there is set	
	forth below a chronological record of the manner in which the San Francisco office	がかん
	report submitted by the San Francisco office 5/31/60. The pertinent portion of that report dealing with the manner in which the riot erupted is set forth in one paragraph on pages 29 and 30. That paragraph included the observation that one of the demonstrators hurtled the barricade, grabbed an officer's night stick, and began beating him over the head, as well as the statement that the fire hoses were turned on after the assault on the officer.	
	There was no documentation shown for that paragraph. There was no indication that it was based on a police report, oral or written.	THE HEADY
	In response to a request from the Bureau for detailed documentation of its report of 5/31/60, the San Francisco office submitted a copy by airtel dated 8/4/60 with complete documentations. The pertinent paragraph was documented with the name of Special Agent Donald W. Kuno and the date 5/13/60. There was no mention of a police report, oral or otherwise, as the source of Kuno's information. The implication was that the information was based on SA Kuno's observation. (61-7582-4549)	管熱に
	Enclosure CDB:meh (10) 1 - Mr. Parsons 1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Baumgardner 1 - Mr. Sullivan 1 - Mr. Malone 1 - C. D. Brennan 1 - Section tickler	

Memo Sullivan to Belmont RE: Case (4) By teletype dated 4/6/61, following a telephonic request by the Bureau for specific details of what SA Kuno saw 5/13/60, the San Francisco office advised that while it originally had attributed the information to SA Kuno, the original data had been received by SA Leo A. Schon and was based on a personal interview by SA Schon of San Francisco Police Department Inspector This not only contradicted the original documentation, but also revealed for the first time that the original data was based on an oral police report. (100-433136-6) Enclosed is a teletype to the San Francisco office directing that the responsibility for the erroneous documentation be fixed and that explanations be submitted promptly to explain not only the reason for that but also the reason for the failure to insure the accuracy of the data originally obtained and reported. RECOMMENDATION: That the enclosed teletype be approved and forwarded.

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/ RECORD	May 9, 1961 67-106787-322		b6 b7c
i c c	I have received your letter of May 3, and was glad to learn of your success in having your book, "Democracy Versus Communism," adopted in the schools. I am encouraged by the efforts of a great number of our citizens to acquaint our youth to the utterly false doctrines of communism. In response to your request for a copy of the reprint, "Communist PargetYouth," I am sorry to advise that our supply is completely exhausted.	MN O 11 24 MI ROOM	13. M. S.
V	Please accept my thanks for your kind invitation to attend your luncheon on May 17. While I would like to be with you at this time, I regret that a prior commitment precludes my king present.	MAY O II O1 AN TO	
f	NOTE: is on the Special Correspondents' List on a first name basis. "Communist TargetYouth" not being sent to correspondent in view of current policy regarding that reprint.		b6 b7c
1 1 1	JRS:lew (3) MAILED 28 IAN 9-1951 CONAM-HULL MAIL AGOOM TELETYPEN HNEELS		

The Institute of Fiscal and Political Education

Union Trust Building Washington 5, D. C. • District 7-2877
Chartered by the Board of Regents, State Education Department, State of New York

OFFICE OF THE PRE

May 3, 1961

The Honorable J. Edgar Hoover Federal Bureau of Investigation Department of Justice Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Hoover:

My cousin, Lyman Kirkpatrick, has sent me a copy of his address at the National Military-Industrial and Educational Conference. In it, among other things he says:

"In a report entitled "Communist Target - Youth"
J. Edgar Hoover, the eminent Director of the Federal
Bureau of Investigation and a foremost authority on
both Communism and the problem of youth, wrote: 'The
successful Communist exploitation and manipulation of
youth and student groups throughout the world today
are a major challenge which free world forces must
meet and defeat.'"

I would appreciate it if you could have me sent a copy of this report.

You will be glad to know that we are having fair success in our effort to have our book, <u>Democracy Versus Communism</u>, adopted in the schools. The Defense Department has taken ten chapters of the book and made them into pamphlets. They have ordered 250,000 to be used in all their training courses. Several states have passed bills making mandatory the teaching of communism, and so we are encouraged to continue our efforts.

We are having a luncheon meeting at the Army and Navy Club on Wednesday, May 17, at 12:30. We would be honored if you could attend.

19 June 17.

Sincerely yours

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5 MAY 16 1961

Mr. Belmont Mr. Callahan Mr. Conrad Mr. Evans Mr. Evans Mr. Malone Mr. Rosen Mr. Tavel

Mr. Trotter Mr. W.C.Sull Tele. Room Mr. Ingram Miss Gandy

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M.L. S BJ.Char, Roon 1009 220 Montgomery Street SAN FRANCISCO 4, CALIFORNIA TELEPRONE; YU KON 1-0275

> SACRAMENTO ADDRESS STATE CAPITOL ' ZONE 14

Assembly

California Legislature

JOHN A. O'CONNELL

MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY, TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT

CHAIRMAN
COMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL PROCEDURE

April 28, 1961

O COMMIST TAKEET - YOUTH

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

You may have heard that, in speaking to a group of Democratic Clubs in La Jolla on April 21, I stated; in response to a question, that I thought you had lied in attributing the disturbance at the HUAC hearing in San Francisco solely to Communist inspired opposition to the Committee. I did not make that charge in a captious spirit. Until the publication of your account of that hearing I had considered the F.B.I. to be a conscientious, impartial, investigating agency. I knew that you had often made statements supporting constitutional liberties such as:

"Smears, character assassination, and the scattering of irresponsible charges have no place in this nation. They create division, suspicion, and distrust among loyal Americans—just what the communists want—and hinder rather than aid the fight against communism.

"...honest dissent should not be confused with disloyalty. A man has a right to think as he wishes; that's the strength of our form of government. Without free thought our society would decay..."

Because of my confidence in your reputation for fairness I sent the enclosed telegram to Rep. Francis Walter on May 11, 1960, urging that an F.B.I. investigation replace the scheduled committee hearing. As you well know, my request was not heeded—with unfortunate results for the whole country.

Anyone familiar with the history of the HUAC could not have been surprised when the committee clumed that all the opposition in San Francisco resulted from the efforts of the

COMMITTEES

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AND ECONOMY

COCIAL WALFART

r. Tolson.
hr. Parsons.
hr. Mr. Callahah.
Mr. Conrad.
Dim DeLoach.
Mr. Evans.
Mr. Malone.
Mr. Rosen.
Mr. Tayel.
Mr. Troiler.
Ling C. G. Hivan.
Tele. Roofn.
Mr. Ingram.
Miss Gandy.

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April 28, 1961

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation

(Continued)

Communist agents and dupes. Many people, however, must have been as shocked and dismayed as I was upon reading your statement, "Communist Turget -- Youth", which echoed substantially the same charge, even to calling the disturbance, "the most successful Communist coup to occur in the San Francisco area in 25 years."

The pamphlet, published and distributed by the HUAC, clearly implies that there was no legitimate reason for any non-Communist to oppose the Committee hearing. Many San Franciscans considered that a political judgement which was unfounded in fact and also outside the rightful scope of the supposedly non-political function of your office.

Assuming that you had all the facts at your disposal, I had no reason to think the misrepresentation in your statement was anything but deliberate. However, after re-reading the enclosed booklet (San Francisco and the Un-American Activities Committee" prepared by the Northern California Chapter, ADA) it occurs to me that you may have been misled. In this connection, I call your attento to the statement on page 10 to the effect that the FBI, in preparing the above-mentioned report, did not talk with any of the students involved in the incident. I ask that you read the whole report carefully, and some of the many other materials now available on the subject and then advise me whether you still endorse your earlier position. If, after such a reappraisal, you concede that much of the opposition to the hearings was legitimate and neither Communist inspired nor directed, I shall be very happy to make a public retraction of the statement that I made in La Jolla.

* AMERICANS FOR

JAO/mlm

Sincerely,

John A. O'Connell

62-106389-3 May 15, 1961

EX. 109

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Dear

REG-96

Your letter of May 7, 1961, has been received, and your interest in writing is appreciated.

In response to your request, our supply of the booklet you mentioned has been depleted. I am, however, forwarding several other reprints which you may wish to read.

Sincerely yours,

L Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover Director

Enclosures (5)

Communist Illusion and Democratic Reality

Expose of Soviet Espionage

An Analysis of the 17th National Convention of the CP, USA

4-17-61 Statement re Internal Security

Series from "Christianity Today"

NOTE: Bufiles reflect nothing to preclude this letter to correspóndent.

SAW:bew (3)

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Tolson Parsons Mohr Belmont Callahan

Conrad DeLoach Evans

Malone Rosen Tavel

Box 567, Kerrville, Texas 7 May, 1961

Hon. J. Edgar Hoover, Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Will you please send me a copy of the pamphlet: "Communist Target--Youth", together with other material on the menace of Communism, which is available for general distribution.'

Very sincerely,

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Schreiner, Institute, Kerrville, Texas P. O. Box 567

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EX 105

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Ord Experience

Box 567, Kerrville, Texas How. J. Edgar Hoover, Director Feleral Bureau of Investigation Washington, DiC. Leer Mr. Hoover: Will you please send The Tampblet Communist Jarget- youth", together with other malirial on the menace of Communicam, which is available for general distribution. Very fricerely b6 Schreiner, Institute, Kerrille, Lexas B.O. Box 569 CORRESPONDENCE It soll went

OF WHAT FORM NO. 10 UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Cállaban DeLoach Evans Mr. A. H. Belmont DATE: May 3, 1961 **FROM** W. C. Sullivan SUBJECT: JOHN A. O'CONNELL INFORTION CONCERNING CENTRAL RESEARCH MATTER By letter dated April 26, 1961, the captioned individual, a member of the California State Legislature (Democrat-San Francisco) advised that, in a special on April 21, 1961, he had accused the Director of lying because the Director allegedly attributed the riot at the hearings of the House Committee on Un-American Activities (HCUA) in San Francisco "solely to Communist inspired opposition to the Committee. O'Connell enclosed a copy of a tolegram he sent the Committee prior to the hearings urging that they be canceled and a pamphlet, "San Francisco and the Un-American Activities Committee," prepared by the Northern California Chapter, Americans for Democratic Action. This pamphlet charges that, in proparing *Communis. I reet--Youth," the Bureau's report on the riot, the FBI did not interview any of the condents involved (p. 10). O'Connell claims that, on the basis of this information he dow feels that the Director may have been "misled." He also suggests that, if the Director will concede that "much or the consistion to the hearings was legitimate and neither Communist inspired nor direct. . " he would gladly make a public retraction of his charge that 's the Director fied. Since "Communist Target--Youth" specifically points out (p. 4) that " there was "widespread opposition" to the hearings, it is obvious that O'Cornell's charge that the Director either lied or was "misled" is completed unfounded Bid he interiories any observed in its Bureau files disclose that O'Connell subscribed to "Daily People's World," west coast communist newspaper, in 1947 and to its week-end edition "People's World" in 1950. In December, 1958, he spoke at a meeting of the Independent Voters of California, a group composed of individuals who campaigned for the election of Holland Roberts, a mer ber of the Communist Party, to the position of State Superintent dent of Public Instruction! In November, 1960, he attended a meeting of the San Francisco Chapter of the National Lawyers' Guild. The film, "Operation Abolition," shows O'Connell speaking before a rally protesting the ECUA hearings but does not identify him. In January, 1961, he signed a petition urging the abolition of the HCUA. Places Sullivan to Belwent 5/5/61 005/ins Enclosures 126 MAY 19 1961 MAY 17 (1961 1 - 1 : Parsons r. Belmont 1 - Lir. D. C. Morrell 1 - Section tickler 1 - J. F. Condon

Memo Sullivan to Belmont Re: John A. O'Connell

O'Connell has been a member of the California State Legislature since 1954. During this period he has introduced bills which would prohibit wire tapping, eliminate the state loyalty oath, and abolish the death penaity. He has also sponsored a number of bills which would seriously hamper law enforcement in California and, in this connection, he has shown a lack of confidence in police agencies generally which almost borders on contempt. (San Francisco letter 4/28/61 re O'Connell)

RECOMMENDATION:

In view of O'Connell's background, it is not felt that his unfounded charges against the Director should be dignified with a reply. His letter is enclosed.

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62-106279-324 May 15, 1961 C.A. **b**6 b7C Dear Your letter dated May 9, 1961, has been received. Although I would like to be of service, our supply of the reprint you named has been depleted. and I am unable to grant your request. You may find the enclosed item of interest. Sincerely yours, J. Edgar Hoover John Edgar Hoover Director Lacloung 4-17-61 Internal Security Statement DCL:dmk (3)



May 9, 1961

Federal Bureau of Investigation 9th & Pennsylvania Washington, D. C.

Gentlemen:

Please send me a copy of Mr. Hoover's bulletin "Communist Target - Youth". Thank you.

Sincerely,	

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REC-9 62-10625 324

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May 112-1961. The logar Hoover We wish to think you from We wish to think you from the bottom of our hearts for the fee literature you sent us to be used the last part of. April at a Mussiciary Conference. These Masin aries were very greatful for this literature and for others as well from this band also has the apportunity to play some husband also has these meetings and as a result of this there will be 1/or 12 new study of this there will be 1/or 12 new study of this there will be 1/or 12 new study of this there will be 1/or 12 new study of this there will be 1/or 12 new study of this there will be 1/or 12 new study of this there will be 1/or 12 new study of this there will be 1/or 12 new study of this there will be 1/or 12 new study of this of perturbing to serve the south of the study when the protection of the process of service service again thank you. We next 161961		Peoria Selinois
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REC	¥ 62-100-17	-326	May 17, 1961	
<i>(·</i>	Dear	-		Ъ6 Ъ70
	Your lette	er of May 10, 1961,	has been received.	
	While I we to your request, I must a desire has been depleted to be of service.	advise that our supp	esistance with respect ply of the booklet you inderstand my inability	
		Sincerely yo	urs,	
		J. Edgar Ho	over	
		John Edgar i Director		May
	•		TEADING ROEN	13. Nd 00 1
Tolson Parsons Mohr Belmont Callahan Conrad DeLoach Evans Malone Rosen Tavel Trotter W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room Ingram Gandy M.	MAY 1 7 1961 CONNECTOR SAW:nss (3) TELETYPE UNIT 2 1961	ee ee	Herry Manual Man	歩 シ

May 10, 1961

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover Justice Department Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I would appreciate it very much if you could send One one, or if possible, a quantity, of your booklet Communist Target -- Youth".

I understand this covers pretty well the film "Operation Abolition" and I am in need of some documentation on this.

Thanking you for your courtesy, I am

Very	truly	yours	

b6 b7C

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8 ook 5-12-61

SUBJECT: 'COMMUNIST TARGET--YOUTH''
INFORMATION CONCERNING

Mr. Tolson asked why we did not send the captioned pamphlet to the San Francisco office to have it checked for accuracy prior to its publication.

By letter dated May 18, 1960, we instructed the San Francisco office to prepare a comprehensive analysis covering all phases of Communist Party planning, influence, and participation in the demonstrations at the House Committee on Un-American Activities hearings May 12-14, 1960. In addition, we instructed that the Bureau be kept promptly advised concerning all developments in the matter.

By airtel dated 5/19/60, San Francisco advised that it had immediately realized the significance and importance of the demonstrations and had, on May 13, 1960, immediately assigned all the personnel on the three security squads to obtaining all the information necessary to present a complete picture of events.

The San Francisco office submitted a comprehensive, 59-page report covering the demonstrations on May 31, 1960. It was a well-prepared, exhaustive analysis covering all aspects of the demonstrations and rioting.

Based on the San Francisco report, we proceeded to prepare the pamphlet "Communist Target--Youth," completely confident that the facts as submitted by the San Francisco office were accurate and could be relied upon. The pamphlet, as prepared, was a concise presentation of those facts, and it was not considered necessary to check further with San Francisco prior to its issuance.

RECOMMENDATION:

For the information of Mr. Tolson and the Director

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EX-176

EV.	May 12, 1961	
Ŕ	10-37 62-100-1-1-328 May 12, 1901	
		Ъ6 Ъ7C
	Dear	
	I have received your letter of May 3. The pamphlet to which you have referred, concerning the San Francisco riot in May, 1960, was based on information from the FBI's investigation of Communist Party activities, from eyewitnesses on the scene, and from official reports of local authorities involved.	
	"Communist TargetYouth" outlines the agitational tactics used by communists during the May, 1960, hearings to build the emotional pitch of the demonstrators to an explosive pointthe point-at which an effort was made to supplant the rule of law with mob action. These facts speak for themselves. Despite confusing	
12 miles	and contradicatory statements which have been made about the affair, the truth is that a riot occurred and lawful authority was flouted.	
1461.1.5 1961 000 1 5 1961	I am sure you will agree that it is necessary for our citizens to be informed about the use of such tactics by communists. Only with this knowledge can the people of this Nation defeat the continuing efforts of communists to achieve a breakdown of law and order in our society and, at the same time, cope with our Nation's problems in a calm, rational, and orderly manner.	!
5.1	Sincerely yours, U. Edgar Hoover	
Tolson Parsons Mohr Belmont Callahan Conrad DeLoach Evans Malone Rosen Tavel Trotter W.C. Sullivan Ingram Gaudy	NOTE: Bufiles reflect that Currier has appeared at numerous showing of the film, "Operation Abolition." and has taken the floor in his ender to discredit it. One Public Relations Department St. Paul Chamber of Commerce, reported that stated that "J. Hoover is wrong" if a student involved in the San Francis riot, is acquitted. JMM:hmm (3)	avors b6 nt, b70 Edgar

WESTMINSTER LA GER PARISH The United Pre United Pre Mr Tolson Churches Mr Pirsons Mr Pirsons Mr My hr Butter MOUNTAIN LAKE, MINNESOTA Moun Mr. Conrad. May 3, 1961 Mr. Delsach Mr. Evans Mr. Malone. Mr. Rosen. Mr. Tavel Mr. Tratte Mr. J. Edgar Hoover U. S. Department of Justice Mr. Ingram Federal Bureau of Investigation Miss Gandy_ Washington, D. C. Dear Mr. Hoover: As one who has been engaged in the controversy centering around the House Committee on Un-American Activities! film, "Operation Abolition", I have long been disturbed by the contradictions that exist in your report entitled, Communist Target -9 Youth "and the reports of many eye-witnesses." Ω Now in the development of the Trial it seems that another branch of our Judicial System has demonstrated conclusively that the statements in your report are false. is very disturbing to all of us. It forces us not only to question the integrity of yourself, whom we all sincerely admire and respect, but it also forces us to question the integrity of our entire Judicial System. These questions are of a deep concern to all Americans and, therefore, I turn to you for help. How can we explain a <u>fact</u> that the report, "Communist Target - Youth", contains misinformation about the beginning of the "riot"? Is this an error on the part of those who collected the information? Were you yourself falsely informed? Is anyone going to make a statement clarifying this? Please understand that I am only writing you these questions because I am profoundly disturbed and concerned. As the situation now stands, especially with the House Committee using your report as the basis of its new version of the film, it seems impossible to draw any other conclusion but that you and the film have been misled into using false information that has now been proven to be false in a court of law. I shall anxiously await your reply to this letter of concern and I hope that you will understand that it is out of a sincere concern that this letter has been written. Very sincerely yours. 62-1062 ACC;cgl **REC-37** a 2 13 61 PS MAY 18 196

MAY IS 4 46 PH '61

May 15, 1961

11/2/1 329

St. Luke's Lutheran Church 2721 East Florence Avenue Huntington Park, California

Dear

15

Your letter of May 4, 1961, has been received.

Cur report, "Communist Tanget-Youth," which concerned the San Francisco riot in May, 1960, was based on information from the FBI's investigation of Communist Party activities, from eyewitnesses on the scene, and from official reports of local authorities involved.

This report outlines the agitational tactics used by communists during the May, 1960, hearings to build the emotional pitch of the demonstrators to an explosive point—the point at which an effort was made to supplant the rule of law with mob action. These facts speak for themselves. Despite confusing and contradictory statements which have been made about the affair, the truth is that a riot occurred and lawful authority was flouted.

I am sure you will agree that it is necessary for our citizens to be informed about the use of such tactics by communists. Only with this knowledge can the people of this Nation defeat the continuing efforts of communists to achieve a breakdown of law and order in our society and, at the same time, cope with our Nation's problems in a calm, rational, and orderly manner.

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Malone Rosen	/ N	OTE: Bufiles c	ontain no info	rmation identif	fiable with corres	nondent
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ST. LUKE'S LUTHERAN CHURCH



"CHURCH - GOING FAMILIES ARE HAPPIER

2721 E. Florenco Avenue • Huntington Park, California

Telephone LUdlow 1-7354

4 May, 1961

The Hon. J. Edgar Hoover, Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Mashington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

according to the newspapers, a jury yesterday found not guilty the young man who was accused of violence in the riots at the HUAC hearings in Jan Francisco last May.

It would appear, then, that there are certain inaccuracies in your report of the incidents which was issued by the committee. Fore specifically, on page 8 of that remort you say: "Che of the demonstrators provided the spark that touched off the flame of violeme. Leaping a barricade that had been erected, he grabbed an officer's night stick and began beating the officer over the head."

The young man inquestion has now been found innocent of this accusation. But as long as your report is in circulation under congressional privilege the accusation will stand.

I believe that it would be in the highest american tradition of justice and fair play for you now to issue a revision of this report, taking into consideration the findings of the San Franlcisco jury.

> Yours very truly, REC- 37 62 - 111 289 - 329

Mr. Colu'an Mr. Con

Mr. Maine Mr. Recen

Miss Car

τ		STATES GOVERNE	ΥT	8	455	Tolson Parrons Mohr Belmont Callahan Conrad DeLoach
נ	ro :	Mr. DeLoach		DATE: May 15	, 1961 	Evans Malone Rosen Tavel Trotter W.C. Sullivan
146	FROM :	M. A. Jones	•		miA	Tele. Room
	_	REQUEST FOR R	EPRINTS			• 3d.
	ephonic: SA	ally contacted Bur	oon of May 12, 19 eau Headquarters Research Section	s at which time		b70
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6.M (3)	Mr. M R. eah		aformation.	DREI 96 6	2 - /06 289 25 MAY 18 1961	

May 18, 1961

2520 Peck Road Monrovia, California

Dear

The generous comments in your letter of May 10 are deeply appreciated and a source of great encouragement to me.

While I would like to be of service to you, unfortunately our supply of the pamphlet you desire has been depleted due to the heavy volume of requests for it. I am sorry this situation exists but I know you will understand.

Sincerely yours,

U. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover Director

NOTE: The last outgoing to the correspondent he was furnished 6,000 copies of "Comm him. request of 2-23-61.

JCF:cah Tolson Parsons Callahan Conrad . DeLoach Evans .

Trotter

MAIL ROOM TELLETYPE UNIT

Calvary Baptist Church

· Church Phone: EL liott 8-6293.



May 10, 1961

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover Director - F. B. I. 9th and Pennsylvania Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

May I take this opportunity to express again to you the sincere appreciation of a large group of sincere and dedicated Christian Americans for your booklet entitled Communist Target Youth." In my previous letter to you of February 23, 1961, I requested that you send to me 6,000 copies of this booklet to be given away in this area. I am very grateful to you that these were received in time for our week of emphasis in Monrovia, California, and they were gratefully received by many thousands of people.

I do hope it is not an imposition to request from your office that an additional ten thousand (10,000) copies of this booklet be sent to us for distribution at a number of rallies which will be held in the next several weeks. We would be very happy to make whatever financial investment necessary in order to secure this vital information as soon as possible. Your help to us in this way has greatly encouraged many hundreds of pastors in Southern California and the corresponding number of churches.

California and the corresponding number of churches, X 106 REC- 23

May I thank you again for your great kindness to us. I am more and more convinced that your faithful and consistent withess for truth and acceptance of responsibility has been of immeasure able help and blessing to this our great America. I feel that curiful deepest admiration for you and the work that you have done is perhaps best expressed in the heartfelt prayers of the people that stand with you in a cause for a free America.

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ait kiny Maramamanini

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH

"BUT GOD COMMENDETH HIS LOVE TOWARD US, IN THAT WHILE WE WERE YET SINNERS, CHRIST DIED FOR US." ROM. 5.8.

b6

Mp. J. E. Hoover of Investigation Washington, a. Dear Mr. Hoover, Thank you for your kind letter of May 1st 1961, and for the 50 copies each of the parphlet and poster you sent to me. Thank you also for your hard work and always watchful-eye af the head if your Bureau. You is appreciate your effords nderful work. REC. 2

$\it 1emorandum$

Mr. Mohr

5/13/61 DATE:

FROM

J. F. Malone

SUBJECT:

"COMMUNIST TARGET - YOUTH"

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES (HCUA)

LIBEL AND SLANDER

The information in the pamphlet entitled 'Communist Target - Youth' was prepared by the Bureau and furnished to the House Committee on Un-American Activities (HCUA). The information explains certain aspects of communist strategy and how this strategy was used against the HCUA in San Francisco in May, 1960. The information was submitted in the form of a report by Director John Edgar Hoover.

The HCUA published the referenced information in the form of a pamphlet. Now the Citizens Committee to Preserve American Freedoms (CCPAF) threatens to sue the Director 'in order to challenge him to retract the statements' made in the publication "Communist Target - Youth." Although the threatened suit has not yet reached the point of stating a specific cause of action, it is presumed that the basis will be libel.

The question at this stage is whether a suit for libel brought against the Director could successfully be maintained. It would be libel because the words were written rather than spoken. The Legal Research Desk concludes that a suit for libel cannot be successfully maintained against the Director for reasons shown below:

In Barr v. Matteo, 360 U.S. 564 (1959) decided 5/4 by the Supreme Court as presently constituted, the majority held that a Federal officer whose duty encompasses the sound exercise of discretionary authority is absolutely privileged (completely immune to suit for libel) in the making of any public statement within the range of his authority and discretion. This privilege is not confined to officers of Cabinet rank, it exists notwithstanding claims that the confined to officers of Cabinet rank, it exists notwithstanding claims that the officer acted with malice, and the fact that the statement made by the Government officer was not required by the law or by direction of his superiors is not controlling. This is a Federal policy, and is not affected by the libel laws of the states or the District of Columbia. The reason for the policy is that the public business could not be fearlessly and courageously conducted were Federal officers vested with discretionary authority to be subject to harrassment by libel suits for statements made within the compass of their workREC-95 62-106289 25 MAY 19 1961

1 - Mr. Parsons

Ĭ COLY FILED IN /O \cup Memorandum to Mr. Mohr Re: "COMMUNIST TARGET - YOUTH"

The Barr case came up when Barr, Acting Director of the Office of Rent Stabilization, issued a press release sharply critical of certain official actions taken by two subordinate officials, which actions had become a controversial matter in Congress and in the press. In the press release Barr disavowed the action taken by these subordinates and said they would suspended, which they were. The suspended officials brought suit for libel. The Supreme Court held that Barr's press release was absolutely privileged.

Three dissenting Judges (Warren, Douglas and Brennan) held that Barr should be given only a qualified privilege in which case he would be immune to suit for libel unless it appeared that his statement was (a) defamatory, (b) untrue and (c) malicious. Justice Stewart dissented on the ground that issuance of the press release was beyond the scope of Barr's authority.

The Supreme Court took the same position in Howard v. Lyons 360 U.S. 593 (1959) decided the same day by 6/3 vote rather than 5/4. Howard, a Navy Captain and Commander of the Boston Naval Shipyard, sent to his superior officers and to the Massachusetts Representatives and Senators in Congress, a memorandum alleging that two employees were, in effect, guilty of "overt subversion" of morale and discipline in the Shipyard. One employee was named (Lyons) and the other identified by description. The majority of 6 Justices said "Our decision in Barr v. Matteo covers this case" and held Howard to be absolutely privileged against a suit for defamation brought by the two employees. Howard's defense included an affidavit of his Commanding Officer and a Memorandum of Instructions issued by the Secretary of the Navy to the effect that Howard was under a duty to advise Congress because "members of Congress are very anxious to keep in touch with what is going on in their respective states and districts. Navy agencies should keep them advised, if possible in advance, of any new actions or curtailment of actions which may affect them."

Justices Warren, Douglas and Brennan dissented, holding that Howard should have had a qualified privilege only.

The two cases cited above are still the ranking authority on the point.

RECOMMENDATION:

None...informative.

SEE ADDENDUM, PAGE THREE

Memorandum to Mr. Mohr RE: "COMMUNIST TARGET - YOUTH"

ADDENDUM

DJD:ap 5/13/61

The fact that a pamphlet was published by the HCUA would not alone exempt the Director from liability in a case where he acted entirely outside the scope of his authority as by making a libelous statement concerning a matter which the Bureau had no power to deal with in any form.

The legal authority in the Director's favor in the two cases cited above does not preclude the possibility that someone will go through the mechanics of filing a suit in the California State Courts. In such case, however, the next action would be a move by the U. S. Attorney to transfer the case to the Federal Court in California on the grounds of diversity of citizenship - the plaintiff living in California and the Director in the District of Columbia - and in the Federal Court the action would fail on the authority cited above.

- 3 -

REC-65 62-106-287-334

REC-65 62-106-287-334

REC-65 62-106-287-334

Your letter and enclosure postmarked May 3, 1961, have been received.

Dear

DCL:baw (3)

Although I would like to be of service, our supply of the pamphlet you named has been depleted. You may find the enclosed material of interest.

With regard to the clipping you forwarded, I would like to emphasize the fact that the communists have tried to infiltrate every part of our society, and our churches have been and will continue to be important targets in the over-all subversive program of endeavoring to control all mass-type organizations. The communists' efforts to destroy our form of government have been thwarted by our internal security programs; the investigation, arrest and prosecution of a number of Communist Party functionaries; and the rising tide of public opposition to the communist movement.

We must remain alert to any attempts to replace our national tradition with the atheistic philosophy of communism, and I am including in the material forwarded reprints which further express my views along this line.

Tolson Parsons Belmont Callahan Conrad DeLoach Evans Malone Rosen Tavel	Sing J	e Cilia	Sincerely yours, L Edgar Hogyer John Edgar Hoover Oirector	Trac
Trotter	Sinclosures (5)	our sale	ext page)	
	(SEE NOTE nex	t page) 🧼	•	

Enclosures (5)

God and Country or Communism?
Communist Illusion and Democratic Reality
What You Can Do To Fight Communism
Series from "Christianity Today"
4-17-61 statement re internal security

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles on the basis of information furnished.

TRUE COPY

April 26, 1960

Dear Sir:

Please send me a few copies of "Communist

Target Youth." pamphlet

Thanking you

Wondering how true this clipping is?

RETURN ADDRESS ON ENVELOPE:

REG- 65 62-106289

9 MAY 19 1961

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b7C

april 26, 1960 Dear Six; Copies of "Communist Large Youth." pamphlet Thanking you Tronsering how time

b6 b7С

YOUR CHURCH

Church Council Wins Freedom Group Prize

By WATFORD REED Journal Church Editor

The National Council of Churches has been awarded the George Washington honor medal award of the Freedoms Foundation for "pointing up the differences between Christianity and communism and the unique values of the American way of life."

The award was bestowed on the council and the American Broadcasting Co. for a series of radio programs called "Christianity and Communism."

The FBI, meanwhile, has begun a campaign to counteract claims from the extreme right that some ministers are communist sympathizers.

United Press International reports that FBI Director, J. Edgar Hoover is "deeply concerned about the danger that self-appointed 'vigilantes' may, in the name of anti-communism, play into the Communists' hands."

UPI explains that Hoover has sent Chief Inspector Will liam C. Sullivan of the FBI to many parts of the country to make speeches warning Americans not to be taken in by charges that churches have been infiltrated by Reds.

Sullivan says:

"These allegations have created the impression among many Americans that the Protestant denominations in particular have been subjected to alarming infiltration and in-

"This is a patent falsehood. The Communist party has not achieved any substantial success in exerting domination. control or influence over America's clergymen or religious institutions."

An FBI official told UPI:

"The most interesting reaction has been from the Communists. They are upset by Sullivan's remarks.

"They love to have wild charges of Communist domination hurled against America's churches. They know that such charges cause consternation, dissension, doubt and fear among church members. And they figure that anyone who succeeds in demoralizing America's churches is aiding their cause."

Louis Cassels, UPI religion editor, adds:

"There is evidence that the Communists like it when charges are made that they have infiltrated the churches

"The Communists know that in the present climate of

American feeling, there is no surer way or discreding the leadership of churches and sowing confusion and discord 62-106289-334 that a substantial number of Christian clergymen are secret supporters of the communist conspiracy."

7) UPI KOS VAŅ ADVANCE FOR STRIDAY, APRIL 28
RELIGION IN AMERICA
BY LOUIS CASSELS UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL CHRISTIANITY AND COMMUNISM STAND IN THE SAME RELATIONSHIP AS YES AND NO, WHITE AND BLACK, THE NORTH POLE AND THE SOUTH POLE. THEY ARE CATEGORICAL OPPOSITES. THEY ARE CATEGORICAL OPPOSITES.

CHRISTIANITY AFFIRMS THE SOVEREIGNTY OF GOD AND ASCRIBES INFINITE CHRISTIANITY AFFIRMS THE SOVEREIGNTY OF GOD AND VALUES THE INDIVIDUAL COMMUNISM DENIES THE EXISTENCE OF GOD, AND VALUES THE INDIVIDUAL ONLY AS AN INSTRUMENT AND SERVANT OF THE STATE.

NO PATIONAL PERSON CAN BE A SINCERE CHRISTIAN AND A SINCERE COMMUNIST AT THE SAME TIME.

COMMUNISTS KNOW THIS. THAT IS WHY THEY PERSECUTE CHRISTIAN CHURCHES—SOMETIMES OPENLY, SOMETIMES SUBTLY—IN EVERY COUNTRY IN WHICH THEY HAVE GAINED POWER, FROM RUSSIA TO CUBA.

IN FREE NATIONS LIKE AMERICA, COMMUNISTS CANNOT SUPPRESS IN FREE NATIONS LIKE AMERICA, COMMUNISTS CANNOT SUPPRESS THE CHURCHES BUT MUST THINK OF OTHER TACTICS.

COMMUNISTS UNDOUBTEDLY HAVE TRIED IN THE PAST TO INFILTRATE THE CHURCHES BY HAVING DISGUISED COMMUNISTS WORK THEIR WAY UP TO POSITIONS OF LEADERSHIP, PARTICULARLY IN THE RANKS OF THE CLERGY. CHURCHES BY HAVING DISGUISED COMMUNISTS WORK THEIR WAY UP TO POSITION OF LEADERSHIP, PARTICULARLY IN THE RANKS OF THE CLERGY.

THEY HAVE LEARNED THAT THIS IS EASIER SAID THAN DONE. AS A PRACTICAL MATTER, IT IS ENORMOUSLY DIFFICULT FOR A COMMUNIST TO POSE CONVINCINGLY AS A DEDICATED CHRISTIAN EVEN FOR THE SPACE OF ONE CONVERSATION, LET ALONE THROUGH THE LONG YEARS OF SEMINARY STUDY AND PULPIT SERVICE WHICH ARE REQUIRED OF ANY MAN WHO BECOMES AN INFLUENTIAL LEADER IN U.S. CHURCH LIFE.

BUT ALTHOUGH THEY HAVE FAILED TO INFILTRATE THE CHURCHES IN BUT ALTHOUGH THEY HAVE FAILED TO INFILTRATE THE CHURCHES IN WHEN CHANGES ARE MADE THAT THEY ACTUALLY HAVE DONE SO.

THE COMMUNISTS KNOW THAT IN THE PRESENT CLIMATE OF AMERICAN THE COMMUNISTS KNOW THAT IN THE PRESENT CLIMATE OF AMERICAN FEELING, THERE IS NO SURER WAY OF DISCREDITING THE LEADERSHIP OF CHURCHES AND OF SOWING CONFUSION AND DISCORD AMONG THEIR LAY MEMBERS THAN FOR THE SUSPICION TO BE NOURISHED THAT A SUBSTANTIAL NUMBER OF CHRISTIAN CLERGYMEN ARE SECRET SUPPORTERS OF THE COMMUNIST NUMBER OF CHRISTIAN CLERGYMEN ARE SECRET SUPPORTERS OF THE COMMUNIST COMSPIRACY. YOU MAY THINK ALL OF THIS IS FAR-FETCHED. BUT THE FEDERAL BUREAU CONSPIRACY OF INVESTIGATION DOES NOT.

FBI DIRECTOR J. EDGAR HOOVER, IS DEEPLY CONCERNED ABOUT THE DANGER THAT SELF-APPOINTED "VIGILANTES" MAY, IN THE NAME OF ANTI-COMMUNISM, PLAY INTO THE COMMUNISTS' HANDS.

DURING THE PAST FEW WEEKS, HOOVER HAS SENT FBI CHIEF INSPECTOR WILLIAM C. SULLIVAN TO DELIVER SPEECHES IN MANY PARTS OF THE NATION, WARNING AMERICANS NOT TO BE TAKEN IN BY CHARGES THAT THEIR CHURCHES ARE OVERRUN WITH REDS. INVESTIGATION DOES "THESE ALLEGATIONS HAVE SERVED TO CREATE THE IMPRESSION AMONG
"THESE ALLEGATIONS HAVE SERVED TO CREATE THE IMPRESSION AMONG
MANY AMERICANS THAT THE PROTESTANT DENOMINATIONS IN PARTICULAR HAVE
EEEN SUBJECTED TO ALARMING INFILTRATION AND INFLUENCE, "SULLIVAN SAYS.
"BUT THIS IS A PATENT FALSEHOOD." THE TRUTH OF THE MATTER IS THAT
"BUT THIS IS A PATENT FALSEHOOD." THE TRUTH OF THE MATTER IS THAT
THE COMMUNIST PARTY HAS NOT ACHIEVED ANY SUBSTANTIAL SUCCESS
IN EXERTING DOMINATION, CONTROL OR INFLUENCE OVER AMERICA'S CLERGYMEN

IN EXERTING DOMINATION, CONTROL OR INFLUENCE OVER AMERICA'S CLERGYMEN OR RELIGIOUS INSTITUTIONS ON A NATIONAL SCALE."

SULLIVAN IS NOT MAKING THIS STATEMENT ON HIS OWN AUTHORITY.

HE IS SPEAKING WITH THE FULL APPROVAL AND PERSONAL BACKING OF HOOVER.

AND THE FBI DIRECTOR HAS SO INFORMED A NUMBER OF AMATEUR COMMUNIST.

HUNTERS, WHO WROTE TO HIM PROTESTING SULLIVAN'S SPEECHES.

"THE MOST INTERESTING REACTION," AN FBI OFFICIAL TOLD UNITED

PRESS INTERNATIONAL, "HAS BEEN FROMTHE COMMUNISTS. THEY ARE VERY

"THE MOST INTERESTING REACTION," AN FBI OFFICIAL TOLD UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL, "HAS BEEN FROMTHE COMMUNISTS. THEY ARE VERY UPSET BY SULLIVAN'S REMARKS.

"THEY LOVE TO HAVE WILD CHARGES OF COMMUNIST THEY KNOW THAT SUCH DOMINATION HURLED AGAINST AMERICA'S CHURCHES. THEY KNOW THAT SUCH CHARGES CAUSE CONSTERNATION, DISSENSION, DOUBT AND FEAR AMONG CHARGES CAUSE CONSTERNATION, DISSENSION, DOUBT AND FEAR AMONG CHURCH MEMBERS. AND THEY FIGURE THAT ANYONE WHO SUCCEEDS IN DEMORALIZING AMERICA'S CHURCHES IS AIDING THEIR: CAUSE."

ABOVE ADVANCE FOR PM'S FRIDAY, APRIL 28. 4/25--DP758AES.

lemorandum

Mr. D. J. Parsons

DATE: ; 5-2-61

Mr. A. H. Belmon

SUBJECT:

ANALYSIS OF CRITICISM OF "COMMUNIST TARGET -- YOUTH"

In the absence of SAC Averbach, (who is in attending National Academy Sessions) I called ASAC Reet, (San Francisco, on the afternoon of May 2, relative to the statement on page 8 of our pamphlet, "Communist Target -- Youth," which is to the effect that "One of the demonstrators provided the spark that touched off the flame of violence. Leaping a barricade that had been erected, he grabbed an officer's night stick and began beating the officer over the head. The mob surged forward, as if to storm the doors, and a Police Inspector ordered the fire hose turned on."

I told Mr. Peet that this information was drawn by the Bureau from the 5-31-60 report of the San Francisco Office, wherein it states: "The mob became noisier and one of them hurtled the barricade, knocked down a police officer, took his night stick, and started beating the police officer over the head. The officer tackled him and with the aid of other officers subdued him. began surging forward, as if to storm the doors to the committee room, and a Police Inspector ordered the fire hoses turned on."

I told Mr. Peet that, in view of the conflicting testimony at the trial, the Bureau will be questioned as to the accuracy of our pamphlet. Therefore, we want to know whether we can stand back of the pamphlet or not. Bearing this in mind, we want from San Francisco a factual explanation, in chronological order, as to what we were told by the police, and as to the testimony in the Meisenbach trial, in order that a conclusion can be reached as to whether the statement we made was accurate -- first, as to whether did grab the night stick of the police officer and start beating him over the head with it, and 2nd, whether the fire hose was turned on before or after the physical contact by the police officer

I told Peet that we wanted to know what information was reported by the police and when, both orally and in writing, and we would like to have this material (which I called for earlier in the day from him) put on a plane and flown to Washington, so that we can get it as quickly as possibl

AHB: CSH/klh

1 - Mr. Parsons MAY 20 1961 1 - Mr. Belmo-1 - Mr. Baumgardner

- Mr. Brennan

1 - Mr. Sulliva

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Memorandum A. H. Belmont to Mr. D. J. Parsons Re: Analysis of Criticism of "Communist Target--Youth"

I advised <u>Peet. further</u>, that we want to know what the testimony was at the trial, and in what way supported the police report and in what way he refuted it; further, we want to know the same as to the various witnesses who appeared at the trial, and any other evidence introduced that has a bearing on this matter.

I told Peet that we also wanted SAC Auerbach's recommendations as to how we should answer questions raised by the public concerning the alleged discrepancy between our pamphlet and the testimony, as adduced at the trial. I told him we are going to be faced with this very real problem and we want his recommendations as to how to handle them.

I also told Peet that one of the key points in this, aside from the ______ incident, can well be whether it will be claimed that the police started the riot and violence, by turning the hoses on unnecessarily, and therefore any information or testimony reflecting that there was a riot or violence prior to the turning on of the hoses should be furnished the Bureau in a factual manner, so that we can use it, if necessary.

I told Peet that it is imperative we get the answers to these questions at once; that, in addition to sending the police reports to us by plane, we want this information requested by teletype, to be followed immediately by further details via airtel.

In response to my question as to why Inspector the police department did not testify in the ASAC Peet stated that the defense and the prosecution stipulated that if the reports of Inspector and Inspector ____ were admitted they would not testify. Consequently, their reports which were the official police reports were submitted into evidence and statement that attacked him. back up Peet said that these reports together with additional police reports a secret report from Inspector from Officer Chief Cahill and the probation officer's report showing his discussion with the reporting officers will be sent to the Bureau by plane tonight if possible. He said these reports back up the information in the Bureau pamphlet. ASAC Peet said that he did not feel that our Agents should request the official transcript of the trial--first, because it is not completed and 2nd, because the verdict has not been returned. I told him to get the transcript as soon as possible when it became available so that we would know exactly what the witnesses said and we will not have to rely on the police reports.

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Memorandum A. H. Belmont to Mr. D. J. Parsons Re: Analysis of Criticism of "Communist Target--Youth"

SAC Auerbach called me and I advised him of the information we desired. He stated he would return immediately to San Francisco and take personal charge in preparing the information desired by the Bureau.

ACTION:

We are going over the information we have received from San Francisco in the past and preparing a memorandum which will include the information being submitted by San Francisco by teletype tonight as well as the results of our review of the official police reports being sent in tonight by San Francisco.

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 UNITED STATES GOVERNM lemorandum DeLoach Malone DATE: May 8, 1961 : DIRECTOR : CLYDE TOLSON SUBJECT: don's 11/60 I think that the Domestic Intelligence Division should prepare at this time an accurate, up-to-date memorandum with particular reference to the controversial paragraph in the pamphlet Communist Target - Youth, " showing the information which Inspector Pharris initially furnished orally to a Special Agent; as to what the police records showed in a subsequent check of the records as compared to the testimony of police officers in the trial concerning and the time element as to when the fire the activities of hoses were turned on. I notice in the last paragraph of Mr. Sulkivan's memorandum of May first analyzing the criticisms of this pamphlet that it is stated that criticism will continue concerning this matter "despite the fact that as the person responsible." the Director's report does not identify I do not understand this phraseology as it has been my understanding throughout in the controversial paragraph that we were definitely referring to on page 8 of the pamphlet. 1 - Mr. Parsons 45 MAY 19 1961 1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. DeLoach 1 - Mr. Sullivan CT:DSS 62 MAY 24 196

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TO : MR. PARSONS	DAIE.	4,20,01		Trotter
			Parsons .	File-H (a)
from: A. H. Belmont			Belmont	Gandy
		-	Mohr DeLoach	,
SUBJECT:			Baumgardne	e r b6
INFORMATION CONCERNING		Mr.	Sullivan	b7C ∶
/// Internal Security - C		Mr.	Brennan	1
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in enclosed clippings, testimony at th	e trial h	ias been (conflicting	g and
contradictory. The newspapers are pla	ying up t	the angle	that the	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
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Department Inspector con	cerning t	ne manne	r in which	rector's
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Office obtained the information regard The difference was that Pharris named	ing the C	outbreak ch in his	official	~ \ \ \
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did not include investigation of the I	ciots as	such, but	a report	On 1.
communist activities in connection wit	th them, '	we necess	arily nad	to E
rely on the police report to obtain a	complete	picture.	***	3
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Committee nor as an indictment of the	e vouth v	ictimized	i and duped	l by
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on the face of it, an illustration of	communis	t Strateg	gy and tact	
in the rioting that occurred, and was about the dangerous nature of communis	st infilt	ration ar	d agitation	n. /
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Mr. Parsons

In line with the publicity the trial is receiving and the conflicting testimony on what ______ did and when the fire hoses were turned on, we can expect new criticisms directed at "Communist Target-Youth." What lesson can we learn from this? Obviously, we cannot rely on the accuracy of police reports; therefore, if we use such information we must attribute it to the police.

All of the information we reported concerning communist activities, which constitutes the bulk of the report, was based on our own investigations and is absolutely correct and well-documented.

Our position has been and should continue to be that the San Francisco riots represented a classical example of communist infiltration and agitation tactics; that our report was intended to expose such tactics, and that this is just what it does.

In accordance with the Director's request, a detailed analysis is being made of all criticisms which have been made of "Communist Target--Youth," and a separate memorandum will be submitted on this. This is being given expeditious attention.

We are following the trial in San Francisco closely and will keep you advised.

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 UNITED STATES GOV 1emorandum

DATE: May 1, 1961

Mohr. Belmont Callahan Conrad DeLoach

Evans

Ingram

Malone

Rosen Trotter W.C. Sullivan Tele, Room

Mr. A.H. Belmont

FROM

W.C. Sullivan

SUBJECT:

ANALYSIS OF CRITICISMS OF

"COMMUNIST TARGET--YOUTH"

Synopsis

An analysis has been made of the critical attacks which have been directed at "Communist Target--Youth" since the report was issued in July, 1960. The analysis shows that:

- 1. The majority of critical attacks emanated from 21 individuals, organizations, or publications, and the majority of these fall in the category of communists, fellow travelers, dupes, and avowed enemies of the Bureau;
- 2. The majority of criticisms have been general in nature, featuring the charge of "distortion," but not supported by facts:
- 3. The specific allegations of inaccuracies are contradicted by the facts concerning the riots as originally reported by the San Francisco office--in other words, the report as prepared by the Bureau is a true representation of the facts as originally reported by San Francisco;
- 4. The facts as originally reported by the San Francisco office were based for the most part on our own investigations and ENCL(reports from Communist Party informants. But to fill in the complete picture, it was also necessary to rely on some additional sources, such as police reports; REC. 9
- 5. The current trial of the student charged with assaulting the police officer and triggering the riots has produced conflicting 19 19 19 19 and contradictory testimony which is being widely publicized in San Francisco newspapers as refuting the police report version of how the riots started, as well as refuting that portion of "Communist Target--Youth" based on the police report;

1 - Mr. Parsons

1 - Mr. DeLoach

1 - Mr. Baumgardner 1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - W.C. Sullivan

1 - Mr. Mohr CDB:lgh/meh/lms/baj/ims

1 - Section tickler 1 - C.D. Brennan

Memo Sullivan to Belmont

Re: Analysis of Criticisms of "Communist Target--Youth"

6. Regardless of the outcome of the trial of the student charged with assaulting the officer, the conflicting and contradictory testimony introduced at the trial will provide our avowed enemies with material to renew critical attacks against "Communist Target--Youth."

"Communist Target--Youth," on page 8, states: (taken from San Francisco report of 5/31/60--see page 15 of this memorandum. San Francisco got this from Inspector San Francisco Police.)

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"With the tension growing, the inevitable happened. Violence flared that afternoon. One of the judges in the municipal courtroom in City Hall ordered the mob dispersed because the noise made it impossible for him to hold court. When an attempt was made to carry out the order, the crowd responded by throwing shoes and jostling the officers. An officer warned that fire hoses would have to be used if the crowd did not disperse, but the crowd, instigated by Communists who had maneuvered themselves into strategic positions, became more unruly. One of the demonstrators provided the spark that touched off the flame of violence. Leaping a barricade that had been erected, he grabbed an officer's night stick and began beating the officer over the head. surged forward as if to storm the doors, and a Police Inspector ordered the fire hoses turned on. water forced the crowd to the head of the balustrade, and the cold water had a sobering effect on the emotions of the demonstrators."

	defense produced a photograph
	t a pillar, with the hoses
already on, thus refuting th	e claim that he had attacked
	es being turned on. There was
	"leaped the barricade."
The officer says	attacked him;
	officer. The other witnesses
tell conflicting stories.	

Memo Sullivan to Belmont

Re: Analysis of Criticisms of "Communist Target---Youth"

7. Such attacks should not obscure the fact that "Communist Target--Youth" is a precise presentation of information obtained from sources who had furnished reliable information in the past and whom we had no reason to doubt. Our report was prepared neither to defend the House Committee on Un-American Activities, nor to indict the youth victimized by communists at the demonstrations. It was prepared--as it clearly states on the face of it-to illustrate the communist strategy and tactics in the rioting which occurred--and was meant to serve as a warning to all Americans about the danger of communist infiltration and agitation. As such, the report speaks for itself.

OBSERVATIONS:

We should not go on the defensive and back away from "Communist Target--Youth." The facts are that there was a disgraceful riot in San Francisco, during which students and other spectators flaunted established authority--in the person of the Judge who ordered them to disperse, in the person of the House Committee on Un-American Activities, which was carrying out a legal function, and in the person of the police who sought to carry out the Judge's orders. The Communist Party did aid and abet in this flaunting of authority and was responsible not only for a build-up of the demonstrations in advance, but for inflammatory tactics during the hearing.

This was a classic application of communist tactics; "Communist Target--Youth" has carried this message successfully to the people across the country; and it is essential that this picture remain firmly established. The Director has performed a great service to the public by laying out the picture of communist tactics applied by the Communist Party in the San Francisco riots.

From the highly conflicting testimony in the current trial in San Francisco, it is not possible to paint an accurate picture of the exact sequence of events concerning the clash between the police and the mob. In any scene of mob action you will get as many different stories as there are witnesses. It is our opinion that the pamphlet "Communist Target--Youth" should stand as is; to do otherwise would be bowing to the attack which

Memo Sullivan to Belmont

Re: Analysis of Criticisms of "Communist Target--Youth"

the communists and their sympathizers have launched against constituted authority, as evidenced by the incident itself and the constant criticism ever since.

Of the criticism we have received concerning this pamphlet,
we can refute all except the current issue raised in the
trial. Our report says that a demonstrator leaped the barricade,
grabbed an officer's night stick, and hit him over the head, and
then the fire hoses were turned on. The testimony at the trial
indicates that the hoses were turned on before the altercation
between and the officer. We based our report on an oral
report from Inspector of the San Francisco Police
Department. (We later secured copies of the written police reports,
which back up the oral report. San Francisco is sending them in to
the Bureau today.)

Any foothold our critics can get to attack this pamphlet is bad, because it provides a possible basis to criticize the entire pamphlet.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 1. Outside the Bureau, we should stand fast on the pamphlet "Communist Target--Youth."
- 2. We should prepare a statement which can be used by the Bureau in answering any inquiries or criticisms arising from the trial. We will prepare this.

3. Inside the Bureau, we should check further on this. We are securing explanations from San Francisco, and will submit a further memorandum as to responsibility, both in the field and at the seat of government.

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<u>DETAILS</u>

An analysis has been made of the nature of criticisms directed at the Director's statement "Communist Target--Youth" since the report was issued in July, 1960.

I Scope of Review

Research for this analysis included checks of the following sources:

- 1. Every reference to "Communist Target--Youth" indexed in Bureau files
- 2. Every reference to the film "Operation Abolition" indexed in Bureau files
- 3. Every issue of the following consistently critical publications between the period July, 1960, to present:
 - (1) The Worker
 - (2) People's World
 - (3) The National Guardian
 - (4) New Horizons for Youth
 - (5) The New Republic
 - (6) The New York Post
 - (7) The Militant
 - (8) The Progressive
 - (9) The Washington Post and Times Herald
 - (10) I. F. Stone's Weekly
 - (11) The Nation
 - (12) The Reporter

(13) Political Affairs

(14) Mainstream

Documentation and characterization of the pertinent publications is set forth in Section ${\bf H}$.

- 4. Case files on communist front and other organizations—such as the Bay Area Students Committee for the Abolition of the House Committee on Un-American Activities, Citizens Committee to Preserve American Freedoms, American Civil Liberties Union, et cetera—which might be expected to criticize the Director's report.
- 5. Case files or references on individuals who have criticized the Director's report.

The basis on which the research was conducted was to isolate the nature of the criticisms made into general and specific categories. To be valid in the specific sense, the criticism had to be based on an alleged misstatement of fact appearing in the report. Otherwise, of course, we would be departing from the facts on which the report was based and dealing with many senseless arguments about what might have been or with allegations not pertinent to the factual presentation of the report.

In this sense, it quickly became apparent that the most frequent reference to "Communist Target--Youth" was made in passing by the many critics of the film "Operation Abolition." The film has created a storm of controversy around the country, and many have incorrectly linked the Director's report to the film. We have received countless inquiries about the film, and many who have attacked it have attacked the Director's report on the assumption that it constitutes an endorsement of it.

Because of the vast number of direct attacks on the film, some of which are accompanied by indirect attacks on the Director's report, the impression is gained that there has been widespread criticism of the report. Actually, considering the thousands of copies of the report which have been distributed and the highly controversial nature of the subject matter, the amount of specific criticism of the report is very small. The majority of the criticism is general in nature and comes from those who might have been expected to attack the Bureau on any subject.

In fact, the source of the criticisms made stands out as the most pertinent factor in the analysis.

II. Attacks by

Individuals, Organizations, and Publications

Bureau files have been checked concerning the individuals, organizations, and publications responsible for charges that there are inaccuracies in the Director's statement, "Communist Target--Youth." The results of the check clearly show that communist influence has been the major factor motivating the individuals, organizations, and publications concerned.

Some of the following individuals, organizations, and publications have made specific charges of inaccuracies. Some have made their attacks general in nature. Some have made repeated charges. Others have made them only once. The specific charges and the facts concerning them will be dealt with in another section.

The pertinent factor involved here is the background of the individuals, organizations, and publications involved in the attacks. In short, it bears out the observation, so often made, that it is necessary to consider the source.

1. Individuals

(1) Brown, Archie

Member of the district committee of the Communist Party's northern California district organization.

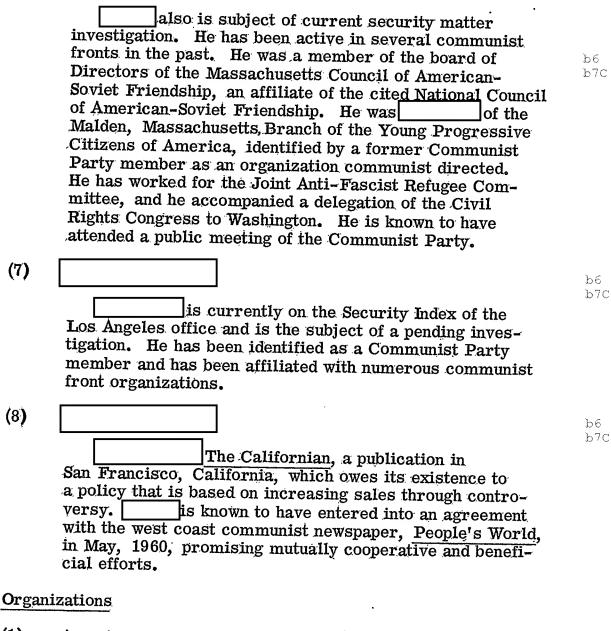
(2) Lima, Albert J.

Chairman of the Communist Party's northern California district organization.

First Methodist Church, Fresno, California, Subject of a Bureau investigation in 1952 under the

fornia. Subject of a Bureau investigation in 1952 under the Selective Service Act of 1948. Investigation requested by the United States Attorney, San Francisco, to determine whether had counseled, aided, or abetted men within

	draft age to evade registration or service in the Armed Forces. Case closed on opinion from United States Attorney General that facts were insufficient to warrant prosecution. Investigation revealed is devout pacifist who had visited Communist Party headquarters in San Francisco asking for Party policies on peace. When interviewed, openly stated he had taught and would continue to teach persons to be conscientious objectors. In 1955, was reported to have stated at a meeting of young people in his church that they should not fight if "commies came to this country." Bureau files also show has consistently attempted to draw attention to himself by provoking controversy with the Bureau. In respect to these efforts, the Director has noted that he is a fanatic.	Ъ6 Ъ7с
(4)		b6 b7C
•	The University of California undergraduate and Communist Party member who attended the Party's 17th national convention in December, 1959, as an official delegate from northern California.	٠
(5)		b6 b7c
	Thought, and author of critical article, is possibly identical with individual whose name appeared	<i>370</i>
	on membership list of the Central Organization of the German-American National Alliance in 1940. The organization was cited under Executive Order 9835 as a Fascist Organization.	4
(6)		b6 b7C
	Graduate student at University of California and the Bay Area Student Committee for Abolition of the HCUA, which organization is under current investigation to determine if communist-infiltrated.	υ/C



(1) Americans for Democratic Action (ADA)

2.

Not a communist front organization, but a consistent critic of the Bureau. The Northern California Chapter of ADA took issue with the Director's report in general terms, but had no specific charges of inaccuracies.

(2) American Friends Service Committee (AFSC)

A pacifist organization whose policies frequently parallel the Communist Party line and whose activities have been joined through the years with at least six organizations cited by the Attorney General as communist fronts.

(3) National Student Association (NSA)

An organization composed of representatives of 370 colleges and universities. Investigation has disclosed no evidence of successful communist infiltration but policies of NSA have often paralleled Communist Party line on such points as opposition to dismissal of teachers because of communist membership, opposition to signing of loyalty oaths, and opposition to Attorney General's list of subversive organizations. Also approves teachers invoking Fifth Amendment when questioned concerning communist affiliations.

(4) Student League Allowed to Exist (SLATE)

University of California student group described as a haven for social misfits, philosophical rejects and beatniks. The organization was in the forefront in providing demonstrators for the San Francisco demonstrations in May, 1960, which culminated in the riots.

(5) Student Civil Liberties Union (SCLU)

Another student group at University of California, SCLU claims affiliation with American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU). Both SCLU and ACLU are openly critical of Bureau.

3. Publications

(1) The National Guardian

Cited as a publication which 'has manifested itself from the beginning as a virtual official propaganda arm of Soviet Russia.''

(2) New Horizons for Youth

New publication first issued October, 1960, under the sponsorship and direction of Communist Party officials. Paper masquerades as independent publication for "progressive" youth, Communist Party's national committee member and national youth director.

(3) The New Republic

Self-described as an "outstanding liberal magazine belonging to no party;" this publication has been on the Bureau's do-not-contact list since 1950, because former editor accused FBI agents of asking individuals whether they read The New Republic.

(4) The New York Post

Well-known as enemy and critic of Bureau, this newspaper was in the forefront of those who waged a smear campaign against the Bureau.

(5) People's World

West coast communist publication.

(6) The Progressive

Monthly publication regarded as a liberal and socialist-

(7) The Worker

East coast communist publication.

(8) The Militant

Weekly publication of the militant, Trotskyite organization, the Socialist Worker's Party, which has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

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III. Nature of Attacks

1. General

A close analysis of all the charges of inaccuracies in "Communist Target--Youth" reveals that the majority of them are general, or nonspecific in nature.

The explanation for the fact that most of the charges are nonspecific is closely related to the nature of the sources from which they emanate. They come from consistent critics of the Bureau, enemies who take every opportunity to attack the Bureau.

immediately after publication of the pampinet, both
Mickey Lima, west coast communists actively involved in the riots or the staging of
them, set the stage for the general type of attack that was to be made against the
pamphlet. Both issued lengthy press releases, unsupported by facts, denying Com-
munist Party involvement in the riots. In short, Lima's release declared "J. Edgar
Hoover is a liar." called the Director's report a "conglomeration of lies."
It did not take the enemies of the Bureau long to follow the example of
Lima. Two days later, The New York Post labeled the report an "exer-
ains in the state of the state
Americans for Democratic Action declared that the Director showed "a profound byc
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misconception of political forces and events."
Continuing in the same vein was an article by in the Autumn,
1960, issue of New University Thought. He took a loftier position in assessing the
report, stating that "to even answer the charges of the Hoover report would be to blur
the issue."
Meanwhile, communists were keeping the ball rolling.
leader of the communist drive to bring about the abolition of the House Committee on
Un-American Activities (HCUA), was busy speaking and issuing statements calling the
report a "distortion." His claims were given great play in communist publications,
which were keeping up a running attack of their own, such as the article in the
10/15/60 issue of People's World, which called the report a "political scenario."

The youth faction of the Communist Party was equally active in the running attack. Typical was the article in the publication New Horizons for Youth, controlled by the Communist Party, which attacked the report in the December, 1960, monthly issue, calling it "red-baiting."

In December, 1960, and January, 1961, articles appeared in the <u>National Guardian</u> and <u>The Militant</u>, respectively, attacking the report. Here again, the most specific charge made was simply that the report was a "distortion."

The key to much of the criticism, as well as to the nonspecific nature of the attacks, is that most of them were merely by-products to the over-all attack being made by communists and their supporters in the drive to abolish the HCUA. Speakers of the Bay Area Students Committee for Abolition of HCUA, for example, were actively engaged in attacks on the Committee. Since so many people in support of the Committee attempted to use "Communist Target-Youth" as proof of the validity of the film "Operation Abolition," critics of the Committee had to attack the report along with their attack on the film.

Here also, the attacks on the report continued in the same nonspecific category. the Bay Area Students Committee, made become several speeches in December, 1960, and January, 1961, attacking the HCUA and calling the report a "distortion" which was written "to intimidate students." This reasoning was also seen in articles such as that which appeared in The New Republic on 2/6/61, stating that the report was issued merely as an "endorsement of Operation Abolition."

2. Specific

Divested of all verbiage and subterfuge, the specific charges of inaccuracies which have been made about "Communist Target--Youth" are surprisingly few.

Many of the so-called refutations or rebuttals of the report are based on what might be termed the other side of the picture. For example, statements have been issued at length offering the explanations of students concerning the methods they used to organize demonstrations, the preparation of placards they carried, why they acted as they did in chanting and singing, and the like.

Most of the explanations or statements of this type are not pertinent to the facts reported in "Communist Target--Youth" for one simple reason. We were not investigating the noncommunist activities that developed in relation to the proposed hearings. We were investigating the activities of the Communist Party as they related to preparations for the hearings.

The fact that there was widespread noncommunist preparation for the proposed hearings does not negate the fact—which we were in a position to be aware of—that there also was widespread preparation by the Communist Party to exploit the situation.

The plain and simple fact is that our report was not intended as an over-all analysis of all the social, economic, and political factors which culminated in the San Francisco riots. It was intended—as the report itself clearly states on the title page—to illustrate communist strategy and tactics in the rioting which occurred. It was issued not as an endorsement of the HCUA or a condemnation of students, but to serve as a warning to students as well as to all Americans about the dangers of communist infiltration and agitation. In short, the report was not prepared as a trial brief. The report is based on solid facts as reported by the San Francisco Office and speaks for itself.

In essence, many of the attackers of the report charge that it is distorted because they, themselves, have chosen to distort its meaning. This is obvious through the numerous comments made by one or another of the detractors that the report implies certain things. Obviously, the "implication" is an inference drawn by them to suit their purposes and to provide them with a basis for making an attack.

Seldom are the charges of inaccuracies accompanied with solid facts that purport to refute statements in the report. The specific instances in which this occurred have been set forth below with an analysis of the true facts:

Charge

The Peace March scheduled to take place on May 14, 1960, was not "party-sponsored."

Basis

This refers to a statement on page 7 of "Communist Target--Youth" that reads: "Arrangements were made to have the demonstrators join a party-sponsored "Peace March" on Saturday, May 14, 1960, at the conclusion of the hearings."

Sources of Charge

The charge first appeared in a press release issued by the chairman of the northern California Communist Party district, Mickey Lima on July 20, 1960. He stated that the Peace March was organized by peace organizations and that it proved his contention that "J. Edgar Hoover is a liar."

In a letter to the Director dated 8/8/60,
the American Friends Service Committee, raised the same issue. He
stated that the Peace March was sponsored by his organization, along with a number
of other pacifist organizations.
It was the only specific charge made byin his derogatory
article in the Autumn, 1960, issue of New University Thought. Others, such as in his scandal sheet, The Californian, and in The
Progressive, made the same charge in connection with their diatribes.
110grospivo, made die beine charge in connection with their diatribop.
was the only one we bothered to dignify with a reply. Since his
organization was one of the sponsors of the Peace March, his concern was under-
standable. The facts, as we outlined them to him, are these:
<u>Facts</u>
We were well aware of the sponsorship of the Peace March by the American
Friends Service Committee and other pacifist organizations. The Director's report
did not state that the Peace March was sponsored only by the Communist Party and

Friends Service Committee and other pacifist organizations. The Director's report did not state that the Peace March was sponsored only by the Communist Party and did not exclude the existence of other sponsors by not referring to them. The report on the face of it concerns communist infiltration and agitation tactics, and it was correct to describe the Peace March as party-sponsored" because (1) communist leaders issued orders to insure that every available communist in the area would actively participate in the March; (2) the communist People's World publicized the March favorably in advance; (3) the Communist Party conducted a telephone campaign to encourage participation in the March; (4) leaflets were distributed by Party members encouraging attendance at the March; (5) communists organized a demonstration to take place just prior to the March for the purpose of merging with it; (6) communists arranged for transportation of supporters to the scene of the March.

This very issue illustrates the problems inherent in dealing with people and organizations whose activities make them prime targets for communist infiltration. Had we mentioned the pacifist organizations also involved in sponsoring the Peace March, we would have been accused of an attempt to smear those organizations.

Charge

Demonstrators did not engage in any overt action to precipitate the violence.

<u>Basis</u>

This contradicts the statement in "Communist Target--Youth! on page 8 which reads as follows:

"With the tension growing, the inevitable happened. Violence flared that afternoon. One of the judges in the municipal courtroom in City Hall ordered the mob dispersed because the noise made it impossible for him to hold court. When an attempt was made to carry out the order, the crowd responded by throwing shoes and jostling the officers. An officer warned that fire hoses would have to be used if the crowd did not disperse, but the crowd, instigated by Communists who had maneuvered themselves into strategic positions, became more unruly.

"One of the demonstrators provided the spark that touched off the flame of violence. Leaping a barricade that had been erected, he grabbed an officer's night stick and began beating the officer over the head. The mob surged forward as if to storm the doors, and a Police Inspector ordered the fire hoses turned on. The water forced the crowd to the head of the balustrade, and the cold water had a sobering effect on the emotions of the demonstrators.

"For a few minutes, relative quiet ensued. Taking advantage of the lull, police officers began to lead some of the demonstrators away, advising them that they must obey the order to disperse. Suddenly, realizing what was happening, militant individuals in the group set the pattern for renewed violence by kicking and striking the officers. In all, 68 individuals, most of whom were students, were arrested for inciting a riot and resisting arrest."

Sources of Charge
in the April, 1961, issue of The Californian has issued the typical denial of the report that the demonstrators touched off the violence. As he put
it:
"Eyewitnesses to the event described state that there was no storming of the barricade and no knocking down of an officer before the hosing. To the contrary, the crowd moved backward and, as stated before, was seated with backs to the police at the instant the hosing began.
"No individuals kicked or struck the officers, although one girl fought back and several students did resist being dragged away by locking arms, holding onto pillars, holding onto policemen's legs and pushing the policemen's grabbing arms away in one or two instances."
The same charge has been made by individuals such as been by the student organizations involved in the riots, and the communist sympathizers now actively engaged in the controversy.

Facts

T HOUSE
The facts are that we had to rely on police reports for a record of the specific acts that touched off the violence. Agents of the San Francisco office obtained information on this point from San Francisco Police Department Inspector The information was reported to us by teletype on May 13, 1960, and reiterated in detail in the San Francisco report of May 31, 1960.
The San Francisco teletype stated specifically that "one of the demonstrators grabbed the night stick of Officer and struck him on the head, knocking him to the ground. The officers then began a defensive action and turned the fire hoses on the mob."
In its detailed report of May 31, 1960, the San Francisco office reported the incident in further detail as follows:
"The mob became noisier and one of them hurtled the barricade, knocked down a police officer, took his night stick, and started beating the police officer over the head. The officer tackled him and with the aid of other officers subdued him. The mob began surging forward as if to storm the doors to the committee room and a Police Inspector ordered the fire hoses turned on."
At the time, the only different version of what happened to trigger the violence was the Communist Party's charge that police brutality caused it.
When subsequent criticisms appeared, we contacted the San Francisco office on 8/4/60 to double-check the reliability of the information on which "Communist TargetYouth" was based. On the same date, the San Francisco office sent an airtel with the documentation for sources and did not indicate that there were any weaknesses in the foundation for our statements in "Communist TargetYouth."
The trial of the student charged with assaulting Officer during the riots, began on April 18, 1961. Prior to the trial, the San Francisco office was in contact with the San Francisco Police Department and the prosecutor's office and was advised confidentially that the prosecution had five witnesses and a tape of a news reporter's account of the incidents at the riots, all of which would combine to substantiate the assault by on the officer. There was no indication that Inspector report of the incident would in any way be contradicted.

When the prosecution presented its case during the trial, it introduced only three witnesses to confirm the assault on the officer. They each told contradictory stories, one even stating that a different person originally attacked the officer and that assault on the officer occurred in an attempt to free the first person. The officer himself testified that definitely was the person who had assaulted him, but was forced to admit that the assault came after the fire hoses had been turned on and not before after the defense attorney exhibited to him a picture of leaning against a pillar while the hoses were already on.
The newspaper accounts of the testimonies focused attention on the fact that they contradicted the official report of the original incident as submitted by Inspector as well as that portion of the Director's report "Communist Difference of the Director's report "Communist Difference of the Director's report "Communist Difference of the Original Incident as submitted by Difference of the Original Incident as Submitted Difference of the Original Incident as Sub
The net result, of course, is that we can expect some criticism and new attacks from our enemies regardless of the way the trial turns out and regardless of the fact that the Director's report did not identify by name or even include the fact that the individual who triggered the violence was a student.
In this vein, it should be noted that contradiction of report in no way invalidates the analysis of "Communist TargetYouth" as an exposure of communist infiltration and agitation tactics in connection with the demonstrations and riots. Since our jurisdiction did not include investigation of the riots as such, but a report on communist activities in connection with them, we necessarily had to rely on the police report to obtain a complete picture.
As we have continuously advised critics and questioners, "Communist TargetYouth" was not intended as an endorsement of the HCUA or as an indictment of the youths victimized and duped by communists at the demonstrations. It wasas was stated on the face of itan illustration of communist strategy and tactics in the rioting that occurredand was meant to serve as a warning about the dangerous nature of communist infiltration and agitation.
All of the information we reported concerning communist activities, information which constitutes the bulk of the report, was based on our investigations and is absolutely correct and well-documented. Our position, regardless of the b6 contradictory testimony emanating from the trial, has been and should continue to be that the San Francisco riots represented a classical example of communist infiltration and agitation tactics, that our report was intended to expose such tactics, and that, in this sense the report speaks for itself.

The charges that have been made to refute the fact that the demonstrators precipitated the violence have been accompanied by statements such as the following made by the Reverend in a speech March 14, 1961, at San Diego State College:
Charge b70
declared that the prosecuting attorney said that the statement in "Communist TargetYouth" about the student's attack on the policeman is untrue.
<u>Facts</u>
First, it should be pointed out that the Director's report did not state that a student attacked a policeman. It stated that "one of the demonstrators" did.
In addition, we interviewed the prosecuting attorney, about charge, and he said he had made no such statement, had said nothing that could be construed as such, and, in fact, had made no statement on the point at all.
Charge
said the policeman testified before the Grand Jury that he either stumbled or fell and that he either dropped his club or it was taken from him.
<u>Facts</u>
According to the prosecuting attorney, the policeman testified that he became separated from his fellow officers, was hit, went to his knees, and that his club was snatched from his possession.
Charge
said that the sheriff stated that there had been no violence by the students before the riot began.
Facts b6
apparently obtained this from an article by which appeared in the 11/24/60 issue of The Reporter. wrote in his article that "After the riots were over, the sheriff of San Francisco County said 'There was no act of physical aggression on the part of the students.'" However, on December 6, 1960, the sheriff, Matthew Carberry issued a statement that "I did not make that

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statement. I do not know the author of the article, and have never spoken to him and have never been interviewed by him."
It is interesting to note that Bureau files show that has engaged in extensive communist activities in the past. His article was not an attack on "Communist TargetYouth," but was aimed at the HCUA.
One article which did directly attack "Communist TargetYouth" was
entitled "The Hoover Report Refuted," in the April, 1961, issue
of The Californian. The article is typical of many so-called refutations in that it bases its arguments on claims about what the noncommunists involved in the demonstrations did as opposed to our report on what the communists did. Nevertheless, prefaced the refutation with the observation that "here are the factually incorrect statements as they appear in the Hoover report"
Charge
"THE HOOVER REPORT:the current hearings were not to be directed at Communist activity in the education fieldBut the Communist Party members in the area skillfully planted the idea that the 1960 hearings were still aimed basically at teachers and that the stated objective to inquire into Communist Party activities in the area was merely to cover a planned attack on teachers."
Ishala this incompact with a langthy discussion concerning to chara
labels this incorrect with a lengthy discussion concerning teachers, the main point of which is that "one third of those called before the committee were
teachers."
teachers.
Facts b6 b70 b71
Thirty nine witnesses were called before the committee, and six of them
were teachers. All six were former communists. The remaining 33 included three
cooperative witnesses. Of the remaining 30, all were communists or former
communists. Thus, it is clear that is off base to begin with. In addition,
both members of the San Francisco County Communist
Party organization, advised that the Communist Party line for the San Francisco Bay
Area on the hearings was set forth in a "Memo on Un-Americans" distributed to
Party members in early May, 1960. It stated that one of the leading attorneys
prominent in the teachers' struggles against the HCUA estimated that the new hearing
was aimed basically at teachers and that other people had been thrown in to provide
a cover-up for the Committee's attack on the teachers.

Charge
"THE HOOVER REPORT: (Communist) Party officials decided to build a major part of their plan of attack around Immediately after receiving a subpoena, proceeded to the University of California campus to organize student demonstrators."
then proceeds to state in elaborate fashion that the demonstrations were organized by other students and that the organization."
<u>Facts</u>
The Director's report did not state that no other students were involved in organizing demonstrations, so contention that they did does not refute the fact that did. Concerning his blunt statement that did not, we have San Francisco's report documented by which states that:
"The chronological progression of planned Communist Party activity began to unfold on May 1st when a member of the District Committee and one of those subpoenaed, announced that the Party was planning to stir up trouble around the Committee's subpoena of a student at the University of California and a member of the CP District Committee.
left his home immediately upon receiving the subpoena and proceeded to the University of California to help in organizing student demonstrators."
Charge
"THE HOOVER REPORT: chairman of the Northern California District of the Communist Party, instructed Roscoe Proctor, a member of the district committee, to also contact certain students at the University of California and enlist their support."
claims that the student leaders of the demonstration admit they were contacted but that "they REJECTED him, told him they did not want his help or that of the Party, told him it was to be a student-organized, student-directed and student-implemented demonstration all the way."

Facts

The Director's report does not state anything about what happened after Proctor received his instructions and claim in no way refutes the Director's statement. That he received instructions we can document from two Communist Party informants who are members of the Party's Northern California District Committee. Furthermore, without realizing it is exposing Proctor as a liar, since, after the Director's report was issued, Proctor immediately announced that he was out of town, and could not possibly have contacted the students. Now has him contacting them by the admission of the students themselves.
Charge
"THE HOOVER REPORT: His contact at San Francisco State College, the son of a current member of the Sonoma County Communist Party, was equally enthusiastic in promising support."
rebuttal to this is that 165 faculty members at the college signed their names to a full-page advertisement against the HCUA.
<u>Facts</u>
This is typical of an attempt to make a rebuttal by completely evading the fact. The fact that 165 faculty members did so has nothing to do with the fact that was stated by the Director. The information we had was that a Communist Party member of the Sonoma County organization, was activating students on the campus at San Francisco College where he was a student. This was based on information from a Communist Party informant.
Charge b6 b7c
"THE HOOVER REPORT: As the scheduled time for the hearings neared, Communists stepped up their efforts to insure a big turnout. Communist leaders in Berkeley arranged transportation from Berkeley to San Francisco for youths interested in attending each of the 3-day hearings."
states that the transportation was arranged by a noncommunist involved in planning the demonstrations.

Facts

The fact that noncommunist groups arranged transportation for students to the demonstrations is well known but does not negate the fact that communists also did. The Director's report emphasized that the Communist Party did everything possible to swell the demonstrations by insuring a large turnout. One of the steps they used was to provide transportation for individuals. Communist Party informants not only advised of the fact that Party members in Berkeley arranged transportation for youths from Berkeley to San Francisco on all three days of the hearings, but also advised specifically that arranged to have a group of her friends assemble at the home of communist leaders in Berkeley so they could be transported en masse to San Francisco. Furthermore, we know that both of whom have extensive communist affiliations, were requested to serve as adult leaders of the group.				
Charge				
"THE HOOVER REPORT: An officer warned that fire hoses would have to be used if the crowd did not disperse, but the crowd, instigated by Communists who had maneuvered themselves into strategic positions, became more unruly."				
charges that "all of the students maintain that they did not receive a warning at any time that fire hoses would be used. At the instant the hoses were turned on, the students were seated in a circle with their backs to the police. There was no communist agitation going on; the reason no communists are named is that there were none."				
Facts b6				
charge that the students did not receive any warning that fire hoses would be used is contradicted by the report furnished by the San Francisco Office by teletype on May 13, 1960, the day the violence flared. San Francisco reported that Inspector specifically warned the demonstrators that they would have to obey the judge's order to disperse or the hoses would be turned on. This apparently inflamed the tempers of the mob, which began surging against the barricades. Officer has testified that this surging action knocked the barricades down several times and the police were backed to the hearing room door several times by the pushing, shoving throng.				

The reason the mob was surging toward the hearing room door was that Archie Brown had instigated a disturbance about the admittance procedure which required those to be admitted to have white cards. As the San Francisco report states, both Brown and were successful in urging the students to take up the demand that they be admitted to the hearing room without cards.				
Officer has testified that it was during the surging action of the mob back and forth that he suddenly was attacked, and the San Francisco teletype describing the incident reported that, following the attack, the hoses were turned on by the police in a defensive action.				
The San Francisco report clearly states that it was at this time that the crowd, forced by to the balustrade by the water, sat down with backs to the hose. Meanwhile, the communist attorney, Vincent Hallinan rushed into the crowded chambers and loudly, "You ought to see what they are doing to those kids; they are hosing them down and using clubs on them." Another communist, ran in shouting that the "kids" needed help.				
Brown, and Frank Wilkinson were all observed outside City Hall standing on the front steps when the rioting began. The San Francisco Office reported observing who appeared to be giving discreet guidance to the people involved in the rioting and also observed him conferring with Wilkinson, who seemed to be in agreement with on the general procedure in directing the students in the riot.				
and a number of other critics have made much out of the fact that "the reason no communists are named is that there were none." The Reverend for example, and a number of others, have charged that the only communists on the scene were the ones there in response to subpoena.				
The facts, as reported on that point by the San Francisco Office are as follows:				
"Many Communists were observed among the crowds during the three days of the hearings, but careful planning enabled them to incite and retreat without running				

distributed leaflets.

the risk of arrest. For the most part, these Communist campaigners were content to allow the ready supply of "extras" stage the drama depicting opposition to the HCUA and to orderly law enforcement, while they craftily directed and encouraged the performers from the security of the wings. A few did venture forth and silently

b6 b70

"Communists and Trotskyites who were	on the scene of the de	monstrations
included Leibel Ber		lArchie Brown,
Elmer Joh	nson,	
	<i>A</i>	
Of the above 35 individuals known to have tions, only 10 were among the communists and for subpoenas.		
To illustrate the similarity of criticism the fact that they are feeding off each other in seel Director's report, reference is made to the analyse Un-American Activities Committee - F.B.I. Report compiled and written under the auspices of the Sturbis organization was formerly known as Students of California and claimed affiliation with the American	king material with whic sis entitled "An Answer ort 'Communist Target- dent Civil Liberties Un for Civil Liberties at	ch to attack the r to the HouseYouth, '" nion (SCLU). the University
The SCLU's "answer" to "Communist Trebuttal made by referring mostly to students did and said. It is interesting to note, he analysis contradicts portions of what used in	to what they claim the rowever, that in some re	noncommunist
Charge		
The demonstrations were organized by t	he students, not comm	unists.
<u>Facts</u>		
This does not negate the Director's reportant, that the initial impetus for the demonstration		

When the first HCUA hearings were proposed in 1959, "widespread opposition to those proposed hearings developed among teachers' groups, church organizations, civil liberties groups, and a few newspapers in the San Francisco area.

page four of the report it is stated that:

Student groups to protest the hearings were organized at most of the colleges and universities in the area, including the University of California, Stanford, and City College.

"The subsequent cancellation of the proposed 1959 hearings left many of these groups and organizations inactive but intact. As a result, when the May 1960 hearings were announced, it required little effort to reactivate these opposition groups, despite the fact that the current hearings were not to be directed at Communist activity in the education field."

The report goes on to point out that the Communist Party utilized every measure possible to infiltrate the groups, to exploit them, and to insure widespread turnout at the hearings. We are on solid ground on this and no one can dispute it or negate it by pointing to what the students themselves did.

Charge

The Students for Civil Liberties arranged a car pool to take people from Berkeley to San Francisco.

Facts

The Director's report does not say that the student group did not form a car pool. It states that the Communist Party did and we can back this up as previously discussed in connection with this same charge as made by Wolfe.

Charge

"A picture in the Hoover report shows (Archie) Brown in the picket line. He walked in it for only a few minutes, and was one among several hundred."

Facts

The Director's report said nothing about the length of time Brown was in a picket line. They are implying that Brown played an insignificant role, when the facts show that he was the major communist agitator at the demonstrations and was commended by for the 'tremendous job' he had done among the students.

Charge
The Peace March was sponsored by pacifist groups.
<u>Facts</u>
This is one of the well-worn charges that we have explored before in detail and shown that we did not exclude such pacifist sponsorship but had every reason to describe the Peace March as also being "party-sponsored."
Charge
The card restriction concerning entrance to the hearing room led students to begin chanting "open the doors," and Brown and joined in, instead of leading the chant.
Facts b6 b70
As previously reported, the San Francisco office reported that its was Brown who raised this issue and who, with succeeded in getting the students to take up the cry.
Charge
The police gave no warning that the fire hoses were to be used other than by "brandishing the hoses and shouting threats only audible to those nearest."
<u>Facts</u>
Instead of refuting the Director's report, it substantiates it against the charge made by who claimed that "all of the students maintain that they did not receive a warning at any time that fire hoses were to be used." The SCLU accompanies its charge with the observation that the police should have used the public address system. The Director's report, of course, did not deal in any respect with what the police should or should not have done.

have appeared.

Along with the organized form of rebuttals of the type issued by the student groups, by the Reverend and the like, individual charges and criticisms of the following type, based mainly on the organized versions,

Charge

No telephone campaign was conducted to get students to march to San Francisco and protest the hearings.

Basis

On page 5 of "Communist Target--Youth," the statement is made in connection with communist organization efforts to swell the demonstrations at the hearings that: "A telephone campaign was conducted by party members to solidify opposition to the HCUA and was designed specifically to reach 1,000 people."

Sources of Charge

an article appeared in the People's World in the July 30, 1960, issue,
stating that one of the students arrested in the rioting, "gave the lie
direct to Hoover's statement that a 'telephone campaign was conducted by party
members. '" The article further quoted as saying, "There was no organized b7c
campaign here to get students to march to San Francisco and protest the hearings."
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of the HGLI of the Bay Area Committee for Abolition
of the HCUA, which we presently are investigating to determine if the organization is
communist infiltrated.
Facts
The San Francisco report concerning the Communist Doctor of
The San Francisco report concerning the Communist Party planning in
connection with the HCUA hearings stated as follows:
** A Jan. T
"A telephone campaign was conducted by Party members among their
friends to solidify opposition to the HCUA hearings and publicize the proposed
picketing and Peace March, the latter scheduled for Saturday, May 14, after the hear-
ings. This campaign started before the opening of the hearings and was designed to
ragen a thougand noonly it (Dome 10)
b7C
boasted that he was calling everyone he had ever known and
asking them to come down to the hearings on Saturday, May 14, and demonstrate."
(Page 10)

"As late as the afternoon of May 11, on the eve of the Hearings, of the San Francisco County Communist Party, was requesting assistance in contacting by telephone a large group of persons." (p. 17)
The San Francisco office furnished as its sources for the information a member of the San Francisco County Committee of the Communist Party; SF 1851-S*; a member of the East Bay Region Communist Party.
It is to be noted that statement includes the observation that no telephone campaign was organized to get students to march. He may have felt safe in stating this with this qualification, but the Director's report did not state that the telephone campaign was conducted to get students. This is another typical example of the skillful methods used to make it appear the Director said something that was not said so it can be refuted.
Charge
Gue Hall did not congratulate west coast Party members after the

Basis

On page 9 of "Communist Target--Youth," the statement is made that: "Immediately after the affair ended, the Party's national leader, Gus Hall, congratulated the West Coast comrades for the initiative and leadership they displayed at all stages of the demonstrations."

demonstrations for the initiative and leadership they had displayed.

Sources of Charge

The 1/25/61, issue of the San Francisco News Call Bulletin reported the results of an interview with Archie Brown, member of the district committee of the Communist Party's northern California district, and quoted Brown as saying: "No such thing happened. I got no telegram and I would know if anyone got one from Hall."

Facts

b6 b7C

Clarence Hathaway, chairman of the Communist Party's New York State district organization, drafted the congratulatory letter to of the Party's northern California district, over the signature of Gus Hall. The letter stated that "the comrades are to be commended for whatever initiative and leadership you were able to give at all stages of these actions and particularly for the broad mass approach shown in carrying out the necessary preparatory work. The sustained actions in the bay area over a five-day period, carried on first at the meeting of the board of education in Berkeley and then on the campuses at the University of California and San Francisco State College and daily over a three-day period at the City Hall, plus the involvement of teachers, university instructors, religious groups, students and workers, with the numbers increasing each day, reflect the growing response of the people to the struggle for democratic rights in general and opposition to the Un-American Activities Committee in particular."

Hathaway explained to officials at Communist Party headquarters in New York City at a meeting after the riots had occurred that he had thought it best in preparing the letter to "couch it in writing that could not be misused."

Again, it is interesting to note that Brown, in denying the receipt of a congratulatory message from Gus Hall to the west coast Communist Party members chose to state that he knew no telegram had been received. Naturally—it was a letter.

IV. Conclusions

Based on the analysis of the criticisms made about "Communist Target--Youth," it is possible to draw the following conclusions:

- 1. The majority of those who have attacked the Director's report since its issuance fall in the category of being outright communists, communist sympathizers and fellow travelers, pseudo liberals, dupes, and the like.
- 2. The majority of criticism made against the report is general in nature, the most frequent charge being "distortion," but unaccompanied by fact.
- The report as prepared by the Bureau is solidly based on facts reported to us by the San Francisco office in their reports concerning the riots in that city. In obtaining the information, the San Francisco office was dealing with informants within the Communist Party as well as with established and reliable sources among law enforcement agencies directly involved in the riots. The only actual investigation conducted by Agents of the San Francisco office concerning the incidents was conducted in relation to the daily coverage of communist activities we maintain. Thus, charges that we did not interview the students involved, and the like, are invalid since we had no jurisdiction in regard to the rioting of the students at City Hall. As a result, the report we issued had to necessarily concentrate on the aspect under our jurisdiction, namely, the efforts of the Communist Party to infiltrate the demonstrations and to agitate on the scene in line with its desire to incite a riot.

4. A point that will continue	e to remain controve	ersial and		
will undoubtedly serve as a focal point for future criticisms				
involves the question of how the violence was precipitated.				
It is to be noted that the trial	of the student,			
charged with assaulting the o	fficer at the riot is	presently		
going on and is eliciting varie	going on and is eliciting varied and conflicting testimony not			
only regarding	alleged attack on th	e officer but		
also regarding the question w	hether	or someone		
else initiated the violence. V		is acquitted		
or convicted, critics will have	e been provided wi	th enough		
contradictory material to ren				
that the Director's report do	es not identify	as the		
person responsible.	·			

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	Sincerely yours,	DING 36
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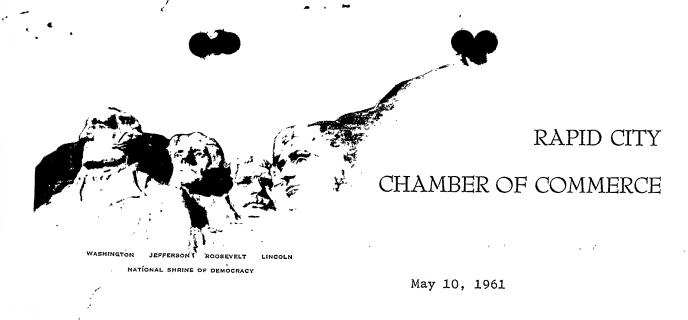
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	May 10, 1961	Ъ6 b7С
	Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, F.B.I. Washington 25, D. C.	~
	Dear Sir:	
	Will you please send a copy of "Communist Tar Youth," to the following:	get
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		Ъ7C
	\mathcal{U}	
	I am enclosing \$100 to help defray expenses,	1
	Respectfully,	ے ۱۵سس
	/s/	b70
	REC- 95 62-106289-	337
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	Cat 5- 17 will Come Come Come Come Come Come Come Come	
	GAN. O	

May 10, 1861	b6 b7C
Mr. J. Edgar Hoose, F. B.I. Washington 25, D.C.	
Dear Sir: Will you please send a copy of "Communic Target- Youth", to the following:	b6 b7c
5 16 Solar expenses	, joj
Dani inclosing to to thelp defrag expenses. Respectfully,	b6 b7C

May 18, 1961 Rapid City Chamber of Commerce Post Office Box 747 Rapid City, South Dakota Dear Your letter of Aby 10, 1961, has been received, and the interest which prompted you to write is appreciated. Although I would like to be of service, the film, "Operation Abolition," is sponsored and distributed by the House Committee on Un-American Activities and this Bureau had no connection with its preparation. As a matter of policy, I cannot, therefore, make any comment with respect to it. May I suggest that you consider directing your inquiry to the Committee which is located in Room 225, Old House Office Building, Washington 25, D. C. I regret to advise that our supply of the item you requested is depleted due to the heavy demand for our literature. Enclosed, however, is some material dealing with the general subject of communism which may be of interest. Sincerely yours, U. Edgar Hoover Parsons Mohr_ Enclosures (3) 3elmont Communist Illusion and Democratic Reality Callahan onrad 4-17-61 Statement re Internal Security eLoach vans Series from "Christianity Today" NOTE: No record could be located in Bufiles identifiable with correspondent.

C. Sullikan le. Room _

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT



Como int Tronget youth

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Department of Justice Building Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Our Chamber of Commerce is considering the use of the film "Operation Abolition". This is in line with our desire to provide information on Communistic activities within the United States and a program to create better understanding about Communistic goals.

We would appreciate receiving 40 copies of your publication "Communistic Target - Youth". I believe this was published by the House Unamerican Activities Committee. We would be happy to pay any charge involved in this request.

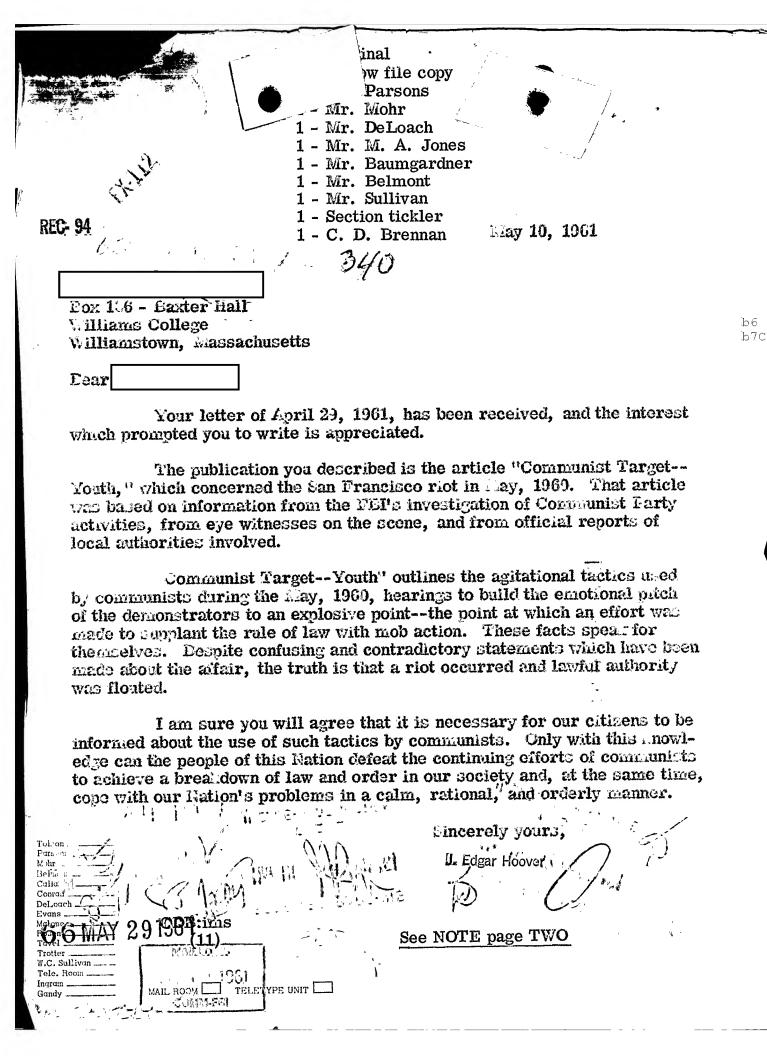
We would also welcome any comments from you regarding the best possible way to utilize this film. We realize there has been considerable controversy on this subject, but having seen the film and read many of the Congressional Record comments, we feel there is some value in this program.

Your efforts and writings on this subject are well respected by most American Citizens.

Kindest regards,

RAPID CITY CHAMBER OF REC- 95	COMMERCE 338
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4	RUSP PARTY.

UNITED STATES GOVE Memorandum, : Mr. DeLoach May 19, 1961 TO DATE: : M. A. Jones SPANISH VERSION OF 6 "COMMUNIST TARGET-YOUTH" You will recall that approval was given to publishing "Communist Target-Youth" in the Spanish language, and the booklet was translated into Spanish and type was set by the Government Printing Office. Since the Bureau is no longer distributing "Communist Target-Youth, "the Spanish language project has been discontinued. The galley proofs furnished by the Government Printing Office will be retained in the files. RECOMMENDATION: For information. BERIND LITTLE 1 - Mr. Sulliva REC- 4 11 MAY 24 1961 AFH: irf EX-112 CRIME RESE





Letter dated 5/10/61, CDB:ims, to:



Box 186 - Baxter Hall Williams College Williamstown, Massachusetts

> b6 b7С

NOTE:	Correspondent stated in incoming letter that Congre	essman
	made a speech at <u>Williams Colleg</u>	<u>e de</u> claring
	that evidence offered at the trial of	breaks
	down the entire thesis and structure of the pamphle	t ''Communist
	Target Youth. " Correspondent asked for a staten	nent concern-
	ing the validity of the pamphlet.	

Only reference in Bufiles to correspondent is previous letter dated 4/18/61, in which he noted that "Communist Target--Youth," a copy of which he had, corresponded in its presentation to events shown in film "Operation Abolition" and felt that a statement by the Director would be a strong influence in establishing the truthfulness of the film to the satisfaction of people doubtful about it.

He was advised we could make no comment on the film, but, in response to his request for literature on communism, was furnished some of the Director's articles and statements.

Cover memo Sullivan to Belmont dated 5/10/61 same caption

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	1 - Yellow file c
	1- Mr. Parsons
•	1 - Mr. Mohr
•	
	1 - Mr. DeLoach
	1 - Mr. M. A. Jones
	1 - Mr. Baumgardner
	1 - Mr. Belmont
	1 - Mr. Sullivan
	1 - Section Liekler 1961
	1 - C. D. Brennan
4	
04	, ma
REC. 94	Box 136 - Baxter Hall Williams College Williamstown, Massachusetts Dear Dear
	340
	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
EX-112	
A Transfer	Box 136 - Baxter Hall
	Williams College Do 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
a	Williamstown, Massachusetts
	We Ville

	Dear
	Your letter of April 29, 1961, has been received,
	and the interest which prompted you to write is appreciated.
	The FEI report you described in your letter is the
	pamphlet "Communist TargetYouth," which concerned the
	San Francisco riot in May, 1960. The pamphlet was based
	on information from the FBI's investigation of Communist
	Party activities, from eye witnesses on the scene, and from
	official reports of local authorities involved. While the FEI
	had no jurisdiction to investigate the riot as such, our investi-
	gations of communist activities related to the incident disclosed
	that communist agitators played a vital role in it.
	Sincerely yours,
	Dimecroly yours,
	NOTE: Correspondent stated in incoming letter that Congressman
€,	made a speech at Williams College declaring by
$\mathcal{L}_{\mathbf{k}}$	that evidence offered at the trial of breaks
Male	down the entire thesis and structure of the pamphlet "Communist
T-l	TargetYouth." Correspondent asked for a statement concerning
Tolson	\mathbf{R} is a section of \mathbf{r}
Mohr	the validity of the pamphret.
Callahan	Only reference in Bufiles to correspondent is previous letter dated
DeLoach	4/18/61, in which he noted that "Communist TargetYouth," a
Evans	1/10/01, Ill William its moter that Communication to accompanion of which he had commonwood in its amogentation to extend
Rosen	copy of which he had, corresponded in its presentation to events
Tavel	
W.C. Sullivan	CDB:meh Note continued page TWO
Tele. Room	
Gandy	MAIL ROOM L TELETYPE UNIT L

Note--continued

shown in film "Operation Abolition" and felt that a statement by the Director would be a strong influence in establishing the truthfulness of the film to the satisfaction of people doubtful about it.

He was advised we could make no comment on the film, but, in response to his request for literature on communism, was furnished some of the Director's articles and statements.

ADDENDUM:

I am initialling this letter on request as it is understood to be based on Bureau policy formulated in my absence. However, I do want it noted that, rightly or wrongly, I regard the enclosed sample letter, dated May 10, 1961, to be a better and more defensible position to take in replying to this and similar letters directed to the Bureau, and I would recommend that it be sent instead of the enclosed letter, dated May 5, 1961. WCS:ims

Mr. Callahan Mr. Gonrad. Mr. DeLoach Mr. Evans. Mr. Malone. Mr. Rosen. Box 186 - Baxter Hall Mr. Tavel. Mr. Trotter Williams College Mr. W.C. Williamstown, Massachusetts Tele. Room April 29, 1961 Mr. Ingram Miss Gandy Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D.C. communist Tarpel-Youth Dear Sir: In a speech delivered here by Hon. James Roosevelt, he asserted that, in the trial now being held to determine the guilt or innocence of the person charged with assaulting a police officer at the San Francisco riots last May, the officer in question has been forced to admit that, at the time he was assaulted (or claims he was assaulted), the student charged with this offense was actually at a completely different place in the crowd, as evidenced by a photograph; and Mr. Roosevelt asserted that therefore the emtire thesis and structure of the FBI report on the riots begins to break down, inasmuch as, in view of this development in the trial, the statement in the FBI report that "one of the demonstrators provided the spark that touched off the flame of violence... (etc., to the end of this paragraph on page 8 of the Report)" is now unsubstantiated. I would appreciate a statement from you as to the current validity of your FBI report, specifically with reference to the above-quoted sentence but also with reference to the report as a whole. Any information which you could supply regarding this matter, to be used specifically to counteract such charges as mentioned above, would be appreciated. (I realize that perhaps you will not be able to refer specifically to Mr. Roosevelt in a statement which you might make, but, in any event, what I am mainly interested in is information to substantiate and corroborate the FBI Report.) Yours very truly: **b**6 Stack. CDB: emer. EX-112 REC. 94

REG 22 - 100 111 - 341

May 24, 1961

Dear

Your letter of May 16, 1961, has been received, and I want to thank you for your kind remarks concerning my book, "Masters of Deceit."

I regret to inform you that our supply of the pamphlet you requested is depleted; however, I am enclosing some other material on the subject of communism which may be of interest.

Sincerely yours,

U. Edgar Hoover

John Eogar Hoover Director

11.11.11

⊿nclosures (4) Director's Statement Re Internal Security, 4-17-61 Communist Illusion And Democratic Reality One Nation's Response To Communism Series From Christianity Today

NO FE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles.

Parson Mohr Belmont

EFT:lmv Callahan Conrad (3)

DeLouch. Malone

Rosen Tavel

Gandy

TELETYPE UNIT MAIL ROOM

VEGETABLE OIL PRODUCTS arsons. COMPANY, INC.

401 CANAL AVENUE

WILMINGTON, CALIFORNIACalinhan

Mr. Conrad Mr. Evans .

Mr. Malone

Mr. Mohr.

Mr. Belmont.

May 16.

MR. J. EDGAR HOOVER FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Mr. Ingram Washington, D.C.

Mr. Trotter Mr. W.C.Sullivan Tele. Room

DEAR MR. HOOVER:

DUE TO THE GREAT INTEREST IN THE FILM, "OPERATION ABOLITION" | HAVE BECOME MORE INTERESTED IN COMMU-I READ YOUR BOOK, MASTERS OF DECEIT AND WAS GREATLY IMPRESSED.

I WOULD APPRECIATE YOUR SENDING ME ANY REPORTS THAT ARE AVAILABLE ON THE SUBJECT; ESPECIALLY YOUR REPORT ENTITLED "COMMUNIST TARGET - YOUTH, COMMUNIST INFILTRATION AND AGITATION

TACTICS.

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b7C

1 - C. D. Brennan

On the referenced memorandum, the Director noted: "Ask Auerbach why he didn't raise these points before." Auerbach's explanation was secured on 5/16/61, and he stated that the reasons he did not are as follows:

- 1. The main question was not raised until events developed as they did at the Meisenbach trial
- 2., Agents of the San Francisco office had no reason earlier to question the accuracy of the information originally received and reported by them
- The San Francisco office called the points to the attention of the Bureau not as "errors" but as "distinctions" a plan on worde. K
- 4. The San Francisco office did not and does not now question the material in the pamphlet
- 5. The points were raised merely to alert the Bureau to what others might raise as questionable issues
- 6. The San Francisco office had no reason to check the pamphlet beforethis in the absence of specific Bureau instructions to do SO

RECOMMENDATION:

scut 5:22-61 That the enclosed letter to the San Francisco office be forwarded.

Details

Reference is made to the enclosed memorandum in captioned matter dated 5/12/61 analyzing the seven points raised by the San Francisco office concerning statements in "Communist Target--Youth."

Concerning point number one, which involved the statement that: "Arrangements were made to have the demonstrators join a party-sponsored 'Peace March' on Saturday, May 14, 1960, at the conclusion of the hearings," the Director noted: "I don't see any facts to support the statement 'to have the demonstrators' join the Peace March. I assume you referred to the participants in the demonstration against HCUA. If so what is your basis for it?"

The Director is correct. The statement referred to the participants in the demonstration against the HCUA. The facts are that the Communist Party engaged in widespread efforts before the hearings to insure that numerous people would be out to participate in the demonstration against the HCUA, as well as to participate in the Peace March. Even during the demonstrations against the HCUA, the Party kept up its activities to publicize the Peace March by distributing leaflets to the participants publicizing the Peace March on May 14, 1960. These facts are supported by the following excerpts of information from the 5/31/60 report of San Francisco concerning the incident:

club representative assume the re available comrade to insure that h demonstrations at the hearings and	e would participate in the
for Saturday, May 14."	5/10/60)
"A telephone campaign was conductive their friends to solidify opposition publicize the proposed picketing as	to the HCUA Hearings and

..issued orders that each (Communist Party)

b6 b7C b7D

	b6 b7C
"Several members of the Sonoma County Club of the Communist Party reportedly planned to attend the HCUA hearings and to participate in the Peace Rally scheduled for Saturday, May 14." 5/12/60)	b7D
	Ъ6 Ъ7С
"Party officials had feared that the Peace March would fall flat because interest and excitement appeared to center around the scheduled hearings, but the supporters came from all directions to participate in the Peace March, and went on from there to fill the square in front of City Hall." (SF 1851-S*, 5/18/60)	
Concerning point number five, which involved the question if we could back up the statement that a meeting was held "the first week in May, 1960," the Director noted: "It is backed up by the L.A. office. Did a copy of report of go to San Francisco. If so San Francisco is off base in this and call Auerbach's attention to it."	b7D
The information furnished by in May, 1960, subsequently was incorporated in a report by the Los Angeles office concerning the Citizens Committee to Preserve American Freedoms, and a copy of that report was designated for the San Francisco office. Enclosed is a letter to San Francisco, marked for the personal attention of Auerbach, calling attention to the report.	
The enclosed letter to San Francisco also deals with the other points raised by the San Francisco office in its letter of May 10, 1961. The conclusions	

made at the Bureau as a result of the analysis of all the points are called to the attention of that office in line with the Director's observations on the remaining points.

Finally, the Director noted on the enclosed referenced memorandum: "Ask Auerbach why he didn't raise these points before." Auerbach was contacted personally about this and his explanation solicited.

Mr. Auerbach advised on 5/16/61, as follows:

"(1)	The main question was not raised until the time of the		
trial	when the photograph was introduced by the defense showing	the wate	r on
and	leaning against the pillar.		

- "(2) Agents who prepared the material at the time of the incident, for the analysis, had no doubt at that time about the sequence of the clubbing and the hoses, in view of the mass of verification concerning this in the press, police reports, and probation officer's report.
- "(3) With so much question about this question now, the San Francisco office asked itself whether there were any other questionable points, and initiated a phrase by phrase check of the pamphlet, with no direction or instructions from the Bureau, and this check revealed the seven points in San Francisco's letter of 5/10/61, and merely furnished this material with the comment that the 'distinctions' made were limited to San Francisco material and did not encompass what was undoubtedly made available to the Bureau from other sources. We said 'distinctions,' not 'errors.'
- "(4) This office had no reason to question the material contained in the pamphlet, since we were only partially aware of the origin, nor do we now have such reason to question the accuracy as to material not submitted by San Francisco. The pamphlet contains an introduction of 2 and 2/3 pages and a conclusion of 1 and 1/2 pages that did not originate in San Francisco. It further "contains a complete reorganization of San Francisco material, with the addition of introductory phrases and connecting phrases which did not originate in San Francisco. It is obvious the Bureau used data from other FBI offices (6 of them), as well as from foreign activities involving 5 countries.

- "(5) San Francisco wanted to be on top of the situation and did the review on their own initiative to help prepare material possibly needed by the Bureau in connection with the public statement on 5/8 of Congressman Walter, who said that he would re-examine the situation with the possibility of correcting the Committee's official documentation, et cetera. This review was done to alert the Bureau as to other possible questionable points should someone like Walter raise questions.
- "(6) There was no reason to check this out before, in the absence of Bureau instructions to review, or sending the material to us for review before publication, as is very often done in other phases of Bureau work being utilized for formal publication."

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e de la companya de l	OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 UNITED STATES GOVE MENT		Tolson Porsons Mohr Berpont
	Memorandum		Contad Beltoacy Evans
; !	TO : Mr. D. J. Parsons	DATE: May 10, 1961	Malone Rosen Tavel Trough
	FROM: Mr. A. H. Belmont	1 - Mr. Parsons 1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Baumgardner 1 - Mr. Sullivan	Ingratus Gandy
Jan.	/SUBJECT: INFORMATION CONCERNING (INTERNAL SECURITY)	1 - Mr. Brennan 1 - Mr. Morley	Andry John John John John John John John John
	By memorandum 5-8-61 to the this Division should prepare an accuparticular reference to the controve property of the controve process of the controve police records showed in subsequent compared to the testimony of police concerning activities of the fire hoses were turned on. The	urate, up-to-date memo ersial paragraph in the the information which to a Special Agent; as check of the police rofficers in the and the time element	randum with back the pamphlet Inspector to what the records as trial;
	THE PAMPHLET		7. N
1	The central issue involved which appears on page eight in paragrouth."	d here is the followir graph three of "Commur	ng statement nist Target -
	"One of the demonstrators provided off the flame of violence. Lead been erected, he grabbed an off began beating the officer over forward as if to storm the door ordered the fire hose turned or crowd to the head of the balus had a sobering effect on the end	aping a barricade that ficer's night stick are the head. The mob surs, and a Police Inspension. The water forced that trade, and the cold water forced to the cold water fo	t had the had ater
,	While we did not mention demonstrator who leaped over the bar and his activities as reported by the	rricade, we definitely	y meant him
	The above-quoted informations of the course of anti-HCUA demonstrations of the HCUA hearings in San Francisco, demonstration at issue took place of	which took place during California, 5/12-14/60 on 5-13-60 or /2-/062	ng the course b6 O. The b7c
	ORAL AND WRITTEN STATEMENTS MADE BY	POLICE OFFICERS AND	ATHER OFFICIALS
6	There follows a complete as well as trial testimony bearing alleged leaping of the barricade, s turning on the fire hose.	on the issue concerni	ng
	100-434714 3 (HCUA) 1 - 61-7582 (HCUA) JFM:kmo/blw (8)	FI MAI SO 1201	5000

Memorandum to Mr. Parsons 100-434714 b7C Assistant Inspector (a) San Francisco report dated 5-31-60 set forth the following information furnished orally by of the San Francisco Police Department to Special Agent Leo A. Schon on 5-13-60, The mob became noisier and one of them hurtled the barricade, knocked down a police officer, took his night stick, and started beating the police officer over the head. officer tackled him and with the aid of other officers sub-The mob began surging forward as if to storm the doors to the committee room and a Police Inspector ordered the hoses turned on. The water forced the crowd to the head of the railings and formed a human chain. sat down and refused to be moved by the water. moments there was relative quiet while the cold water had its effect." (b) In a confidential report furnished to Thomas J. Cahill, Chief, San Francisco Police Department, 5-17-60, reported in part as follows: "It was shortly after this that I observed a police officer's hat sailing through the air. Looking to the area from whence | holding onto it came I observed Officer one of the demonstrators just outside the barricade. At this time 2 or 3 other officers in uniform and myself went b6 into the crowd and assisted Officer in dragging b7C back a person later identified as L this time the mob tries to surge through our barricades and fire hoses were brought into play to drive them back. two-thirds of the crowd then broke and ran but a certain group sat down and locked arms and started to chant, 'We will not be moved. " (c) In a written report dated 5-27-60, set forth the following information: "Also many of the mob were cursing us and the Committee. At this time the fire hoses were taken off the racks and laid on the floor. The officers that were outside the barricades and on the sides were particular targets of abuse, and at approximately 1:20 PM Off. Co. E, was attacked by the crowd and had his police baton taken from him. This baton was used to strike the officer

*all other police reports are written and we have copies.

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b7C

Memorandum to Mr. Parsons RE: 100-434714
in the head by one, to arouse the crowd and they tried to get through our barricades and lines to force their way into the Hearing Room. General rioting then ensued. The mob was driven back to the landing at the top of the Grand Staircase with the help of fire hoses."
This report was entered into evidence at the trial.
Officer
In his report of the incident dated 5-14-60, Officer indicated:
"I was momentarily separated from other officers, and was surrounded by the demonstrators. I was struck, kicked and pushed toward the floor. While attempting to regain my footing my club was wrenched from my hand, by person or persons unknown, and passed to others. As I regained my balance I saw my club in the right hand of the arrested. The hand was raised and descended toward my head. Unable to avoid the blow, I lunged at the arrested as he struck
Inspector
In his report dated 5-27-60, indicated:
"I heard one of the group shout, 'let's get the cops and take the doors' and with that they stormed the barricades knocking an officer, to the floor with his own club. Many of the students were using their fists and feet and acting in a highly hysterical manner. To bring this situation under control, water was used and the fighting was stopped."
This report was entered into evidence at the
indicated he is a man of short temper and they thought that under a needling cross-examination, he would blow up.

b6 b7C

Memorandum to Mr. Parsons RE: $100 - \overline{434714}$ Sheriff, San Francisco, California (exact date not A probation report of shown) concerning a juvenile who was arrested during the riots, set forth the following information attributed to "It was reported to him that a man jumped the barricade in front of the door and had attacked a police officer on his station. The hoses were then turned on in an effort to disperse the group." Thomas J. Cahill, Chief of Police In testimony before the HCUA in San Francisco on 5 Cahill stated: "The whole incident which resulted in violence yesterday was triggered when, according to my officers who were on the scene, they say that a member of the group charged one of my officers assigned to the Northern District Station, a police officer in uniform. They took his night club away from him, struck him over the head, and the incident was triggered which resulted in the police being forced to take the necessary action to control the group, to bring the whole situation under control, and to restore order." In addition, Chief Cahill testified that the student group outside the hearing room were infiltrated with older individuals who seemed to whip the people in the group into a mob frenzy and these individuals had been hostile witnesses before the HCUA hearing. These, of course, were persons such as Archie et cetera, who have been identified as Brown, communists.

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Memorandum to Mr. Parsons	
RE: [100-434714	!
	•
TESTIMONY OF POLICE OFFICERS AT THE TRIAL:	
a. Inspector b6	
Inspector who was called on rebuttal by the prosecution, was cross-examined during which time he stated the following statement in his report of 5-27-60 is accurate:	
Company E, was attacked by the crowd and had a police baton taken from him. This baton was used to strike the officer in the head by one This seemed to arouse the crowd and they tried to get through the barricades and lines to force their way into the hearing room. General rioting then ensued. The mob was driven back to the landing at the top of the grand stair case with the help of fire hoses."	
admitted on cross-examination that he did not see the officer, referred to in his report, struck.	
The defense attorney quoted the information set forth on page eight, paragraph three of "Communist Target - Youth," which is set forth above, to and asked whether he made that statement to the FBI. answered he did not. The defense attorney then asked "Did you supply the information from which the FBI wrote that report?" never answered this question since the prosecution objected on the ground that it was irrelevant and the court sustained the objection.	
contacted the San Francisco Office on 5-1-61, after he had testified, and stated he regretted he did not get an opportunity to answer the second question asked him by He stated that because of the sustained objection he was unable to furnish an explanation in court that he did furnish the substance of information contained in the FBI report.	7C
was one of the defense attorneys.)	
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not the firstormation	

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Memorandum to Mr. Parsons RE: 100-434714	
**	b6 b7C
In his testimony on 4-19-61 indicated that the crowd had been disorderly and some of the crowd did get over the police barricades which had been erected. They were removed by the officers and shortly thereafter the entire group surged forward against the barricades and against the police. In trying to control the crowd, said he was pushed off balance and pushed toward the floor. While falling and in attempting to remove his club from his pocket, it was wrenched from his hand and passed around in a semi-circle from hand to hand until obtained it. Stated he was then struck on the left, rear portion of his head by furnished no information on direct examination as to whether the hoses were on or off at the time of the assault.	•
II CATCHDIVE THE GETCHEE MAGE AN IDDAG AS TO MICE MADE AND MOVE	b6 b7C
(During the course of his testimony, denied assaulting but on the contrary alleged that had assaulted him by beating him across the face with the police club.)]
The prosecution presented eight rebuttal witnesses who denied there had been any assault on In addition, also testified in rebuttal and denied any assault on the defendant.	
	Ъб
POINTS AT ISSUE:	b70
1. Did leap over the barricade?	
At the trial no evidence was introduced either in the two police reports of or by witnesses to the effect that did leap over a barricade.	**

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Memorandum to Mr. Parsons RE: 100-434714
The information that he did leap the barricade comes from oral report on 5-13-60 and the hearsay statement by Sheriff in the probation officer's report. Therefore, the statement barricade cannot be proved.
2. Was the water turned on before or after the alleged assault on Officer
At the trial did not testify on direct examination as to when the hose was turned on.
on cross-examination, admitted that the water was turned on before the assault, based on a photograph which showed standing in the background in a group picture with water being sprayed on those individuals in the foreground.
No witnesses at the trial testified that the water was turned on only after the alleged assault on Officer The police 70 reports of which went into evidence, while not stating positively that the hose went on after the attack, plainly indicated this. As to police reports not introduced at the trial, the timing of the use of the water is plainly indicated as after the attack. (See oral report of Pharris 5-13-60 and written reports of 5-17-60 and probation officer quoting Sheriff
The defense witnesses generally testified that at the time the scuffling broke out between the police and the crowd the water had already been turned on. This testimony ran from specific statements to statements merely indicating there was water on the floor when the fighting started.
It is clear we cannot support a statement that the hose was turned on after Meisenbach assaulted
3. Did assault Officer with his own club?
At the trial on direct testimony Officer and prosecution witness testified that was hit by with his own club.
Prosecution witness testified that hit with a club.
In the two police reports introduced into evidence stated struck with his own police baton; stated was knocked to the floor with his own club but did not identify as the assailant.

A ...

Memorandum to Mr. Parsons RE: 100-434714
As to the other police reports not introduced into evidence. all state a police officer was assaulted: however, only written report of 5-17-60 and report of 5-14-60 specifically name as the assailant.
It was observed in reading the transcript of the trial that the defense attorneys constantly strove to lead the prosecution witnesses away from the point at issue to which they had all testified namely, the assault by the defendant. Through a series of long, extraneous, inconsequential and irrelevant questions by the defense attorneys, to which the prosecutor seldom objected, the attention of the jurors was directed away from the damaging testimony given by those witnesses concerning the assault.
Since the jury acquitted we cannot support a public position that assaulted with his own club. ACTION:
By separate teletype the San Francisco Office has been instructed to explain the reason for failure to insure the accuracy of the data originally obtained and reported.
ANT AND A WAR
appedit.
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b6 b7C

May 29, 1961

Attorney at Law 1811 West 29th Street Austin, Texas

Dear

Your letter of May 18 arrived in Mr. Hoover's absence from the city. You may be certain your communication will be brought to his attention upon his return. I can, however, state that our supply of the pamphlet you requested is completely depleted.

Sincerely yours,

MAJLED 9 MAY 2 9 1961 COMM-FRI

Helen W. Gandy Secretary

NOTE: Bufiles contain no derogatory information concerning correspondent. No literature on communism is being forwarded to correspondent as it appears he is interested only in "Communist Target--Youth."

EFT:lmv (3)

TELETYPE UNIT

b6 b7C

Tolson .

Parsons _ Mohr _ Belmont Callahan Conrad . DeLoach Evans. Malone Rosen

Tavel. Trotter W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room

Ingram

MAILING ADDRESS: 1811 West 29th St.

OFFICE PHONE GR 8-2301
RESIDENCE PHONE

ATTORNEY AT LAW AUSTIN, TEXAS May 18, 1961

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

A would like very much to obtain a copy of the phamplet entitled "Communist Target - Youth" that contains your report concerning the disturbances in San Francisco, California, in May, 1960, in connection with the hearing by the Un-American Activities Committee of the House of Representatives.

I hope you can send me such copy. If you can not send me such copy, I would appreciate it if you would advise me as to how I can obtain a copy of the phamplet.

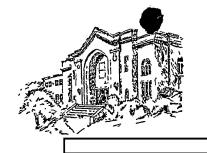
Yours very truly,	
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	b70

CCR:ep

och EF1: Im

REC. 39 62 - 1062, 89 - 343 13 MAY 31 1961 CORRECTOR

	5-22-61	
1ª RES	Airtel Solution 27 344 To: SAC, San Francisco From: Director, FBI	
	BERKELEY FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH 2430 DANA STREET BERKELEY 4, CALIFORNIA RESEARCH (CORRESPONDENCE AND TOURS) BUDED 6-1-61	
	Enclosed are copies of above-captioned individual's letter of May 5, 1961. Bufiles contain no information concerning him. You are instructed to review your files and, if necessary, conduct discreet background inquiry regarding him. Under no circumstances is he to become aware of our interest in him. Furnish results under above caption to reach the Burcau no later than 6-1-61.	
1000 (1000) 1000 (1000) 1000 (1000)	Enclosures (2) Follow-up made for 6-1-61 Kally 5 Fames Self of Management Self of Manag	as abo
Folson Parsons Moh Belmont Callahan Confad DeLoach Evans Mdoe Rosen Tavel	CJH:hmm, (*) (6) (7) A A A A A A A A A A A A A	B
Trottes W.C. Sullivan VIII Tele: Room Ingram Gandy	V 6.1961 mail room [=] teletyre unit [=] 4	W



BERKELEY FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH

2430 DANA STREET

BERKELEY 4, CALIFORNIA Mr. Malone

Mr. Callahan Mr. Concod Mr. Ddbach Mr. Exans

Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tayel
Mr. Trotter
Mr. W.O. Suhlivar
Tele. Room
Mr. Ingram

Miss Gandi

May 8, 1961

J. Edgar Hoover, Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Many citizens who have watched the events surrounding the San Fransisco hearings of the House Committee on Un-American Activities, held last May, and the subsequent publicity, hope that your office will make a new effort at describing what happened at these hearings. A year of debate and investigation by almost everyone who had anything to do with the hearings seems to indicate that much of what was reported by your office is seriously distorted.

Page 8 of your report, Communist Target - Youth, U. S. Government Printing Office, 57964, 1960, contains the clearest example of misrepresentation. What ever the trial of Robert Meisenbach and the continuing debate about the film "Operation Abolition" may or may not have proven, it is now obvious that no one, not even your investigators, can candidly relate the events, much less describe the significance of what happened at San Fransisco's City Hall.

It certainly doesn't appear to this observer that the irresponsible reporting represented in your document can contribute much to the faith and trust in freedom which is the foundation of our way of life. Neither does it enhance the confidence of citizens in your bureau.

I sincerely hope that some equilibrium can be restored to our mutual concern about national security. Such equilibrium depends directly upon the integrity of all of us, citizens and officials alike.

Sincerely,

		FBI
		Date: 5/26/61
Transm	nit the following	g in(Type in plain text or code)
	AIR-TEL	AIRMAIL
Via	11211 2 222	(Priority or Method of Mailing)
-7/-		
1000	TO:	DIRECTOR, FBI
	FROM:	SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (62-4642)
		Communist Tonget - Mare Tibe
	2430 DANA	FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH
	BERKELEY RESEARCH BUDED 6/1	4, CALIFORNIA (CORRESPONDENCE AND TOURS)
		ReBuairtel to San Francisco 5/22/61.
	and the f	On 5/26/61 records of the Greater East Bav Credit Oakland, California, were checked by IC Collowing background information concerning was these files:
		Report dated 12/60 reflects was born
	Office Ta Berkelev	Sales Representative, Cheney Lumber Company, Main acoma, Washington, and part-time as First Baptist Church, 2430 Dana Street, Berkeley, La. A notation in this file dated 6/60 indicates that years previous to
n 🔪		His employment was listed as the same. A notation redit report dated 2/59 indicates resided at Another nota-
	as	this credit report dated b/60 listed a personal reference There her information in the credit file.
	Departmen	There is no criminal record at the local Police
	lists the	The current street address directory for May, 1961, cheney Lumber Company, 2517 Hillegass, Berkeley, 345

3 - Bureau (AM)
1 - San Francisco
Approved:
DEJ: hko #10cial Agent in Charge (4)

12 JUN 1 1961 Pe

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11/18/19

SF 62-4642 DEJ:hko

No further inquiry is being made in this matter, in view of the Bureau instructions, UACB.

		1		
•	UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Memorandum		6 7 · .	Tolson Parsons Mohr Belmont Callahan Conrad DeLoach
, A	TO : Mr. DeLoach	Дате: 5.	-29-61	Evans Malone Rosen Tavel Trotter W.C; Sullivan
}'	FROM : MAJAJONES		Famon	Tele. Room
	BROOKLYN, NEW	YORK	- /	Ø
	The attached p New York was received by the contains a printed column fro the film "Operation Abolition" the riots as set forth in "Com with the sentence: "Why can't shut?" The following hand we post card: "Why can't you? (address on the card.	m an unidentified public and the Director's statements Target—Youth. J. Edgar just be a copritten notation appears	5-23-61. The card cation which ridicule tements concerning "The column conclude and keep his mouth	es b6 b7C
	INFORMATION IN BUFILES:			
	New York, telephone director One resides at both Brooklyn, New York. It Director received a letter from Saks Fifth Avenue, New York Brooklyn, New York, advised she was but felt his influence on Ameri She said he made derogatory "It's the hard luck of my boys of draft age, I would be proud of a Russian movement and not for bringing the n	and the other at an and the other at an and the other at its further noted that it its further noted that its mone City, pertaining to one a teacher at Brooklyn not accusing of succession of the Armed comments concerning of who are risking their later resist the draft.	d that the Brooklyn under the name under the name and the November, 1944, the name and employee of an employee of the Director thanked It is not known if the name of the Director thanked it is not known if the name of the Director thanked it is not known if the Director thanked it is n	he vestigated. ated: f I was part
TEXT.	RECOMMENDATION: For information	EX-710	62-106289 12 JUN 1 1961	es of
	Enclosure D-Mr. DeLoach BS:dgs 52 1961	THIN	CRIME IN	

Mr. Conrad Mr. Dalcasi Mr. Meleas Mr. Ross Mr. Ta Mr. Tr Tele. Room Mr. Ingram 🖈 The film Operation Abolition pur-Miss Gandy ports to show how Communists duped undergraduates to riot against the House Un-American Activities Committee in San Francisco City Hall last May 13. The Committee later subpoenaed newsreel clips from local TV stations, turned them over to a small commercial studio which edited them into a 45-minute film with a blood-tingling commentary by Fulton Lewis III, committee research analyst, and sold them at \$100 a print over the nation. The crucial moment, the start of the riot, was not filmed, but the narrator quotes J. Edgar Hoover's unequivocal assertion that a demonstrator touched it off: "leaping a barricade that had been erected," charged Hoover, "he grabbed an officer's night stick and began beat**b**6 ing the officer over the head." As \ b7C Hoover explained, "it is vitally important to set the record straight." Well, it didn't happen. A San Francisco jury has unanimously acquitted the student in question. Even the police in the trial didn't make the full charge Hoover made. Why can't J. Edgar just be a cop and keep his mouth shut? Willey can't you ENCLOSURE Why can't you? EX-116 REC. 64 12 JUN 1 1961

r Poper v 4	
REC-8 62-161219-347	May 26, 1961
Dear	
Your letter of May 21, 1961,	, has been received.
This Bureau has in no way a report concerning the methods employed I San Francisco rict in May, 1980. This as our young people and others to learn the t and, armed with that knowledge, to resist action. The report was based on informa Communist Party activities, from eyewith reports of local authorities involved. The came from police reports and eyewitheese	rticle was written as encouragement to rue nature of this malevolent threat, theing duped into unlawful and unthinking then from the FEI's investigation of nesses on the scene, and from official the description of the demonstration itself
In view of the recent additionable eyewitness to the riot wrote to me jumarized:	nal publicity in this matter, a respon- ust this past week and in part sum-
To sum it all up, there was side of the barricade involving I do not know, triggering the preceding the police use of the barricade involving the police use of the sequence of events.	e mob violence immediately he hoses. There is no question
communists during the May, 1960, hearing demonstrations to an explosive point—the supplant the rule of law with mob action. Despite confusing and contradictory states the affair, the truth is that a riot occurre believed believed BDA:lcw BDA:lcw Trotter (3)	point at which an effort was made to These facts speak for themselves. ments which have been made about d and lawful authority was flouted. incorely yours, L Edgar Hoover Director

b6 b7C

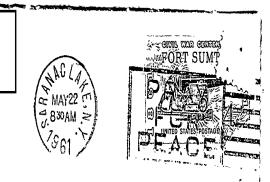
b	6	
b	7	C

NOTE: In April, 1961, stated he understood the FBI had changed "Communist Target--Youth" to infer the report was not accurate and the rioting was not as claimed by this report. By reply of 4-28-61 he was assured that the FBI had authorized no change in the report. No further information was located in Bufiles.

•	•	
	TRUE COPY	
Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington 25 D. C.	May 21 1961	b6 b7(
Att. Mr J Edgar Hoover Directo	or	
Dear Mr. Hoover		
film Operation Abolition and spe please advise the F. B. I official Youth" as a result of the trial ac	ne demonstrators etc is this to be changed	b6 b7(
	very truly yours	
/s/	Euro Francisco	*/
	EX 100	
of the sup	REC. 8 62-106277-347 BJUN 2 1961.	
Bon's 2 de	·	

و الخسسية ، may 2, 1961 Hederal Bureau of Innestigation washington 25 D.C. att. mu f Edgar Hoorer Derector Dear In Hoosel Tobeng on active fort in exposeing Communism, by showing film operation abolilion and speaking to groups on the H.C. U.A, please adress The F.B. 1 Official should on the bookslet Communist larget - youth as a result of The Truel acquetting " un oblie worded the Garagnagh on Pq 8. one of the demonstrators etc. es this to be changed as a result of the Undert. Very link your mil object der 15-25,61

b6 b7C



Hederal Bureau of Investigation Washington 25 DC

"att of Edgan Hooner

Foundation Hit In Fund Cutoff

BERKELEY, Calif., June 1 (AP).—A foundation was under professorial censure today for cutting off support to a young woman after she was arrested in the San Francisco City Hall riots in May, 1960.

A resolution, made publicly yesterday, of the Berkeley Chapter of the American Association of University Professors, said the Coro Foundation's action "violated the Democratic and academic principles

Miss Jane O'Grady, 23, a social welfare research assistant at the University of Califórnia, was among 64 arrested while demonstrating against a hearing of the House Un-American Activities Committee. The riot charges later were dropped.

Miss O'Grady had a Coro public affairs internship, equivalent to a fellowship study grant. Last October, Coro, a California organization, dropped Miss O'Grady as an intern.

The Berkeley AAUP said unless Coro makes amends to Miss O'Grady it will ask all AAUP members to refuse to co-operate with Coro.

Parsons 🗹 Mohr. Belmont* Callahan Conrad **IDELIBORI** Evans Malone . Rosen Tavel Tele Room . Ingram _ Gandy _

Tolson.

b7C

162 - 1069 7 7 The Washington Post and Non TECORDED 191 JUN 6 1961

62-106289

The Washington Daily News
The Evening Star
New York Herald Tribune
New York Journal-American
New York Mirror
New York Daily News
New York Post
The New York Times
The Worker
The New Leader
The Wall Street Journal

JUN 1 1961

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0-19	(Rev.	2-13-61)
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	Conrad
	Evans
	Malone
	Rosen
•	Tavel
	Trotter
	W.C. Sullivan
	Tele Room
	Ingram
	Gandy
	0.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE

MORE PROOF

Brooklyn: Those who STIEL doubt that the film "Operation Abolition" reports what actually happened at the House Un-American Activities Committee hearings in San Francisco last May, should send 15c to the Government Printing Office in Washington and ask for Communist Target-Youth, Communist Tar

REC-83

162-106257-A

Supplied

NOT RECORDED 191 MAY 29 1961

EX ALL

The Washington Post and_

Tolson ____ Parsons _ Mohr ____ Belmont Callahan

New York Post

The New York Times ___

The Worker ______
The New Leader _

The Wall Street Journal

Date_

MAY 25 1961

Kile 5-W2R 62-106289

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION), re
May 15	
Room 5744 Nay 15 , 1961	
TO:	
Mr. Parsons	
Director / Mr. Mohr. Mr. Parsons / Mr. Belgiont	V.
Mr. Mohr Mr. Callahane	•
Mr. DeLoach Mr. Decoach	
Mr. Belmont Mr. Evans Mr. Rosen Mr. Malone	
Mr. Evans Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Callahan Mr. Tovel Mr. Wrotter Mr. Malone Mr. Wilyan	
Mr. Conrad Tele. Room	
Mr. Tavel Mr. Ingram	
Mr. Trotter Miss Gandy Mr. Clayton	
Mr. Ingram	ļ
Miss Gandy Personnel Files Section	
Records Branch	
See Me For appropriate action	A
See Me For appropriate action Send File Note and Return	11
Mr. Parsons tells me that we did	
not submit the final draft of the pamph	
Communist Target - Youth' to the Sai	<u>1</u>
Francisco Field Division before it was published 50	5 ./(Ø
I have asked for a memorandum	70
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Smon Deffoling to	7
62 JUN 19 1961 Memo Sullivan to Belmont Clyde Tolson Method Memo Sullivan to Belmont By 5/6/ CDB/method	

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

emorandum

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Director, FBI (100-200162; 100-434714;61-7582)

5/10/61 DATE:

SAC, San Francisco (100-46140;100-36985) IMMEDIATE PERSONAL ATTENTION: ASST. DIR. ALAN H. BELMONT

SUBJECT:

INFORMATION CONCERNING IS

HCUA INFORMATION CONCERNING

San Francisco Office has done a line-by-line review Lof the material furnished by San Francisco and the pamphlet Communist Target-Youth" and, in accordance with specific instructions of Mr. BELMONT, the points raised follow herewith:

- "Communist Target-Youth," Page 7, Paragraph 2, Line 4, reads: 1.

 - "...join a party-sponsored peace march...."

San Francisco analysis dated 5/31/60, Page 7, Paragraph 1, reads:

- "MICKEY LIMA....issued orders that each club representative assume the responsibility to contact every available comrade to insure that he would participate in the demonstrations...."
- **.....at the Hearings and in the peace march в. scheduled for "
- 2. "Communist Target-Youth," Page 4, Paragraph 1, Line 7, reads:
 - "....what experienced West Coast observers..... the most successful Communist coup...."

San Francisco teletype to Bureau 5/12/60 reads:

"Old-time observers.....Communist Party inspired demonstration. REC-50

3/- Bureau (AMSD)

2 - San Francisco

RDA:ekk/csi

196 Pi Communist Target-Youth" CDB/mh

3. "Communist Target - Youth," Page 5, Paragraph 3, Line 7, reads: A. "LIMA was assured that student support would be forthcoming from Santa Rosa Junior College in Santa Rosa, California." San Francisco analysis dated 5/31/60, Page 5, Paragraph 6, Lines 5-8, reads: A. "LIMA abandoned plans to send someone from the Party to the Santa Rosa Junior College in Santa Rosa, California, after receiving assurance of adequate support from certain students in the Bay area. TT 4. "Communist Target - Youth," Page 6, Paragraph 2, reads: A. "The San Francisco branch....was organized,.... April 4, 1960, for the specific purpose of opposing the HCUA Hearings." San Francisco analysis dated 5/31/60, Page 18, Paragraph 8, reads: A. "The San Francisco branch....was organized at a founding meeting held April 4, 1960. Preparationsto oppose the May Hearings....were being formulated....as evidenced by a special meeting of this organization for April 13, 1960...." 5. "Communist Target - Youth," Page 6, Paragraph 2, Line 3, reads: A. "This group held an emergency action meeting the first week in May, 1960...." San Francisco analysis dated 5/31/60, Page 19, Paragraph 2, reads: A. "....on May 1st it mailed a notice of a meeting to be held Wednesday, May 4th," - 2 -

SF (100-46140: 100-36985)

SF (100-46140; 100-36985)

- 6. "Communist Target Youth," Page 7, Paragraph 4, Line 5, reads:
 - A. "Archie Brown and Merle Brodsky, acting according to plan, were sullen and contemptuous. Both directed vicious and personally-insulting remarks at members of the Committee."

San Francisco analysis dated 5/31/60, Page 24, last line, and Page 25, Paragraph 1, reads:

- A. "Archie Brown was insistent in his demands that he be allowed to read a prepared statement. Merle Brodsky and Bertram Edises both were sullen, snarling and contemptuous in attitude and both directed vicious personal insults at individual members of the Committee."
- 7. "Communist Target Youth," Page 8, Paragraph 3, Line 7, reads:
 - A. "....but the crowd, instigated by Communists who had maneuvered themselves into strategic positions, became more unruly."

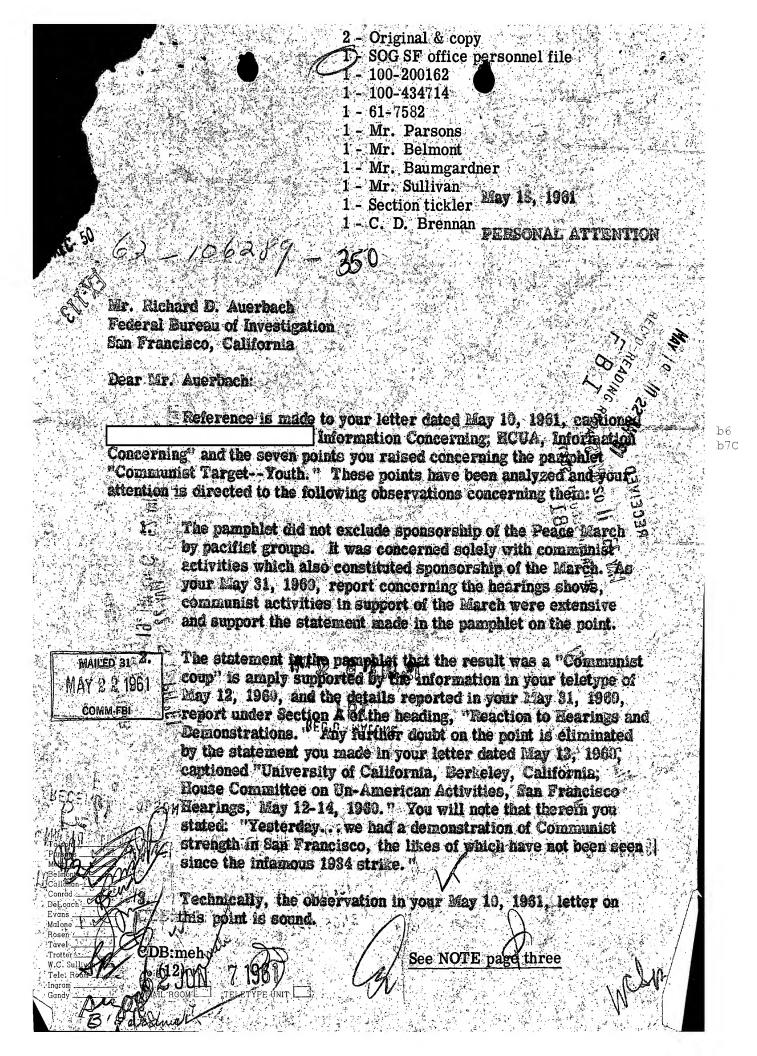
San Francisco analysis dated 5/31/60, Page 21, Paragraph 4, reads:

A. General data on the situation as submitted by San Francisco.

The situation as concerns Paragraph 3, Page 8, of "Communist Target - Youth" and San Francisco submissions concerning it are not being considered here since they have been previously covered by separate communications.

The information furnished in San Francisco communications to the Bureau was checked against our original sources and verified to be accurately reported.

The above distinctions are limited to material submitted by San Francisco and available at San Francisco and does not encompass what was undoubtedly made available to the Bureau by HCUA and other sources.



Mr. Richard D. Auerbach

	in connection with 18 directed to the	e renort from your office	prepared by Special
	Agent	May 5, 1960, ca	tioned 'Citizens
	Committee to Pi	reserve American Freedo	mg." Therein you
	that the nrime of	foundation meeting of the f bjective discussed at the r	SPUCPAP and Stated
		ojecave discussed at the fi ing about the abolition of the	
	report of Ray 31	i, 1960, concerning the E	TITA hospings shared
	that the SPCCPA	IF did engage in activities	toward this end. This
	sufficiently subs point you raised.	tantiates the statement in	the pamphlet on the
5,		rns the question of whethe	
MARKET.		it week in May, 1960.	furnished
	imornation on a	day 19, 1960, that Frank V	Vilkinson addressed
A Town	Mos o soan s	rd meeting of the CCPAF. Tikinson made the stateme	in Los Angeles on
	days with the SP	CCPAF group in San Fran	olega diving the first
	week in May. 19	60. This sufficiently subs	tantiates the statement
	made in the pam	phlet. The information in	detail furnished by
		subsequently incorporated	
		emple of the Los Angeles	
	1960, captioned	"Citizens Committee to ${\mathbb P}$	reserve American
	office.	copy of that report was de	signated for your
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
6.	Your report of	fay 31, 1960, concerning	the bearines eleanly
	shows that the tr	vo key figures in the Com	nunist Party's plans
	to dismint the he	arings and foment violence	e were Archie Brown
	and	The statement that b	oth were sullen and
	eontemptuous an	d that both directed viciou	s and personally
	insulting remark	is at the members of the E	louse Committee is
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	plainly supported	d by your report. In your	report, for example,
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	plainly supported you noted that Bi why there were is commandeered t	d by your report. In your rown "heckled" the Comm	report, for example, littee, that he asked e, that he and ed demands that

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ir. Elchard D. Auerbach

opecifically that was "sullen, snarling, and contemptuous," make it plain that the statement in the pamphlet is correct.

b6 b7С

The observation that the crowd was "instigated by Communicity 7. who had maneuvered themselves into strategic positions" was based on statements in your May 51, 1980, report such as: "Liany communists were observed among the crowds outside City Hall during the three days of the hearings, but careful planning enabled them to incite and retreat without running the rist of arrest.... They craftlly directed and encouraged the performers from the security of the wings." "Grown... was encouraged repeatedly by stooges who were scattered among the crowd." In addition to such comments, you also reported specifically, concerning the violence, that Brown instigated the students to take up the cry about and the admittance procedure -- a cry that ultimately led to the curge toward the doors of the hearing rooms. There is no question but that the statement in the pamphlet on this point is correct.

b6 b7C

These observations are being brought to your attention to resolve the questions inherent in your letter of they 10, 1961.

Very truly yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover Director

NOTE ON YELLOW:

See memo Sullivan to Belmont dated 5/16/61, captioned "Communist Target--Youth," Information Concerning." CDB:meh

The abbreviations, such as HCUA and SFCCPAF, used in this letter, were used(1) for brevity and (2) because they deal with organizations with which the SF office is familiar as shown by its letter 5/10/61.

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 UNITED STATES GOVE $\it 1emorandum$ DATE: May 12, 1961 TO Mr. A. H. Belmont W. C. Sullivan SUBJECT "COMMUNIST TARGET--YOUTH" INFORMATION CONCERNING As indicated in the enclosed letter dated 5/10/61, the San Francisco office has done a line-by-line review to compare every statement in "Communist Target--Youth" with material from that office used in preparing the pamphlet to determine if there are any other statements in the pamphlet which would expose us to additional charges of inaccuracies. On the basis of this comprehensive review, the San Francisco office located seven points on which there is a difference in wording between "Communist Target -- Youth" and material set forth in the May 31, 1960, San Francisco report on which the pamphlet was largely based and directed our attention to these points so that we may insure that we are in a position to back them up if challenged. Primarily, the points involve questions of wording, such as whether it was correct to state that the Peace March of May 14, 1960, was "partysponsored," whether it was correct to describe the San Francisco riot as "the most successful Communist coup to occur in the San Francisco area in 25 years; and the like. We have made a detailed analysis of the points brought to our attention in the enclosed letter. The analysis is enclosed and shows that we are in a position to back up our statements in respect to the pertinent points. 62-106259 REC- 50 FX-II3 RECOMMENDATION: For the information of the Director. 1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Parsons 1 - Mr. Sulliyan 1 - Mr. Mohr 1 - Section tickler 1 - Mr. DeLoach 1 - C. D. Brennan 1 - Mr. Baumgardner memo Sullivan to Edmont 5/6/6/ cheland

DETAILED ANALYSIS

Chronological Analysis of Points in San Francisco Letter 5/10/61

Statement in Pamphlet

"Arrangements were made to have the demonstrators join a party-sponsored 'Peace March' on Saturday, May 14, 1960, at the conclusions of the hearings." (Page 7)

San Francisco Observation

San Francisco is concerned that we may have misinterpreted this based on the statement in their 5/31/60 report about the demonstrations wherein they stated that issued orders that efforts should be made to get all comrades to participate in the demonstrations.

b6 b7С

The Facts

We were well aware that many pacifist organizations were sponsors for the Peace March. We did not exclude such sponsorship by not mentioning the pacifist groups. In fact, to have done so would have exposed us to charges that we were attempting to smear them.

Our report was concerned solely with the communist activities which constituted sponsorship of the Peace March. That we were on solid ground to so report this party sponsorship is shown by the fact that (1) communist leaders issued orders to insure that all Party clubs in the area would support the Peace March; (2) the Party members conducted a telephone campaign to insure participation in the March; (3) Party members distributed leaflets encouraging attendance at the March; (4) the communist publication People's World widely publicized the March favorably in advance; (5) Communist Party members arranged for transportation of supporters to the scene of the March; (6) Communist Party members organized a demonstration scheduled to occur just prior to the March and to blend in with it.

These facts are all set forth in the San Francisco report of May 31, 1960, and were based on information obtained from established informants within the Communist Party itself.

Memo Sullivare to Belmont 2 5/16/61

5/16/61 CDB/mch

in Son A? A

Statement in Pamphlet

"Communist tactics (at the San Francisco demonstrations and riot) resulted in what experienced West Coast observers familiar with Communist strategy and tactics have termed the most successful Communist coup to occur in the San Francisco area in 25 years."

(Page 4)

San Francisco Observation

San Francisco questions whether it was right to use the term "Communist coun" based on their original information reported by teletype 5/12/60 that "Old-time observers in San Francisco stated that the demonstration was probably the most successful Communist Party inspired demonstration since the bloody 1934 waterfront strike."

The Facts

In addition to the San Francisco teletype of May 12, 1960, which reported the events of that first day of the hearings, the report of 5/31/60 of that office contained information based on Communist Party informants and established informant techniques which revealed the Party's elation over the demonstrations and riot.

One Party member said old-time members the Party had not heard from in years seemed to "emerge from the woodwork." Another described it as a real "shot in the arm" for the Party. At one Party meeting, the members agreed it was the best thing that had happened for the Party in years. Archie Brown was reported to be bragging about the Party's success. In short, the expressed opinion of all Party members in the area, as reported by San Francisco was that it was "the greatest thing that has happened to strengthen and consolidate the Party in this area in years."

Finally, SAC Richard Auerbach, in a letter to the Director dated 5/13/60, left little doubt on this score, when he stated that "Yesterday...we had a demonstration of communist strength in San Francisco, the likes of which have not been seen since the infamous 1934 strike." (61-7582-4549, pp. 48, 49; 100-151646-22)

Let to SF 5/17/61

you Day

Statement in Pamphlet

"Lima was assured that student support would be forthcoming from Santa Rosa Junior College in Santa Rosa, California."
(Page 5)

San Francisco Observation

San Francisco questions whether we can support this in view of the information they had that "Lima abandoned plans to send someone to the Santa Rosa Junior College in Santa Rosa, California, after receiving assurance of adequate support from certain students in the Bay area."

The Facts

The statement in the pamphlet is based on the fact that did plan originally to send a Communist Party member to the campus of Santa Rosa Junior College to enlist support of students there, but deemed this unnecessary when assured of adequate support from students in the Bay area.

In addition, it was noted that a student group from Santa Rosa did participate in a portion of the three-day activities. A Santa Rosa newspaper reported that a student group from Santa Rosa traveled to San Francisco to participate in the Peace March, which was held in San Francisco on May 14, 1960. The newspaper article identified the participants of the Santa Rosa student group, and the San Francisco Office noted that the names included two former Communist Party members. One of these former Communist Party members was Jean Ireland.

Two Communist Party informants of the San Francisco Office verified the fact that had gone to San Francisco on May 14, 1960, to participate in the Peace March and pointed out that the specific purpose of her trip was to heckle the House Committee on Un-American Activities. (100-420937-13, p. 4)

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het to SF 5/17/61

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Statement in Pamphlet

"The San Francisco branch of the CCPAF was organized, in fact, on April 4, 1960, for the specific purpose of opposing the HCUA hearings."

San Francisco Observation

San Francisco raises the point that we might be challenged as to whether the specific objective of the founding of the San Francisco branch of the Citizens Committee to Preserve American Freedoms (CCPAF) was to oppose the House Committee hearings. It cites the fact that the first evidence it had of this specific purpose was not until the April 13, 1960, meeting of the group at which this purpose was discussed.

The Facts

We cannot possibly be challenged on this point.

a member of the San Francisco County Communist Party furnished information about the founding of the San Francisco branch of the CCPAF on April 4, 1960, and stated that it was clearly discussed at that meeting that a primary aim was to bring about the abolition of the HCUA. (100-387548-342)

An informant of the Los Angeles Office, advised that Frank Wilkinson, executive secretary of the CCPAF, addressed a meeting of the executive board in Los Angeles on May 9, 1960. He stated that he had assisted in the formation of the San Francisco branch following a request from a group there to affiliate with the CCPAF so it could assist in organizing resistance to the HCUA.

(100-387548-356, p. 9)

The San Francisco Office, in its 5/31/60 report on the HCUA hearings, showed that the San Francisco branch of the CCPAF did, in fact, engage in activities to assist in opposing the HCUA.

Finally, it would be ridiculous for anyone to challenge the point, since the CCPAF and all its branches publicly boast of their determination to abolish the HCUA and oppose its hearings whenever and wherever possible.

wrong Call Quella

Let to SF 5/17/61 CDB/moh

- 4 .

Statement in Pamphlet

"This group (CCPAF - San Francisco branch) held an emergency-action meeting the first week in May, 1960." (Page 6)

San Francisco Observation

San Francisco points out that we are subject to challenge on whether the meeting was held, since its information simply was to the effect that the group mailed out a notice that a meeting would take place on May 4, 1960.

The Facts

That a meeting was held-rin fact, that several were held--we know. As San Francisco pointed out, it had the information that a meeting was scheduled for May 4, 1960. The Los Angeles office received information which supplemented the San Francisco office information concerning the meeting.

a Communist Party informant of the Los Angeles office, advised that at a meeting of the executive board of the CCPAF in Los Angeles on May 9, 1960, Frank Wilkinson announced that his services previously had been solicited by the San Francisco group seeking to affiliate as a chapter of the CCPAF to assist in organizing resistance to the HCUA. Wilkinson stated that he had met with the San Francisco group two days "during the first week in May, 1960, during which time many concrete achievements had been made."

Therefore, there would be no question as to our ability to back up the statement that a meeting was held. (100-387548-356, p. 9)

Meino Sullivace to Belmont 5/16/61 Let to SF5/17/61 ODB/meh

b7D

Statement	in	Pamphlet
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"Archie Brown and Merle Brodsky, acting according to plan, were sullen and contemptuous. Both directed vicious and personally insulting remarks at the members of the committee." (Page 7)

•	
	San Francisco Observation San Francisco apparently questions whether Archie Brown could protest that he was not snarling, contemptuous, and personally insulting to members of the committee, since San Francisco's report read that "Brown was insistent in his demands that he be allowed to read a prepared statement" and that both were sullen, snarling and contemptuous in attitude and both directed vicious personal insults at individual members of the committee."
	San Francisco's over-all report of 5/31/60 clearly shows that the two key figures in the Communist Party's plan to disrupt the hearings and foment violence were Archie Brown and The pamphlet concentrated on the antics of these two, and neither Brown nor anyone else could protest that he did not do as described in the pamphlet. San Francisco's report so completely describes Brown's behavior at the hearings that it would be impossible to find enough adjectives to describe his antics. Following are a few sample descriptions: "Brown began by heckling the committee from the floor" "Brown asked why there were no Negroes in the audience" (This was an obvious slap at the southern members of the Committee) "Brown and then commandeered the microphones and began shouting demands that all spectators outside be admitted." "Archie Brown attempted to strike the officers"
	The behavior of both Brown and forced the committee to brown are presented in the part of with San Francisco's observations concerning "the belligerent and insulting behavior of witnesses such as Brown and along with their report of "sullen, snarling, and contemptuous attitude" in directing personal insults at the committee clearly support our statements in the pamphlet. (61-7582-4549, pp. 24, 25, 26) The behavior of both Brown and forced the committee to brown accounts for the belligerent and along with their report of "sullen, snarling, and contemptuous attitude" in directing personal insults at the committee clearly support our statements in the pamphlet. (61-7582-4549, pp. 24, 25, 26) The behavior of both Brown and forced the committee to brown and along with their report of forced the committee to brown and along with their report of forced the committee to brown and

Statement in Pamphlet

"The crowd, instigated by Communists who had maneuvered themselves into strategic positions, became more unruly." (Page 8)

San Francisco Observation

Nothing specific. The San Francisco office just raises the question whether this is a correct interpretation of the material reported by them, mentioning page 21 of their 5/31/60 report as source of the information.

The Facts

The over-all report of San Francisco makes it possible to make no other interpretation. For example, in the over-all sense, San Francisco reported as follows concerning communist tactics at the hearings:

> "Many communists were observed among the crowds outside City Hall during the three days of the hearings, but careful planning enabled them to incite and retreat without running the risk of arrest. For the most part, these Communist campaigners were content to allow the ready supply of 'extras' stage the drama depicting opposition to the HCUA and to orderly law enforcement, while they craftily directed and encouraged the performers from the security of the wings." (Page 31)

"Brown also criticized the procedures of the committee in front of City Hall so that the pickets and the observers were aware of his discontent. He was encouraged repeatedly by stooges who were scattered among the crowd." (Page 29)

On the point of the instigation of violence, the San Francisco report details Brown's activities in raising a disturbance about the admittance prob6 b7C cedure, as well as Brown and success in instigating the students to take up this cry--a cry that ultimately led to the surge of students toward the doors, attempting to gain admittance without the cards, while Communist Party members urged them on. Therefore, there is no question about the Bureau's ability to back up its position on this point.

Let to SF 5/17/61 OR/mch

June 1, 1961

10026

Dear

Your letter of May 22, 1961, has been received, and I want to thank you for your kind remarks concerning our efforts to combat the evil menace of communism.

I regret to advise you that our supply of the pamphlel you mentioned is depleted; however, there is enclosed some other literature on the subject of communism which may be of interest.

Sincerely yours,

MAILED 4 JUN - 3 1961 COMMADER

J. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover Director

Enclosures (4)

Director's Statement Re Internal Security, 4-17-61 Communist Illusion And Democratic Reality Expose Of Soviet Espionage

One Nation's Response To Communism

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles.

Parsona = Belmont. Callah m Constit -DeLouch -Evan: __ Tavel . Trotter.

W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room Ingram

EFT:lmv

ETYPE UNIT



TRUE COPY

May 22,	1961	

b6 b7С

J. Edgar Hoover Dept. of Justice Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Please send me twenty-five copies of, "Communist Target-Youth," for use in an Anti-Communist home study group.

I wish to express my congratulations and heartfelt thanks to you for a splendid job of combating 'International Communism' in our country.

Respectfully yours,

b6 b7C

Mr. Meridians

REC- 95 6 2 - 106 787 - 35 1

8-Eft

May 22, 1961 J. Edgar Hoover Dept. of Justice Washington 25, D. C. Dear Mr. Hoover: Please send me twenty five copies of, Communicat Target- Youth, " for I wish to express my congratulations and heartfeld thanks to you for a combating International Regalifully your pertol dir. CORRESEMENTENCH

b6 b7C

b6 b7С

COMMUNIST THREAT

Red Aim: Dupe Youth of World

This is the second in a series of articles analyzing the threat of communism on the home front and how it should be met.

BY GENE BLAKE

FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover's report makes a good case for the claim that rioting at the House Committee on Un-American Activities hearings in San Francisco last May was Communist inspired.

The 18-page report, en-titled Communist Target Youth, Communist Infiltration and Agitation Tactics," was published by the HCUA last July. It is widely cited in support of the controversial film, "Operation Abolition."

Hoover flatly states the rioting was Communist inspired and falls into a pattern of Communist exploitation and manipulation of youth and student groups throughout the world. He cites the rioting in Japan, demonstrations in Uruguay and molding of youth in Russia, China and Cuba as examples.

Limited Breakthrough

"There has been a limited breakthrough' as far as the efforts of the Communist Party to infiltrate youth and student groups in this country are concerned," he said.
"It is attributable neither

to chance nor to a stroke of good luck for the party. Instead, it is the result of careful planning and a concentrated effort by the party....

"Particularly unfortunate is the fact that many youth

and student groups in our nation today are totally unaware of the extent to which they can be victimized and exploited by Communists."

Hoover said the first stage of the party's plan of action for the San Francisco hearings began to unfold April 26, 1960, when word was received that local Communists had been subpoenaed for May 12-14.

District Chairman

"One of the recipients of i subpoena was Douglas Wachter, an 18 year-old sophomore at University of California, he såid "Wachter, incidentally, had attended the 17th National Convention of the Communist Party in December, 1959, as an official delegate from Northern California.

"Party officials decided to build a major part of their plan of attack around Wachter. Immediately after receiving a subpoena, Wachter proceeded to the University of California campus to organize student demonstra-

"Mickey Lima, chairman of the Northern California District of the Communist Party_instructed Roscoe



J. Edgar Hoover

Proctor, a member of the district committee, to also contact certain students at the University of California and enlist their support.

"Lima was assured that student support would be forthcoming from Santa Rosa Junior College in Santa Rosa, Cal. His contact at San Francisco State College, the son of a current member of the Sonoma County Communist Party, was equally en-

in the area in a memorandum captioned Memo on the Un-Americans. It was a call to action, and rankand-file party members in the area quickly responded.

Petitions Circulated

"Members of the San Jose Club of the Santa Clara County Communist Party circulated petitions and arranged for the publishing of a protest advertisement in the local San Jose newsLOS ANGELES TIMES DATE 5-15-6 LOS ANGELES CA DITOR NICK B. WILLIAMS US ANGELES FIELD OVISION

Mr. Tolson Mr. Parsons Mr. Mehr_ Mr. Belmont. Mr. Callahan_ Mr. Conrad_ Mr. DeLoach Mr. Evans. Mr. Malone.

Mr. Rosen_ Mr. Tavel Mr. Trotter_

Mr. W.C.Sullivan Tele. Room_ Mr. Ingram. Miss Gandy.

port.
"The party line of the hearings and the general plan of attack were outlined and distributed early in May, 1960, to all party members in the area in 62-106289-A NOT RECORDED 191 JUN 6 1961 62-106-289 We 64-7592

b6

b7C

dishard Communist Par for various ways the party ession was to begin, they members arranged for ra-could inflame the emotions grabbed a microphone at the dio broadcasts and publica; of the demonstrators, tion of protest advertises nents in their area news-

papers.
"Fund drives were initiation of the first state of the first s ited in the various clubs to provide financial support for

the attack.

"On the evening of May 6, 1960, party leaders held a meeting to assess their progress and plan further activity. Mickey Lima stated that the activity on the campus of the University of California and the other campuses had begun to pay dividends - students were beginning to call for demonstrations and picket lines to greet the HCUA.

Orders Issued .

"Lima then issued orders that each club representative in the area assume the responsibility of contacting every club member to insure that massive demonstrations would occur at the hearings. He also discussed the plans that had been formulated by the Communist Party youth group in the East Bay area and stated that he wanted them co-ordinated with the plans of the San Francisco groups,

"A telephone campaign! was conducted by party members to solidify opposition to the HCUA and was designed specifically to reach 1,000 people. Merle Brodsky, an active leader in Communist Party affairs in California for more than 20 years, boasted that he was calling everyone he had ever, known, enlisting support for the demonstrations."

As the time for the hearings neared, Hoover said, Communist leaders in Berkeley arranged transportation for Youths interested in at tending each of the three seasions. Meanwhile, he said, plans had been formed

Outbursts Planned

that Brodsky and Archie Brown, a veteran longshoreman and former member of he party's national committhies of the students.

began," Hoover continued, tempting to remove his fa-"party members began play- ther, Saul Wachter. ing their predetermined roles. The belligerent and crowd was beginning to mainsulting behavior of jome terialize. Upon his ejection of the 36 unco-operative witnesses was so aggravating it became necessary to order their forcible removal from the hearing room to pre serve order and decorum.

"Archie Brown and Merle Brodsky, acting according to plan, were sullen and contemptuous. Both directed vicious and personally insulting remarks at the members of the committee.

Group Applauds

"An organized clique of sympathizers in the hearing room aided them in their roles. Approximately 25% of the spectators in the room were individuals under subpoena and their relatives. friends, attorneys and sympathizers. This group applauded and cheered the antics of Brown and Brodsky and booed, hissed and ridiculed the committee at every opportunity.

"Archie Brown's disruptive tactics became so intense that it was necessary to forcibly remove him from the scene. This was exactly what Brown had been striving to achieve in line with his plan to evoke sympathy from the crowd.

After the luncheon Jecels, Brown and Brodsky went into action again: Shortly before the afternoon

front of the hearing room and demanded that all spectators outside be admitted: Reports were received Their sympathizers shouted similar demands.

Orders Refused

After refusing to obey oree, according to Hoover, ders to be seated, Brown, planned physical outbursts Brodsky and several others so that they would be forc were forcibly removed, each this ejected "and thus en-resisting violently. Brown atabled to play on the sympa- tempted to strike two officers and Douglas Wachter threw "As soon as the hearings a briefcase at an officer at-

"Brown's plan to incite the from the hearing room, sympathetic cheers went up from the crowd, consisting mostly of students, gathered inside City Hall at the head of the staircase leading to the room, Both Brown and Brodsky appealed to the crowd, Brodsky encouraging and leading it in chanting, Open the doors; open the goors.

"Despite these disruptive actics, police were able to maintain a semblance of order that first day. It was a different story on the following day. As a result of mushrooming interest generated by the activities of the first day, the crowd on the second day was much larger. A particularly noticeable aspect of the increase was the presence of additional party members and former party members.

Tactics Resumed

"Archie Brown quickly resumed his tactics of the day before once the sessions started. The crowd outside the hearing room chanted and sang songs. The songs and chants were obviously part of a well-organized plan as illustrated by the sing she ts being used. Pleas for order and quiet brought daily

ing the inevitable happenell Viblence flared that afte noon. One of the judges in a municipal countroom in City Hall ordered the mob dispersed because the noise made it impossible for him

to hold court. "When an attempt was made to carry out the order, the crowd responded by throwing shoes and jostling the officers An officer warned that fire hoses would have to be used if the crowd did not disperse, but the .crowd, instigated by .Com munists who had maneuvered themselves into strategic positions, became more unruly.

Violen 3 Set Off.

"One of the demonstrators provided the spark that touched off the flame of violence. Leaping a barricade that had been erected, he grabbed an officer's night stick and began beating the afficer over the head.

(Under oath in the sludent's assault trial, the officer acknowledged that the alleged beating occurred AFTER the fire hose was turned on The student, Robert J. Meisenbach, was acquitted May 3.—Ed. note.)

"The mob surged forward as if to storm the doors. and a police inspector or-dered the fire hose turned on The water forced the criwd to the head of the balustrade, and the cold wil-

iter had a sobering effect dh the emotions of the demonstrators.

"For a few minutes, relative quiet ensued. Taking advantage of the lull, police officers began to lead some of the demonstrators away advising them that they must obey the order to dis-

perse.
'buddenly, realizing what wal, happening, militan, injeers. dividuals in the group set the pattern for renewed vio

the officers. In all, 68 indithe officers. In all, 68 indivituals, most of whem were tydents, were arrested for lighting a riot and resisting alrest."

Hoover said the Community Party's elation over the butcome has been so great that "it bears witness to the lighth of the observation that tuch a Communist coup has not occurred in the San Francisco area in 25 years."

Mayor's Statement

After the controversy over the film "Operation AbDiffion" developed, San Francisco's Mayor George Liferstopher, who said he was an "eyewitness to most of the episodes involved," reforded a statement which generally supports Hoover's refort.

Known Communists —

Known Communists and I repeat this emphatically known Communists were in the lead of this demonstration," Christopher aid.

"The students were dupes who join some of these causes of agitation, believing it is an innocent and harmless expression of civil liberties, not realizing that while they are doing this they are at the same time violating every precept of the liberties they profess to cherish."

Incident Not Mentioned

Christopher said one person even attempted to remove a policeman's gun from his hip pocket. He does not mention the incident which Hoover said touched of the molence, the clubbing of an officer with his night edition.

night stick:

"When some of the people schallenged the policement Christopher said one sergeant then removed the firehose and told them if they came closer they would be sprayed. The stresant then; not having any

alternative except to use his gun or his club of other forceful means, did spray them with water...

The general commotion that followed is very evident in the film. Later, I personally went to the street where a large crowd had gamered and there I tried to speak to them over the police loudspeaker. Again, the deluded and duped followers boodd.

Reply Quoted

"I replied as follows: I have just returned from the Saxiet Union. There I talked to thousands of students. Now one of them agreed with what I said about our free enter prise system, about our capitalist system, alout our democratic process."

es es, but not one of hese Soviet students booed their public officials; either."

Christopher concludes with this commentary:

"As much as they may now wish to protest, I must say that these people did violate every rule of conduct, and the police were left with no alternative other than perhaps to be real brutal and to do some of the things that would have happened had such instances taken place in countries such as the Soviet Union, itself.

"The pictures, I believe; speak for themselves. They are true. They are authentic. They tell the real story and, of course; at the same time, they are also most unfortunate to say the leas!."

Tuesday: The other side of the "Operation Aboution" controversy.

4-572 (Rev. 2-19-60) OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES



The Director

FROM

N. P. Callahan

SUBJECT:

The Congressional Record

Pages Adéli-Adélà. Concresemen Juda. (2) Minassota. extended bls remarks to facindo as criticle written by Ceneral Clyde J. Watto, rolled, untilled "firelesy for Carvival." Mr. Judd stated "A Assericans would only read such a decriment and face up to the realities of the citualions into which our drift and Communica guile have led us, we would not be unprepared for the defeats we have suctained and the worse once still to come unless we quickly armse correlives and rally all the will and renderees of the whole Halton." General Walts makes reference to Mr. Loover's report Connemist Target-Imit."

> NOT RECORDED 102 JUN 6 1961

In the original of a memorandum captioned and dated as above, the Congressional Record for M/M/M was reviewed and pertinent items were marked for the Director's attention. This form has been prepared in order that portions of a cody of the original memorandum may be clipped, mounted, and placed in appropriate Bureau case subject matter files.

June 2, 1931

REC- 95 (12) /11/19/3 - 352 Honorable Ralph Yarborough United States Senate Washington 25, D.C. My dear Senator: Your communication dated May 27, 1931, with enclosure, addressed to the Department of Justice, has been referred to me. b6 While I appreciate the interest which b7C expressed in our report, I regret that our supply of this publication has been depleted. Consequently, I am unable to be of service in this matter. I am returning her letter as you requested. MAILED 31 JUN - 2 1961 Sincerely yours, COMM-FBI J. Edgar Hoover NOTE: Bufiles contain no derogatory information regarding Senator Yarborough and we have enjoyed cordial relations with him. He enclosed a copy of a letter from in which she requested a copy of "Communist Enclosure Target -- Youth. " Bufiles contain no derogatory information regarding On 5-10-61, she wrote to us requesting a copy of this report b7C and we responded on 5-17-61 advising her that our supply had been depleted. 11 W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room TELETYPE UNIT

olson traons ohr allahan Conrad DeLoach Malone Rosen Tavel Trotter

Forn	ı No.	G-	IJ
	3-9-6		

From

THE ATTO EY GENERAL

Deputy Attorney General			
Solicitor General			
Executive Assistant to the Attorney General			
Assistant Attorney General, Antitrust			
Assistant Attorney General, Tax			
Assistant Attorney General, Civil			
Assistant Attorney General, Lands			
Assistant Attorney General, Criminal			
Assistant Attorney General, Legal Counsel			
Assistant Attorney General, Internal Security			
Assistant Attorney General, Civil Rights			
Administrative Assistant Attorney General			
Director, FBI			
Director, Bureau of Prisons			
Director, Office of Alien Property			
Commissioner, Immigration and Naturalization			
Pardon Attorney			
Parole Board			
Board of Immigration Appeals			
Special Assistant for Public Information			
Records Administration Office			
For the attention of			

REMARKS:

/ CLOSIFFE

CORREGEDIO

PLEASE EXPEDITE

THIS MAIL SHOULD BE

ACKNOWLEDGED WITHIN 48 HOURS

United States Senate

Washington, D. C., May 27, 19⁶¹

Respectfully referred to

Legislative Liaison Department of Justice Washington 25, D.C.

(Please return the enclosed letter with the material requested marked to the attention of Dave Shapiro)

Communit Target- youth

ATTORNEY GENERAL

FEDERAL BU. OF INV.

OFPARITY

MAY 31 1961 M.

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ATTORNEY GENERAL

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U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16-46102-2

EC-9562-106289-352

25 JUN 5 1961

CORREGRATORINGE

CLO STREET

from the desk of

b6 .b7C

Mr. Yarborough:

Please, if possible, send me

a copy of J. Edgar Hoover's

pamphlet "Communist Target ... Youth"

Thank you very much

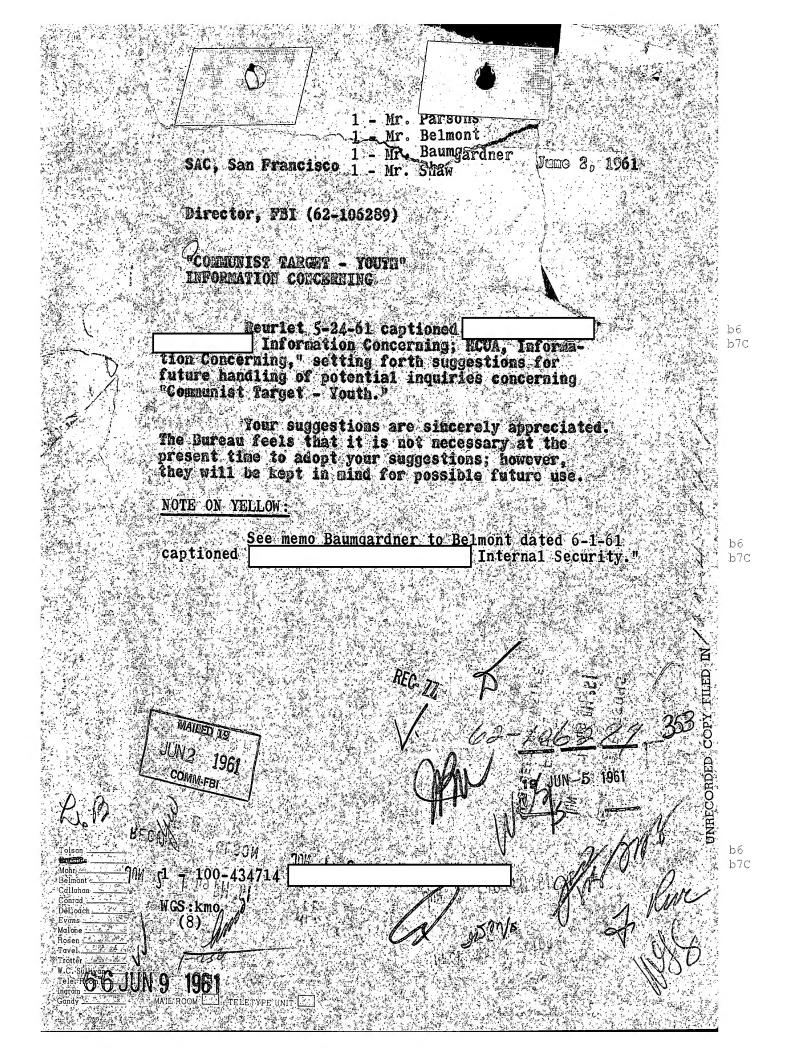
6-22-61

ENCLOSURE

REC. 95. 62-1065-7-352

JUN 5 1961

602000



May 26, 1961

Dear	

Your letter of May 18 has been received.

The publication, "Communist Target--Youth," concerning the San Francisco riot in May, 1960, was based on information from the FBI's investigation of Communist Party activities, from eyewitnesses on the scene, and from official reports of local authorities involved. The description of the demonstration itself came from police reports and eyewitnesses. This publication has not been edited or changed since it was originally issued.

In view of the recent additional publicity in this matter, a responsible eyewitness to the riot wrote to me just this past week and in part summarized:

> "To sum it all up, there was a fracas on the Hearing Room side of the barricade involving a young man whose identity I do not know, triggering the mob violence immediately preceding the police use of the hoses. There is no question as to this sequence of events."

"Communist Target--Youth" outlined the agitational tactics used by communists during the May, 1960, hearings to build the emotional pitch of the demonstrations to an explosive point-the point at which an effort was made to supplant the rule of law with mob action. These facts speak for themselves. Despite confusing and contradictory statements which have been made about the Porsonaffair, the truth is that a riot occurred and lawful authority was flouted.

> NOTE: Bufiles contain no identifiable information regarding correspondent.

JMM:hmm

TELETYPE UNIT

Conrad Evans

Trotter)

'Circuit Riders' Challenge Minister

This is a reply to a letter in the March 24, 1961, Voice of the People column over the name of Joe L. Nutt, minister, Fairfield Highlands Methodist Church. The letter which appears over the name of Joe L. Nutt is further indication that the era in which we live might be recorded in history

as the era of propaganda.

The most trusted and respected living American is J. Edgar Hoover, director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Mr. Hoover reported, in writing on the San Francisco May 12-14, 1960, student riots, that these riots were part of a worldwide student incitation program. A copy of Mr. Hoover's report, attached hereto, indicates very clearly that the FBI and its director connected the San Francisco student riots with the Communist Party and individual Communist leaders in the San Francisco

The university sophomore who was subpoenaed as a witness was identified as a delegate to the 1959 Communist convention of the Communist Party held in New York. The chief of police, mayor of San Francisco, and the judge who passed sentence on the adults and students who participated in and led the San Francisco student riots, all state the film, "Operation Abolition," is a truthful portrayal of this infamous blot on the history of the United States.

The Rev. Robert W. Moon, quoted by Joe L. Nutt, as criticizing the film "Operation Abolition," is connected by experts on communism as a person who made and is making a career out of being duped.

"The Christian Century" magazine is regarded by experts on communism and many conservative citizens as peaceably coexisting in its columns with anti-anti-Communist leaders and movements while not being able to tolerate almost any effective anti-Communist or anti-Communist movement. Some of us believe that if The Christian Century is an effective anti-Communist and anti-collectivist effort, the conservative and patriotic and loyal persons in the United States will not need many enemies.

The efforts of many denominational leaders in the United States and National Council of Churches leaders and publications to destroy the House of Representatives Committee on Un-American Activities was one of the most unsuccessful major national propaganda programs of this decade. After the printing of tons of attacks upon the Committee on Un-American Activities, reaching down to the local city and rural church levels with a destroy-the-Committeeon-Un-American-Activities campaign, 412 members of the U.S. House of Representatives voted in 1961 to continue the committee with a larger appropriation than was voted for the committee in the previous session of the Congress. Do six votes against the committee indicate that only six persons had the personal desire to destroy the committee and/or possible support at home for such an infamous undertaking?

Circuit Riders, Inc., was founded in 1951 for the purpose of exposing and opposing the use of church personnel, programs and facilities in behalf of socialistic, pro-Communistic and other un-American activities.

M. G. LOWMAN,

Executive secretary, Circuit Riders, Inc., 110 Government Place, Cincinnati 2, Ohio.

COMMUNIST TARGET—YOUTH

Communist Infiltration and Agitation Tactics

A REPORT BY J. EDGAR HOOVER, DIRECTOR OF THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION, ILLUSTRAT-ING COMMUNIST STRATEGY AND TACTICS IN THE RIOTING WHICH OCCURRED DURING HOUSE COMMIT-TEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES HEARINGS, SAN FRANCISCO, MAY 12-14, 1960

Published by the House Committee on Un-American Activities

UNITED STATES

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

WASHINGTON: 1960

162-106289 NOT RECORDED

199 JUN 16 1961

579649

* Ask your Congressment to get a copy of these report for your. (I) Circuit Riders, 110 Government

EXHIBIT #674 Circuit Riders, Inc., 110 Government Place, Cincinnati 2, Ohio

57JUN 191931



MYERS G. LOWMAN, during one of his two talks here yesterday, displayed original copies of Soviet anti-Christ literature published during the 1920s to "destroy the allegiance of the Russian people to any concepts which prevented their total allegiance to the communist cause." They were introduced to document his belief that a "more sop-histicated approach is being used in America."

Ohio Businessman Visits City To Flay Red Sympathizers

Myers G. Lowman Lashes Out At 'Dupes' In Many Areas Of American Society

Speaker Flays Red 'Dupes'

(Continued from Page One) who were murdered," to Protestant church literature, particularly that from the National Council of Churches.

"The Cold War is now hotter than the hinges of hell as a result of this and other duplicities of the 'Typhoid Marys' who are not communists, but who spread its malignancies," he added.

He referred to documents listing 9,000 clergymen and 6,000 educators who "have backed communist-front movements and causes," including 614 Presbyterians, 1,411 or 20.5 per cent of Protestant Episcopal rectors, 660 Baptist, clergymen, 2,018 Methodist ministers, 450 rabbies, 42 per cent of Unitarian celrgymen, many Roman Catholic lay leaders and 30 of the 95 collaborators in preparing the Standard Revised Version of the Bible.

His remarks covered the plans for the Black Republic in the U. S. South outlined at the 6th World Congress of communism, and the work of James Dombrowski and Carl Braden with the Southern Conference for Human Welfare and the Southern Conference Educational Fund.

(The background of these men has been published in The Clarksdale Press Register on two previous occasions when they appeared here to meet with or address Negro organizations.)

He concluded with an appeal to his listeners to "put an end to this organized confusion and the things that are happening in America by using your good sense to investigate and to withhold support from groups which seek to destroy you. Financing one's own destruction is the height of folly."

Lowman was introduced at the

afternoon session by Stovall Lowrey, a member of Cooper Yer-ger Post, American Legion, whose auxiliary sponsored the local appearances. He was accompanied on his current speaking tour through Mississippi, which included an appearance Wednesday at Holmes County Junior College, by Mrs. Harry Scrivener, director of research for the Mississippi Sovereignty Commission.

"Must we forgive the educated | for being ignorant, must we over look the theists who are doing the work of the atheists, must we ignore the adult delinquents who are responsible, not only for the causes of juvenile delinquency, but for the moral weakness of our nation?" asked Myers G. Lowman, Cincinnati businessman, leader of Circuit Riders, Inc., and widely-known and controversial speaker on communist infiltration in America, in one of two public addresses in Clarksdale yesterday.

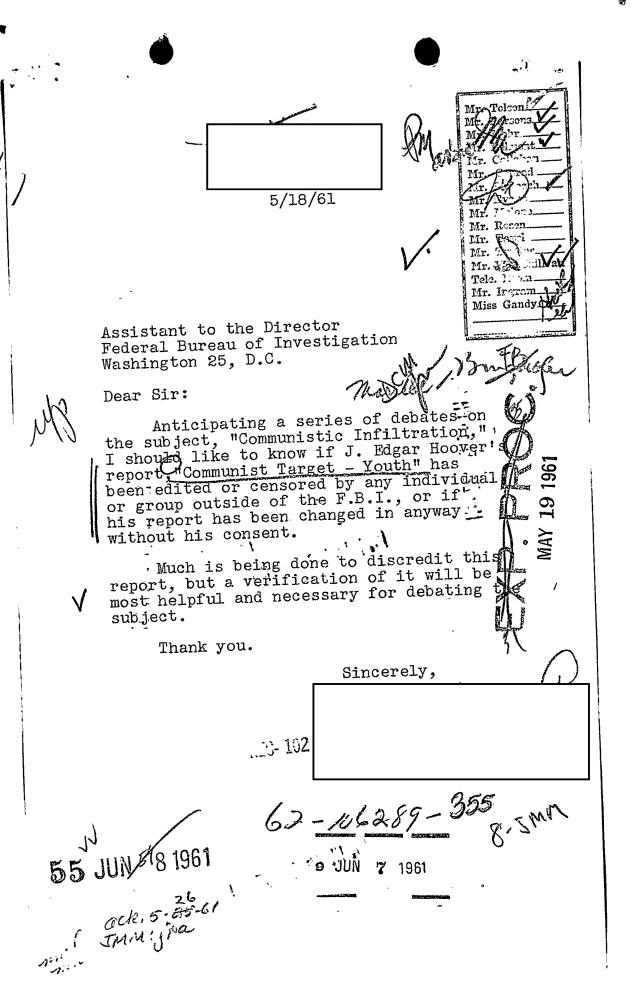
In his appearances at 2 p.m. and 8 p.m. at the American Legion Hut, under the sponsorship of the Mississippi Sovereignty Commission and the newlyorganized Paul Revere Ladies of Mississippi, Lowman lashed at the "communists and pro-communist dupes in the church, education, journalism and enter-tainment fields' for doing the work of "international communism, whether as humanitarian fools, interiecual prostitutes, or knowing members of the worldwide Red apparatus."

The turnout yesterday afternoon was small, but a larger crowd heard the man, termed a 'witch hunter by critics and hailed as well-informed anti-communist speaker by many conservative groups, lash out, without regard to denomination, against the church leaders 'who have successfully subverted the hu-manitarian desire of most Americans to do good toward their ple, except for the 30 million fellow, man." (Continued on Page Five)

Turning to those in Mississippi who have challenged the right of the state sovereignty group to use tax funds to employ him to make public addresses and school appearance, Lowman challenged Hodding Carter, editor and publisher of the Delta Democrat-Times in Greenville, to 'publicly debate with me over television or any media that will reach numbers of the people of this state" the questions raised by me about the purposes and methods of communist front affiliates."

Among other Mississippians attacked by Lowman yesterday afternoon were Joe Wroten of Greenville, president of the North Mississippi Conference of the Methorist Church; Bishop Mar-vin Franklin for "his refusal to take issue with the pronouncements of the Methodist bishops" on such mattere; Roman Catholic Auxiliary kishop Joseph Brunini for his affiliation with the Southern Regional Council; and, by reference to numerous documents and books displayed, a number of other clergymen, professors and former residents of the state.

Lowman opened by tracing briefly the worldwide history and sweep of communism from Lenin, through the Russian Revoluin, the Depression, World War II, and the gains it has made since, particularly in China and Cuba. He attributed the success of the "agrarian reform bill of goods, under which communism was imposed on the Chinese peo-



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1	C. OPTIONAL FORM N	10 10		,,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1.500
;	•	STATES OVER ENT			Parsons Mohr.
4		norandum			Callyn in
1		ioi.aiiaaiii			DeLoach Evans
Ì	то :.	Mr. Mohr	DATE:	May 29, 196	1 Malone
4	.,			,	Trotter
}	FROM :	C. D. DeLoach	,	, ,	Tele. Room
**		,		:	Gandy A
ij	SUBJECT:	MOTION PICTURE,	'OPERATION ABO	LITION''	Sull
Ì		SAN FRANCISCO RI	OTS		1 90
70		HOUSE COMMITTE	E ON UN-AMERICA	AN ACTIVITIES (HCUA)
, stephen		Reference is made t	o my memorandum	of May 16, 1961	, wherein it
1	_	hat we contact	•	lloon of Washington $lacksquare$	Video, and 💹
j		y of the motion picture ersion out as of April o		tion," it being n	bed that there :,
	was a new ye				b7C 2
		called		reed to make a c	
	the film was	le was first called on I	May 19 but had to be	e prodded severa	I times before
		•		•	
		The film has been re	eviewed and it is no	ted the film is r	now based on the
	the booklet a	poklet, $\mathcal{O}_{ ext{Communist T:}}$ and the narrator states	argetYouth." In as follows:	e mm opens with	1 a photograph b
	comm	This pamphlet is a runist strategy and tac			
		e Committee on Un-An			rancisco,
		ornia, on May 12 throu			the FBI
	Direc	ctor's report, is the st	ory of those riots.	•	
	ta	It is further noted th			ther portions
	5 6	t are quoted and are m			rn
		ist TargetYouth." It is quoted in the film.			7.
	4 4	10 1	160	7-106289	Time!
	OBSERVATION			RECORDED	man muta the
	ll matter squar	This revised version rely on the Bureau, it			
	on the Direct		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
	DESCRIBE.	TO A MITORIE		JUN 16 !	b6 b7C
	RECOMMEN	That we talk to	about this and	see if we cannot	get him to revis
	the narration	at least to the point of	f taking out the sen	tence, OThis filr	n, based on the
	FBI Director	's report, is the story	of those riots."	Street Annual Property of the Control of the Contro	o bullow with
	1 - Mr. Belr	nont	of those riots." I squee, " our perm	Company on or	•
	1 - Mr. Pars	sons Wyell Jic	our perms	· ()	3
K	1 - Mr. Jone 8 JUN 281961	134 his	· Other 'Ru	THE YEAR	music stap
U)	ECK: sak (5)	The second of the second		EN D	· K

	Memorandum for Mr. Parsons RE:	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	letter and, therefore, there appears to be in this column. In view of this, we propostand as written, although Sentner may, of wording we have suggested.	ose to let the column
	If you agree, this will be given to have Auerbach clear this with released.	Dave Sentner. We will prior to the time it is
	A Cho	
- 1 Table - 1 Ta	5A C	SED WICK AT
ř	5:31	P.M. 5/25/61 THAT APPEOUED
\	MondCed with USE	OF HIS NAME AND
	5/10/01- US	
	DAT AUF	A APPROVED BY RBACH AND BY

5-25-61

Memorandum for Mr. Parsons RE:

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from official reports of local authorities involved. The description of the demonstration itself came from police reports and eyewitnesses.

"'Communist Target - Youth' outlines the agitational tactics used by communists during the May, 1960, hearings to build the emotional pitch of the demonstrators to an explosive point-the point at which an effort was made to supplant the rule of law with mob action. These facts speak for themselves. Despite confusing and contradictory statements which have been made about the affair, the truth is that a riot occurred and lawful authority was flouted."

You will note we have shortened the proposed reply by Meliminating the last paragraph which we have been using, namely:

> "I am sure you will agree that it is necessary for our citizens to be informed about the use of such tactics by communists. Only with this knowledge can the people of this Nation defeat the continuing efforts of communists to achieve a breakdown of law and order in our society and, at the same time, cope with our Nation's problems in a calm, rational, and orderly manner."

In addition, we will be alert to answer any specific questions asked by correspondents where it is possible to do so.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

Auerbach) to

SAC Auerbach has advised that |

The above wording is suggested.

There is attached a proposed reply (cleared with SAC to reporter for the "San Francisco Examiner." ch has advised that is discreet, well-known and helpful to the San Francisco Office.

and his wife are social contacts of the SAC. A review of San Francisco and Bureau

files reveals no verified derogatory information concerning However, there are several references to him in the files. a note on stationery of Lingt further identified) addressed to movie actress

was found in the baggage of a suspected German alien enemy. Note was dated 7-15-38 and merely introduced the German. In 1951 was a contact of Assistant

	Memorandum for Mr. Parsons RE:	b6 b70
ACTION ATTENDED WAS ASSESSED.	United States Attorney who had presented without authorization a case to the Grand Jury. In 1953 was subject of investigation based on complaint of two Federal judges who claimed they had received information that had tapped their phones. Investigation failed to substantiate the allegation. In August, 1954, was described as believing a headline was more important than our national security. Source of this information was subsequently found to be completely unreliable. On 2/1/57, was honored on TV program for having located body of kidnap victim which led to conviction of slayer. In August, 1958, name was contained in 61-page address book of gangster an outstanding newspaperman won the and again in he was a in for the best local reporting.	ь6 ъ7
į	Our San Francisco Office again reviewed its files on 5/24/61 and, taking into account the information set out above, reiterated that had functioned for a number of years as an outstanding dogged, specialty reporter, who is extremely well-known in the city. He has been of assistance to the San Francisco Office in a variety of situations. (A summary memorandum on is attached.)	,
	CK x	
	There is also attached a proposed column to be used by of Hearst Publications. This was read to SAC Auerbach on 5/25/61. He said he gets the impression that the words used are too violent in some instances; that it is not a calm, objective approach, with the solid wording which appeals to people in editorials. For example, the wording on page one, "the violent attack on police by the raging mob"; and on page two, "demonstrators who sprang forward menacingly," were phrases he objected to. Auerbach also thought the word "triggered" on page two was a part of the controversy raging on this subject matter. Other than this suggestion to temper the language, Auerbach agreed with the contents.	b6
(Description	As to Auerbach's comments, Mr. DeLoach's office advises that this proposed column was written in short, punchy style. 'The word "triggered" is actually used in	b70

June 2, 1961 Honorable Frank J. Becker House of Representatives Washington 35. D. C. My dear Congressman: I have received your letter of May 20, with enclosure, and appreciate the interest which prompted your communication. In response to your request, printing and distribution of Communist Target--Youth are not being "held up" as your coastituent stated in his letter to you." is apparently confused by the fact that it has been necessary for the FBI to advise that the supply of this pamphlet is presently depleted. This situation resulted from the great demande made for it and, unfortunately, because of budgetary considerations, it is not possible at this time to state when additional copies will be available. Sincerely yours, MAILED 31 nin - 2 1961 J. Edgar Hoover COMM-FBI 1 - New York 71 - Chief Inspector William C. Sullivan 1 - M. A. Jones - Enclosure NOTE: Congressman Becker is on the Special Correspondents' List. No record could be located in Bufiles with respect to This reply discussed with the Domestic Intelligence Division. MHA:lcl (7) Mohr Callahan Conrad DeLock Evans Malone Sullivo Tavel Trotter



COMMITTEE: ARMED SERVICES

Congress of the United States

House of Representatives

Washington, D. C.

May 26, 1961

ROOM 1727

HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING
WASHINGTON, D.C.

TELEPHONE: CAPITOL 4-3121
EXT. 4921, 4922, 4923

DISTRICT OFFICE: 54 FOREST AVENUE LYNBROOK, LONG ISLAND NEW YORK

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Parsons
Mr. Parsons
Mr. Parsons
Mr. Delmont
Mr. Callahan
OMr. Cohrad
Mr. Evans
Mr. Malone
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Mr. W.C.Sullivan
Tele. Room
Mr. Ingram
Miss Candy

and I would appreciate your advising me

The enclosed is copy of a letter from

how I may reply to him.

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Washington 25, D. C. Communist

Director

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Sincerely yours

Frank J. Becker, M.C.

FJB:s Encl.

REG-17 6252- 356

25 JUN 7 1961

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BINGLOSTRE ATTACHED

M

May 11, 1981

Congressman Frank Becker House Office Building Washington, D. C.

Door Mr. Becker.

Al, a Fecent As riconian meeting of the legion. I berned that at present, further printing and distribution of the Hester pamphlet "Communist Tarjet Youth" is being held up and an wondering if you have my information on this wery critical question.

At a time when Operation Abolition is getting numerous ebouings in the county, it is necessary that a wide circulation of this posphlet be sade to present the true facts.

Your reply is anxiously swelted.

TOEX	HLV.	

62.166289.

TOT XI

357

June 5, 1961

REC- 3

Medical Arts Building Dallas, Texas

Dear

Jun 5 5 41 |
REC'D-READING

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I have received your letter of May 26, with encrease, and I appreciate the interest which prompted you to communicate with me on this occasion.

The film, "Operation Abolition," was sponsored and distributed by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, and the FBI did not participate in its preparation or distribution. I cannot, therefore, comment concerning this film.

The publication, "Communist Target - Youth," concerning the San Francisco riot in May, 1960, was based on information from the FEI's investigation of Communist Party activities, from eyevitnesses on the scene, and from official reports of local authorities involved. The description of the demonstration itself came from police reports and eyewitnesses.

In view of the publicity in this matter, a responsible eyewitness to the riot wrote to me just recently and in part summarized:

"To sum it all up, there was a fracas on the Hearing Room side of the barricade involving a young man whose identity I do not know, triggering the mob violence immediately preceding the police use of the hoses.

There is no question as to this sequence of events."

V)

Belmont

Mohr ____ Callahan

Conrad

Malone Rosen

Sullivan Tavel _

Trotter Tele. Room

DeLoach Evans __ 1 - Dallas - Enc. 2

COMM-FOI

Enclosure 4-17-61 Director's Statement re Internal Security NOTE: Bufiles contain no derogatory information regarding correspondent. The only outgoing to him, 6-10-60. Bufiles contain no derogatory information re-

garding

JMM:cah

Jun BOOK [

TELETYPE UNIT

J. 18

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"Communist Target - Youth" outlined the agitational tactics used by communists during the May, 1960, hearings to build the emotional pitch of the demonstrations to an explosive point—the point at which an effort was made to supplant the rule of law with mob action. These facts speak for themselves. Despite confusing and contradictory statements which have been made about the affair, the truth is that a riot occurred and lawful authority was flouted.

Enclosed is one of my recent statements on communism which you may find of interest.

Sincerely yours,

U. Edgar Hoover

Enclosure

at a		Mr. Tolson- Mr. Parsons Mr. Bekannt
		Mr. Callahan b
	DISEASES AND SURGERY OF THE EYE	Mr. Deleck
	MEDICAL ARTS BUILDING	Mr. Evans Mr. Malone
	DALLAS, TEXAS	Mr. Rosen
NY CO	May 26, 1961	Mr. Tavel
CALL	may 20, 1901	A A Mr. W.C.Sullivar
0 1	,	Tele. Room
		Mr. Ingram Miss Gandy
	<i>₹</i>	
		AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF
	Mr. Herbert Hoover (
	Director of Federal Bureau of Investigation	
V	Washington 25, D. C.	magazini. A. E
Ţ	Dear Mr. Hoover:	J. J
-		
I	Enclosed is a copy of a letter from	at the <u>Perkin</u> s
	School of Theology. I believe him to be sincere an	
	appraisal of the communist conspiracy as it relates He and I have a basic disagreement, however, on int	
	report "Communist Target - Youth." He seems to fee	
	adequate evidence in the publication to sustain the	
	conspiracy was, in fact, actually responsible for t	
	demonstrations in May, 1960. He is speaking before	
	laymen and conveying in my opinion the wrong impress based on his misinterpretation he has opposed the s	
	Operation Abolition" which he considers not to be	MIOWITHE OF OHE TITH
<i>g 4</i> :	OF THE STATE OF TH	
	It would be greatly appreciated if you could supply	r me with any in-
] 1	formation or reports that might be persuasive to	
1.	Sincerel	y yours,
	: DIMEGLES	yours,
		STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P
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1 King 1	Y" tour	
Tom	1 100	

MAY 29 1961

SOUTH ARM METHODIST UNIVERSITY PERSON SCHOOL OF THEOLOGY DALLAS ES, TEXAS

May 24, 1961

Med 1 Arts bullding De' Fease

Desi

Thank you for the letter and the reprint from Human Events. This is a publication which I do not receive nor read. All of my information concerning Mr. hoover and his reports were published in the brochure put out by the house Communist Earget. Youth. I am Activities. This was entitled "Communist Target. Youth." I am aware that Mr. hoover has indicated a Communist plot to indite demonstrations at the mearings to ben Francisco. I have no reason to doubt that such a communisty prevailed. My contention is that to doubt that such a communisty prevailed. My contention is that in, hoover does not present adequate evidence in this publication to sustain the theory that the conspiracy was in fact actually responsible for the demonstrations. Since I am leaving town in the morning to be give for approximately two weeks, I cannot document this for you at the present moment. When I return to the city I hope to give you citations from the report by Mr. Hoever.

I'm enclosing a reprint from a San Francisco newspaper which is the best source of information I have received on these demonstrations. Although this newspaper does not agree with the extreme strations of either side, it appears to us to be a report that is worth teading. I periously quastion the objectivity of the teading.

-show I know. I have not relied upon his article or any introduction of the second in the second in

Sincerely,

DJ:dl

Enclosure

(Dictated by

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> b6 b7C

1 - IIr. Fox INFORMATION CONCERNING (INTERNAL SECURITY SECTION) At 4:45 p.m. on 6-9-61. Brandeis University, Waltham, Massachusetts, called at the Bureau and inquired of the Bureau's pamphlet "Communist Target - Youth." He was interviewed by Supervisor Frederick F. Fox and he furnished the following information. said that he was on his way home to California and expected to complete his education at the University of California, Berkeley. He said he resides at California. said he was interested in our paraphlet, Communist Target - Youth." because he understood that it mentioned the name of who reportedly was one of the demonstrators at the House Cormittee on Un-American Activities hearings in San Francisco, California. 5/12-14/60 that touched off the riot. Inasmuch as according to was acquitted at a trial in San Francisco, he felt that the pamphlet was in error. was advised as one of the that our pamphlet did not mention demonstrators and that there was nothing in the pamphlet to indicate that he had touched off the riot. said that apparently he was mistaken and, therefore, if the pamphlet did not mention by name, the pamphlet was not in error. requested a copy of the pamphlet, at which time he was advised the Bureau no longer has available copies of "Communist Target - Youth." He apparently was satisfied with these explanations and left the Bureau amicably. was not asked why he was specifically interested in our pamphlet, but it can be assumed that his interest has been generated by the fact that he will attend the

University of California, Berkeley. A discussion of the riot in San Francisco was not pressed because of the controversial issues

Bureau indices fail to disclose any references pertaining

162-106287-NOT RECORDED 149 JUI. 14, 1961

June 12, 1961

1 - Mr. Baumgardner

1 - Mr. Sullivan

Hr. W. C. Sullivan

involved.

ACTION:

to the captioned individual.

For information.

1 - 62-106289 ("Communist Target - Youth")

Mr. F. J. Baumgardner

PRIGINAL FILE I

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11

SAC, San Francisco

June 6, 1961

b6 b7C

EX-116

REC- 83

Director, FBI (62-106289) ____ 357

"COLUNIST TAGGET-YOUTH"
INFORMATION CONCENTING
(INTERNAL SECURITY)

Re Phoenix letter to the Bureau (copies to San Francisco) dated May 18, 1961, captioned "Operation Abolition" setting forth information furnished by ______ regarding an allegation that the FBI report ("Communist Target-Youth") was based on hear say information coming from a disreputable poince officer whose wife since the time of the riots had committed suicide.

You are requested to advise as to whether your office has any information pertaining to this allegation that a police officer's wife had committed suicide.

WGS:meav

Tolson Belmont Mohr Callahan Callahan Conrad DeLoach Evans Malone Rosen Sullivan Tavel Trotter Tele. Room Ingram Gandy MAIL HOW TRUTTE UNIT

Michael

TIONAL FORM NO. 10 Mr. Tolson Mr. Parsons UNITED STATES GO Mr Cycling Mr. Bernond emorandum Mr. Calahan Mr. , Conrad. Mr. DATE: 5/18/61 Er Evens DIRECTOR, FBI Mr. Morene Mr. Pogen SAC, PHOENIX (100-0) 제식 W.C.Eullivan Tele. Room. Mr. Ingram. SUBJECT: OPERATION ABOLITION Miss Gandy a prominent churchwoman in the Episcopal Church of Phoenix, recently attended a Synod at San Jose, California, which was sponsored by the Episcopal Church, and more particularly, by Bishop of San Francisco. this meeting there was a discussion led by an assistant to Bishop was quite disturbed because she said at the meeting had apparently succeeded in completely disparaging and discrediting the film "Operation Abolition". She stated that she was particularly disturbed when one of the participants brought up to the question of the FBI having indicated that the student riots were Communist dominated and that made the statement that the FBI report has been discredited, due to the fact that he understood that it was based on heresay coming from a disreputable police officer, whose name she does not know, and who, since the time of the riots, had a wife who committed suicide. She said that went out of his way to belabor the point that the student riots were definitely not imposed by Communists, but were inspired by the individual reaction of students to a situation where they felt the House Committee on Un-American Activities (HCUA) were treating teachers in an unfair manner. She stated did not convince her, but seemed to convince many of the people present who have not undertaken to inform themselves about the Communist conspiracy () - 10/21 **REC-83** This is for the Bureau's information. JUN 8 1967 St. Such 2 - Bureau (RM) 2 - San Francisco (RM) 1 - Phoenix ELB:mss 61.11 B BE THE (5)Ethirt St.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10		millet
UNITED STATES GOVERY ENT	1	Beyling Washing Cottlebung
*, Memorandum		Conrad
	0.0104	Malone Rosen
то : Mr. DeLoach	DATE: 6-9-61	Sullivan Tavel
FROM : D. C. Morrell		Tele. Room
\/		dulidy
suвјест:	V	
		/Wil
INQUIRY RE COMMUNIST	TARGETYOUTH"	
statement on page 8 of "Communist Tan one of the demonstrators who provided He also refers to the testimony of Patro wherein turned on and then shut off again before	rgetYouth" which de the spark that touched olman acknowledged the he encountered he acquittal of view of this, he wants owledged the report and by this statement, he intends to incorporaring regarding the Haclude in his report the day as compared with an ever before. He was corroborative inform the term "communist"	in the trial of b6 e fire hoses had been states seems to invalidate to know if the FBI still s being erroneous or at ''on what grounds does it rate the Director's reply CUA's two visits to ne Director's evaluation previous years and whether would also like to know if ation available to the public '' to that individual. He
literature on communism.	orthient as possible	_
Bufiles reflect we last continue his address was Massachusetts. By letter of April 29, paragraph on page 8 of "Communist Tar Director as to the current validity of the given the current approved answer to que with the exception of the reference to the witness to the riot who summarized:	Williams College 1961, made and made and wanted by the FBI report. In the destions regarding "Control of the control of the co	ted a statement from the reply of May 10, he was ommunist TargetYouth"
	here was a fracas on tricade involving a you REC- 50	- v
1 - Mr. Sullivan - Enclosures (2) 1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan - Enclosures (2	22	S JUN 13 1961
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Morrell to DeLoach Memo

identity I do not know, triggering the mob violence immediately preceding the police use of the hoses. There is no question as to this sequence of events."

It was noted that he was also written by letter of date 4-18-61 and advised that the Director could make no comment about the film, "Operation Abolition," and was furnished reprint material on communism.

OBSERVATIONS:

This is the third communication from about "Communist Target--Youth" and the second one with respect to the statement on page 8 of this publication. Because both communications bear addresses of approximately 3,000 miles apart, it is possible he is looking for ways to embarrass the Bureau by not referring in his current communication to his previous one of April 29 where he asked almost the identical questions. It is felt that nothing would be gained by giving him a responsive reply although each of his questions could be answered very logically.

Also, he intends to publish the Director's reply in a report he is preparing about the HCUA which obviously will not be favorable to this body. If we would respond to his

Also, he intends to publish the Director's reply in a report he is preparing about the HCUA which obviously will not be favorable to this body. If we would respond to his questions, considerable embarrassment could result because of the manner in which he could portray the Director's answers and could also possibly embroil the FBI in an unfavorable situation with the HCUA. Consequently, it is felt we should inform him in an in-absence type reply that the facts stated in our letter to him of May 10 still stand and the pressure of the Director's official commitments will preclude his acceding to his other requests.

RECOMMENDATION:

The attached in-absence letter be approved and sent.

- 2 -

May 31, 1961 REC- 17 7 All Saints Episcopal Rospital of Fort Worth, Texas Post Office Dox 31 Fort Lorth, Texas Dear Your letter dated May 19, 1961, has been received. In your letter you have attributed to Sheriff Motthew Carberry the following statement: "there was no act of physical aggression on the part of the students." I would like to point out that on December 6, 1960, Sheriff Natthew C. Carberry, Sheriff of the County and City of San Francisco, California, issued the following statement concerning the above quote originally attributed of "Reporter" manazine. to him by "I did not make that statement. I do not know the author of the article, and have nover spoken to him and have never been: interviewed by him. "I was on the scene on Thursday and Friday (Hay 12 and 13) up to luncheon time when I went for a luncheon conference with the The disorders took place during luncheon and I was in no position to know anything about them." The publication, "Communist Target - Youth," concerning the San Francisco riot in May, 1960, was based on information from the PII's investigation of Communist Party activities, from eyewitnesses on the scene, and from 1 - SAC, Dallas (Enclosure) (See note page two)

William ILL SEE NOTE ON YELLOW PAGE TWO

MAIL ROPPLET THEY BUT WGS: kmo (4)

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SAINTS EPISCOPAL HOSPITAL FORT WORTH, TEXAS 1400 EAST ENDERLY PLACE May 19, 1961 Mr. J. Edgar Hoover United States Dept. of Justice Federal Bureau of Investigation Mr. Mr. Malone Washington 25, D. C. Mr. Rosen. Mr. Tavel Dear Mr. Hoover: Mr. Tr In your report, "Communist Target - Youth" you make the following statement Mr. Ingram "One of the demonstrators provided the spark that touched off the flame of the flam violence. Leaping a barracade that had been erected, he grabbed an officer's night stick and began beating the officer over the head. The mob surged forward as if to storm the doors, and a police inspector ordered the fire hose turned on. The water forced the crowd to the head of the balustrade, and the cold water had a sobering effect on the emotions of the demonstrators." In the May 14 issue of The I'ving Church on page 10 there is a report of the student at the University of California, fact that was acquitted of the charges accusing him of attacking San Francisco patrolman with the officer's nightstick. The article further 🔨 states: agreed during cross-examination at the "Patrolman b6 trial that the fire hoses were turned on before the alleged attack on b7C his person. This was brought out after the officer was shown news |well toward the rear of the photographs which showed_ crowd before, during, and after the hosing." I was told yesterday by a man who was showing the film "Operation-Abolition" that this acquittal did not mean anything, since all the students that were arrested were considered to have been dupes and not really the guilty party. This may or may not be so, but what I am concerned about is whether or not you have information that will reconcile the discrepency between your report given above, and that given by Sheriff Matthew Corberry "that there was no act of physical aggression on the part of the students" which coincides with a statement by the student committee (which is not mentioned in your report as being communist linked) which states: all 5-3/-1/ REG- 17. 62-106289 - 360 WSD: Production for 9 JUN 70 1001 ORRED 1961

The sound track of the film asserts that the use of the fire hoses was prompted by a rush of the demonstrators over the police barricades during the time a policeman was beaten. It is significant that no film shots of this alleged event are shown in the movie. The reason is simple. None exist. All pictures taken at the start of the hosing show the demonstrators seated, separated from the police by barricades which have not been disturbed."

Is it possible that the information which you had access to regarding an act of violence by a student committed against an officer with the officer's nightstick, before the use of fire hoses by the policeman, is it possible that is information is in error and subject to revision, or are we to believe that the statements of these other people including the evidence used in court to acquit are lies and manufactured evidence?

Sincerely yours.	

b6 b7C

DWB:mfw

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-Th	, .)	
g W	<i>ν</i>	
	Dear	

May 29, 1901

I have received your letter of May 22, with enclosures, and I appreciate the interest which has prompted you to communicate with me on this occasion.

The publication, "Communist Target-Youth," concerning the San Francisco riot in May, 1950; was based on information from the FBF's investigation of Communist Party activities, from eyewitnesses on the scene, and from official reports of local authorities involved. The description of the demonstration itself came from police reports and eyewitnesses.

In view of the purlicity in this matter, a responsible eyewilless to the riot wrote to me just recordly and in part summarized:

MAY 2 19 1961

allahan onrad _ eLoach "To sum it all up, there was a fracas on the Hearing Room side of the barricade involving a young man whose identity I do not know, triggering the mob violence immediately preceding the police use of the hoses. There is no question as to this sequence of events."

"Communist Target--Youth" outlined the acitational tactics used by communists during the May, 1960, hearings to build the emotional pitch of the demonstrations to an explosive point--the point at which an effort was made to supplant the rule of law with mob action. These factor open that home laws. Despite confusing and contradictory statements which have been a do about the affair, the truth is that a riot occurred and lawful authority was flouted.

1 - San Diego - Englosure

(SEE NOTE NEXT PAGE) 102 JUN 15

Sincerely your

NOT RECORDED

fin.



5-29-61

NOTE: Bufiles contain no identif	fiable informat <u>ion regar</u>	ding correspondent.
His specific question regarding t	he acquittal of	is being
purposely ignored. The editoria written by	ls enclosed by of the El Cajon Valley I	were obviously
known to the Bureau for the many		
and the FBI editorially in his new		

b6 b7C official reports of local authorities involved. The description of the demonstration itself came from police reports and eyewitnesses.

In view of the recent additional publicity in this matter, a responsible eyewitness to the riot wrote to me and in part summarized:

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Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Roovol

John Edgar Hoover Director

ATTENTION: SAC, DALLAS

Enclosed for your information is a copy of correspondent's letter. Bureau files disclose no identifiable information concerning correspondent.

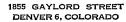
NOTE ON YELLOW:

b6 b7C

Correspondent is the at All Saints Episcopal Hospital of Fort Worth, Texas. He inquires as to whether we have information that will reconcile the discrepancy between "Communist Target - Youth," which states that one of the demonstrators assaulted a police officer, and the statement by Sheriff Carberry that "there was no act of physical aggression on the part of the students." He further inquires as to whether it is possible that the information we had access to is in error and subject to revision.

June 12 1961

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5 June :	1961	
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Mr. J. Edgar Hoover U. S. Department of Justice Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington 25, D. C.

b6 b7C

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Once again I am writing to request more pamphlets on "Communist Target - Youth" which you have been so kind in supand me.

If possible, I would like to have three hundred of these pamphlets. We have been fortunate enough to have the film shown to students of several high schools and, along with other organizations, and as we are anxious to "reach" these young people, our supply has dwindled.

Thank you very much for your attention to this request.

WRL:vff

Mark of the state of the state

REG- 12 60-10605

25 JUN 14 1961

b6

INGTON WINDOW

Proof Gains Reds Led Riots

By DAVID SENTNER

Washington Bureau

Was or was not the communist party behind the so-Francisco protesting against the House Committee on Un-American Activities?

The rioting took place on the above question is crucially conduct against those engaged alive, due to the communist in the rioting. of law and order.

The stepped-up red propaganda line is picturing the

Chief, Hearst Headline Service progressive-minded college stu-aimed basically at teachers dents peacefully demonstrat- and the stated objective to ining against the hearings.

The communists typically called student riots in San are drawing a red herring across the evidence trail by banging away at certain technical errors in the committee's film of the rioting.

The reds have with equal, May 13, 1960, more than a irrelevance stressed the disyear ago, but the answer to missal of charges of disorderly ogy.

Before falling for this bill party heirarchy using the in- of goods, consider these excident to undermine the forces cerpts from official reports of FBI agents, including the bu- phone campaigns to 'solidify reau's undercover men:

Communist task forces were ordered to implement the communist party convention resolution by doing everything possible to disrupt the San

Communist party members the area skilfully planted

rioting as nothing more than the idea that the hearings were vestigate communist activities was only a screen.

> The "battle .orders" from communist headquarters included the following:

- To fill the scene of the hearings with demonstrators.
- To incite them to action through use of mob psychol-
- Only a few key party members were to circulate petitions, arrange radio broadcasts, publish protest adver-tisements and conduct teleopposition to the HUAC.
- · The communist party would furnish the funds for all this.

The plan of attack was centered around Douglas Wach-Francisco hearings as part of ter, 18-year-old sophomore at the overall aim to destroy the the University of California. Wachter had attended the 17th national convention of the communist party in 1959 as an official delegate from northern California.

Wachter proceeded to crganize student demonstrators on the University of California campus.

Mickey Lima, chairman of the northern California district of the communist party, instructed Roscoe Proctor, member of the district committee. to also contact certain students.

The party line and general offensive were outlined and distributed immediately before the riot to all party members in the area in a memorandum captioned "Memo on the Un-Americans."

The direct connection of the communist party with the rioting is further recorded in the congratulations sent by Gus Hall, national chairman of the communist party, to West Coast comrades for the initiative they displayed at all stages of the demonstrations.

Party functionaries elatedly reported that the rioting had given a shot in the arm to riscruiting of communists on the campuses throughout the na-

Mr. Callahan Mr. Conrad Mr. DeLeach Mr. Evans . . Mr. Malone Mr. Rosen Mr. Tavel ... Mr. Trotter Mr. W.C.Sulli Tele. Room .. Mr. Ingram -

Miss Gandy

Milwaukee Sentinel Milwaukee, Wisconsin May 29, 1961

ENCLOSUAD

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Mr. Tolson. Mr. Belmert Z

Mr. Mol r ... Mr. College

Mr. Trotler

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Land of the Free

J. Edgar Hoover, director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, has graciously replied to a query we sent him recently, concerning the riots in San Francisco in May, 1960, in connection with the hearings there conducted by the House Committee on Un-American Activities.

Mr. Hoover's letter said:

"I have received your letter . . . and I welcome this opportunity to answer your inquiry relating to

the San Francisco riot of May, 1960.
"Our article on this incident, entitled Communist Target-Youth,' was based on information from the FBI's investigations of Communist Party activities, from eyewitnesses on the scene, and from official reports of local authorities involved. The description of the demonstration itself came from police reports and eyewitnesses.

"In view of the recent additional publicity on this matter, a responsible eyewitness to the riot wrote to

me just this past week and in part summarized:
"To sum it all up, there was a fracas on the Hearing Room side of the barricade involving a young man whose identity I do not know, triggering the mob violence immediately preceding the police use of the hoses. There is no question as to this sequence of

"'Communist Target-Youth' outlined the agitational tactics used by Communists during the May, 1960, hearings to build the emotional pitch of the demonstrations to an explosive point-the point at which an effort was made to supplant the rule of law with mob action. These facts speak for themselves. Despite confusing and contradictory statements which have been made about the affair, the truth is that a riot occurred and lawful authority was flouted.

"Sincerely yours,
"J. Edgar Hoover."

AS FAR as we have been able to determine, no one has ever disputed the fact that cer-

tain known communists were present.

What has been disputed, however, is the degree to which they influenced those demonstrating against the HCUA committee, the sequence of events leading up to the outbreak of violence, the guilt or innocence of students in starting the violence, and, most important of all, the accuracy of the film, "Operation Abolition," which purports to show that the entire event was communlist-inspired and led.

"MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE" June 6, 1961 Medford, Oregon

PORTLAND DIVISION

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The dispute may never be settled, for it has become an emotional issue, and there is too much conflicting testimony to permit of a clear-cut conclusion.

BUT it is beyond dispute that:

1. The hearing protests came from many sources—students, teachers, church organizations and plain citizens interested in protesting the methods and tactics of the committee. To credit them all with communist motivation is simply not true, and concedes to the communist forces in this country more influence than they

can possibly have.

2. The sequence of events is disputed, and despite the letter from Mr. Hoover's unnamed witness, a court of law found innocent the student accused of starting the violence. The other 63 persons arrested were released without trial. And while a judge said there was evidence against them, the fact is that under our system of law, a man is presumed innocent until proven guilty. Thus the judge's public pre-judging of the case was gratuitous.

FINALLY the film, "Operation Abolition," has been the chief stimulus for the controversy. Mr. Hoover does not mention it in his letter, but elsewhere has refrained from comment on it.

More significantly, one of HCUA's own investigators has admitted it contains distortions. tions.

And Robert W. Moon, a writer for "The Christian Century," has made a detailed, exhaustive study of the film, compared it with documents in the case, and concluded that there are at least five parts of the film which give time sequence wrong, thus seriously distorting its import; and that there are at least 10 errors or unjustified innuendoes in the sound track.

HE CONCLUDES the film, edited and sold by a private firm with the consent of the HCUA committee, is not a trustworthy record of what actually happened, and unfairly smears_many sincere people with the Red tar-brush. He says:

"The movie is not an honest portrayal of what happened. Its inaccuracies and innuendoes distort our understanding of what happened and why, and thus increase the difficulty of measuring the true dimensions and knowing the true nature of the enemy . . . It may do more to discourage the free search for truth and to destroy the rights and the creative contribution of political minorities than any other influence of our

Those who still have an open mind on the subject should read Mr. Moon's report on his study, printed in the March 22, 1961, issue of "The Christian Century."

FINALLY, it should be stated we do not agree with the political wisdom nor effectiveness of the type of demonstration staged in San Francisco. There is no doubt but that it got out of hand and, in Mr. Hoover's words, "a riot occurred and lawful authority was flouted."

But the house committee, by its unfairness and disregard of the rights of subpensed witnesses, did more to stimulate the protests than

any other single factor.

Allegations that police ineptitude and brutality contributed to the start of the violence have

been made by responsible observers.

And, wise or not, effective or not, the protests started out as a perfectly peaceful, legal exercise of free speech and the right to petition the government for a redress of grievances-rights

guaranteed by the constitution.

To go around accusing people of being communists because they are exercising their constitutionally-guaranteed rights is libelous and slanderous; it is divisive in a nation that needs unity as seldom before in its history, and is a denial of the very things we hold so dear in the land of the free and home of the brave. E. A. MEDFORD RIBUNE

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REC-94 1-11/1 1/- 3 6 3

June 12, 1961

Dear

Your letter was received on June 6, and I was interested in your observations about the student riots in San Francisco.

With respect to your statement about the activities of the FBI in this connection, you may wish to know that this Eureau prepared a publication, "Communist Target--Youth," which dealt with the San Francisco riot in May, 1960. This publication was based on information from eyewitnesses on the accne, and from official reports of local authorities involved. The description of the demonstration itself came from police reports and eyewitnesses.

In view of the publicity in this matter, a responsible eyewitness to the riot wrote to me just recently and in part summarized:

MAILED 25 JUN 1 2 1961 COMMUTEI

"To sum it all up, there was a fraces on the Hearing Room side of the barricade involving a young man whose identity I do not know, triggering the mob violence immediately preceding the police use of the hoses. There is no question as to this sequence of events."

Tolson Belmont Belmont Belmont Target—Youth" outlined the agitational Callahan Contad tactics used by communists during the May, 1960, hearings to build DeLoach the emotional pitch of the demonstrations to an explosive point—Evans the point at which an effort was made to supplant the rule of law Rosen with mob action. These facts speal: for themselves. Despite

Trotter ______ 1 - San Francisco - Enclosure

Continued next page.

b6 b7C

confusing and contradictory statements which have been made about the affair, the truth is that a riot occurred and lawful authority was flouted.

I am enclosing several items setting forth my views on communism which you may find of interest. $C(\hat{x}^{(i)})$

Sincerely yours, J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (4)
4-1-61 LEB Introduction
4-17-61 Statement
Communist Illusion and Democratic Reality
One Nation's Response to Communism

NOTE: Bufiles contain no identifiable information regarding the correspondent.

Mr. Tolesa Mr. Beymon Mr. Monr.

Mr. Callahan

Mr. Malone

Mr. Tavel. Mr. Trotter. Tele. Room.

Mr. Ingram.

Miss Gandy

Conrad Mr. DeLoad Mr. Evans

Mr.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW 648 Los Altos Rancho Los Altos, California

May 4, 1961

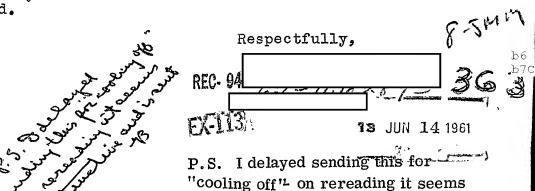
Honorable Edgar Hoover Director, F.B.I. Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Personally I do not feel that an investigation by your Department would suggest to you that I am Communistic or have any Communistic sympathies or leanings. However, I do believe that there is a tremendous amount of "witch hunting" being carried on in this country under the guise of search for Communists which goes far beyond the guarantees we as citizens should expect.

Specifically, I feel that when there is lawlessness by the law, then we have a breakdown in our system of government which is just as dangerous as any activity of any other subversive nature. I knew nothing personally about the so-called "riot" incident at the UnAmerican Activities Committee Meeting in San Francisco. I was prejudiced, perhaps, by incidents of my own experience which would not tend to lend faith in the San Francisco Police Department, and I certainly obtained a prejudiced view on seeing a picture in the San Francisco Chronicle directly following the incident, of a policeman pulling a young woma $\hat{\mathbf{r}}^*$ by her feet, in a sitting position, down the stone steps of the City Hall.

I know nothing whatsoever except by hearsay of the activities of F.B.I. herein, but if there is any suspicion that the F.B.I. or any Government law group have transgressed the rights of any citizen, or have favored any group, even of law enforcement officers, then I believe in justice to every patriotic, loyal citizen there should be a review and corrections noted.



constructive and is sent.

g is RE(25 62-106289-364 June 14, 1961
1	EX- 117
	b7c
	Dear o
	Your letter of June 6, 1961, with enclosures, has been received. It was good of you to remember my Anniversary as Director of the FEI, and I appreciate your interest in forwarding this material. Your kind sentiments and expressions of confidence in my administration of this Eureau are a source of great encouragement to me.
	I would like to point out that the film, "Operation Abolition," is sponsored and distributed by the House Committee on Un-American Activities and this Eureau had no connection with its preparation. You may desire to direct your inquiry to the Committee which is located in Room 225, Old House Office Euilding, Washington 25, D. C.
61	Information in the files of the FBI is maintained as confidential pursuant to a regulation of the Department of Justice and is furnished only to those official agencies specifically authorized to receive it. Consequently, I am unable to be of service in connection with your request.
UNI 41961	Our supply of the publication you desire has been depleted; however, I am enclosing a list of organizations which have been cited by the Department of Justice pursuant to Enecutive Order 10450, as well as some material on communism which may be of interest to you.
vi I	Sincercly yours,
Tolson Belmont Mohr	Enclosures (4)
Callahan Conrad DeLoach Evans Malone Rosen Sullivan	Organizations Designated Under Executive Order 10450 (AG List) Director's Statement Re Internal Security 4-17-61 Series from "Christianity Today)" One Nation's Response to Communism
Tavel Trotter Tele. Room Ingram	(see next page)

Letter to 6-13-61 b6 b7C	Letter to	6-13-61	b6 b7C
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NOTE:

Bufiles contain no information identifiable with correspondent. Correspondent enclosed newspaper clippings pertaining to the San Francisco riots in May, 1960, censorship of motion pictures and TV, a statement by the Direct or concerning the present rise in crime rates and a news clipping suggesting that readers write to the FBI for a free copy of "Communist Target--Youth."

	UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	Mr. Carranan	
	June 6, 1961	Mr. Conrad	
	11:15 PM	Mr. DeLoch	
		Mr. Evans	
	The Handle Town	Mr. Malone	
	The Honorable J. Edgar Hoover,	Mr. Rosen	
	Director		
	Federal Bureau of Investigation	Mr. Sullivan	
	Washington D. C.	Mr. Tavel	
	Washington, D. C.	Mr. Trotter	
		Mr. Jones	
	Dear Mr. Hoover:	Tele. Room	
	1	Mr. Ingram	
	Wo outend to	Miss Holmes	
	We extend to you our belated best		
	wishes on your anniversary celebra	ted A	
	not too long ago.	madel	
	3	1,00PJ	
	In our programs the 2 states	<i>y</i> , (
	In our prayers the leaders of Ameri	ca always stand out.	
	and you Mr. Hoover can never be fo	rgotten directing	
	the F. B. I. and U. S. A.	- good dir ooting	
		,	
-	Toformation		
- 1	Informing you with the enclosed arti	cles reveals	
	what's doing in this area. Please for	rurand corronal	
	pamphlet's Communist Target - You	water beverag	
	inform mo ag to the many	uui. Likewise,	
	inform me as to the procuring proce	dure of the film,	
-	Operation Apolition. "You may ref	urn or keen the	
	articles.		
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	To it now was all a little as a second	_	
- 1	Is it now possible to obtain a list of	hose names who are	
1	communist in this area? I am Welfa	re Officer of my	
	Catholic War Veterans Post 405, St.	Sebagtian (Wo	
ł	honored you nation-wide.)	bebastran. (We	
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	Thank you kindly.		
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OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

S FINC OSUPE

REC-5 62-106289-364

EX- 117 20 JUN 15 1961

June 6, 1961.

The Honorable & Edgar Hoover, Director Federal Bureau of investigation Washington, W.C.

We extend to your our helated hest wisher an your animersary calculated met too long ago. always, stand aut, and you Wir. Hower Cam never he forgotten directing the F. B. I. and U.S.A. Informing you think the enclosed articles reveals what's shing in this crea. Please breward several pamphet's "limmunist Target - yeth" Tikewise, interm me as to the placewing procedure of the film "Execution Abolition" you may retain or keep the articles. In it now possible to obtain a list of those names who are Communist in this are I am Wellere Office of my lathalice the literary first 165 St. Lenstein (We howeld you nation-water).

Senocide your pinally. Senocides yours.

Student Charged in Riots Pictured in Two Roles

City Hall rioting, was painted Wednesday both as an innocent by-stander and a club-swinging.

The descriptions emerged in the first day of questioning in Meisenbach's assault trial before Superior Court Judge Harry J. Neubarth. The incident occurred at the height of student demonstrations against a House Committee on Un-American Activities hearing at the City Hall.

Shows Photos

Defense attorney Jack Berman declared photographs he introduced as evidence proved that Meisenbach stood idly smoking a pipe some 40 feet away from the spot where police officer Ralph E. Schaumleffel, 33, said he was slugged with his own billy club.

Schaumleffel, under questioning by Walter E. Giubbini, assistant district attorney, declared, however, that Meisenbach clubbed him as he, the patrolman, fell under the onslaught of charging students and adults.

Meisenbach, a University of California senior, is charged with assault with a deadly weapon.

Assault Charged

Berman further said Meisenbach was rendered almost blind when he removed his glasses after water from fire hoses turned on the demonstrators caused them ito fog.

One photograph shows Meisen- N bach on the floor, glasses in his b

Meisenbach is being tried before a jury of 10 women and 2

'Flame of Violence'

The House committee's counts-in a printed report by at FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover s and in the narration of the com-a mittee-endorsed film report, "Op-

SAN FRANCISCO (AP)-Robert eration Abolition," declared the onstration was part of Communist J. Meisenbach, 23, accused of attack on Schaumleffel touched agitation. The demonstrators say beating a policeman in last May's off "the flame of violence." they were spontaneously protest-The committee alleges the dem-ling the committee's tactics.

62-106289- 364

High Court Upholds Prior Censorship

Prior Censorship

By HELEN B, SHAFFER

(EDITOR'S NOTE: A new hovestigation of the influence of the movies and TV on youth is in preparation by the Senate Judiciary Subcommittee on Juvanile Delinquency line of Crime and Delinquency which criticizes both media for offering "too large quantities of material which stimulates aggressive the content of the transport of the transport

THE DAILY HOME NEWS

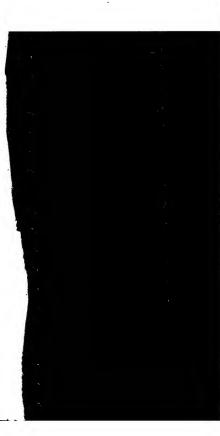
Published by Home New 123 How Lane. New Second-Class Postage Paid a Hugh N. President and Publishing Company Brunswick, N. J. New Brunswick, **N. J.**

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Hugh N. Boyd
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President and Publisher
Member of The Associated dead of the Member of The Association and the Audit Bureau of Circulations.

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62-106=89-364



and domestic relations problems necessitated the creation of a separate Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court, she said. The judge substantiated the need for the court by emphasizing the number of cases previously mentioned. Not Punitive

She said the Juvenile Court differs from other courts in approach and theory. Instead of applying the punitive law, as to adults, it operates on the theory that the state is "the parent of the people." Judge Appleton said: "When a child appears before the Juvenile Court the child becomes a ward of the state and remains a ward as long as the person is a juvenile offender.

"The Juvenile Court is based on the concept of guardianship and like a parent it gives a child treatment, training, protection and correction."

The judge touched on the juvisdiction of her court, explained the procedure from the time the juvenile is picked up by police to when he or she appears in court and lauded juvenile aid officers and clergy for their part in fighting juvenile deliquency.

Topics Announced

Topics Announced

Pillar of Fire Church Auditorium, Zarephath has planned services at 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. with Bishop Arthur K. White speaking. The morning topic will be "Motives, the Loaves and Fishes" and the afternoon topic, "Another Milestone for the Church."

gospel sermons with his hands to the deaf. Though his own hearin; is normal, Mr. Pentz has devote himself to ministry for the dea since leaving divinity school. Happears regularly on the televis ion broadcast "Evangel Hour, and may be remembered as thinterpreter for the deaf during the Billy Graham Campaign in Net York in 1957.

Tomorrow, Mr. Pentz will demonstrate the use of sign languaghoth in singing and speaking. I is expected that some members oh is deaf congregations will appea with him.

The Rev. Harold Kohl, pastor of the host church has invited al interested persons.

New Durham Chapel Plans Announced

"They Will Be Done" will be the Rev. Clifford A. Lofgren at Neu Durham Chapel, 225 New Durham Road, Piscataway at 11 a.m. to morrow.

There will be a service at 7:3 p.m. when the pastor will spead on "The Christian Fruit."

To Attend Meeting

Mrs. Dorothy Lang, director of Christian Education for the Prei byterian Church of New Brunswick will attend the Eastern Regional Conference of Directors (Christian Education at the Aller berry Inn, Boiling Springs, Pawhich begins Tuesday and extends through Thursday.

OPERATION ABOLITION: Last night, ladies and gentlemen, I presented to you some disclosures about the efforts of the Communist party, U.S.A., to discredit the documentary film which has been put together by the House UnAmerican Activities Committee, showing the communist inspired student riots in San Francisco last May and how various left wing and fellow traveller publications are spearheading the attack on the film.

The keystone of this attack, as I told you, seems to be an article which appeared in the November Issue of the REPORTER MAGAZINE, an extreme left wing publication, the author of the article being one Paul Jacobs, who charges that the film is a distortion and misrepresentation. This article seems to have been the basis for a critical editorial in the HARVARD DAILLY CRIMSON and the WASHINGTON POST and other publications of anti-anti-communist leanings.

The Editor-in-Chief of the HARVARD CRIMSON told my colleague Ray Henle that he had never seen the film but that the information was drawn from the article by Paul Jacobs. The WASHINGTON FOST editorial specifically refers to the Paul Jacobs article and uses the information in it as the property of the

"The editorial then goes on to quote from a paragraph in the article which reads, in full as follows:

"For example, separate sequences have been run together in 'Operation Abolition' to give the impression of mob action and the film shows students displaying deflance after police warnings, although actually the demonstrations occurred at a completely different time and the police use of fire hoses on the students is justified on the basis of the claim that the students attempted to rush police barricades inside the City Hall, where the committee was holding its hearings. But no film accompanies the commentary about this alleged attempt; in fact, photographs taken at the time show the students seated on the floor and in the corridors when the hoses were turned on them. After the riots were over, the Sherriff of San Francisco County said: 'There was no act of physical aggression on the part of the students.'

no act of physical aggression on the part of the students."

Now let's take a look at the statement about distortion in regard to the students attempting to rush police barricades inside the City Hall. The avowed pattern of the Communist party leaders and agitators—the very ones who led these student riots last May—at a party meeting in San Francisco on May 20th after the riots were over, was to use the charge of police brutality against innocent students to capitalize on the riots and consolidate any was a perfectly open and frank declaration with no strings tied to it, made by communist leader Archie Brown, who was commended for his part in leading the riots by none less than Que Hall, national head of the Communist party.

WASHINGTON POST: "In point of fact, the San Francisco Police acted with altogether needless brutality turning fire hoses on students whose protests were not flagrantly unruly."

Now, would you like to hear what an official report by the FBI, signed personally by J. Edgar Hoover, has to say about the continuity of events in question? This is his or bather report on the events of Friday, the second day of the demonstrations and the occasion on which the fire hoses were used, which is the basis for the 'police brutality' charge and the charges of misrepresentation by the film. I now quote directly from the J. Edgar Hoover—FBI report:

"Archie Brown quickly resumed his tactics of the day before, once the session started. The crowd outside the hearing room chanted and sang songs. The songs and chants were obviously part of a well organized plan as illustrated by the song sheets being used. Pleas for order and quiet

"With the tension growing, the inevitable happened. Violence flared that afternoon. One of the judges in a municipal courtroom in City Hall ordered the mob dispersed because the noise made it impossible for him to hold court, when an attempt was made to carry out the order, the crowd responded by throwing shoes and jostling the officers, an officer warned that fire hoses would have to be used if the crowd did not disperse, but the crowd, instigated by communists, who had maneuvered themselves into strategic positions, became more unruly.

"One of the demonstrators provided the spark that touched off the flame of violence. Leaping a barricade that had been erected, he grabbed an officer's night-stick and began beating the officer over the head. The mob surged forward as if to storm the doors and the police inspector ordered the fire hose turned on. The water forced the crowd to the head of the ballustrade and the cold water had a sobering effect on the emotions of the demonstrators.

"For a few minutes, relative quiet ensued. Taking advantage of the lull, police officers began to lead some of the demonstrators away, advising them that they MUST obey the order to disperse. Suddenly, realizing what was happening, militant individuals in the group set the pattern for renewed violence, by kicking and striking the officers. In all, 58 individuals, most of whom were students, were arrested for inciting a riot and resisting arrest.

"Order had been restored when Harry Bridges, President-of-the-International-Longshoremen's and Warehousemen's Union suddenly appeared on the scene, demanding to know what part firemen had played in the use of the fire hoses. Bridges commented that he would see if the firemen's pay could be cut. The day's activities closed with Archie Brown joining Bridges and shouting, 'You tell them, Harry; they'll listen to you.'"

Harry; they'll listen to you."

Now that is the official report of the FBI, signed by J. Garar Hoover, and you can take your choice as to whether you can take your choice as to whether you are the statement of the statement by the decided with a statement of the washington Post editorial that "the San Francisco Police acted with needless brutality, turning fire hoses on students whose protests were not flagrantly unruly."

And I think it's a fair question to ask whether that is responsible journalism on the part of the REPORTER MAGAZINE at HARVARD CRIMSON, or any of the other newspapers which have accept the REPORTER MAGAZINE AND AND THE HARVARD CRIMSON After all, the editor sold the REPORTER MAGAZINE AND AND THE STATE AND CRIMSON admitted that he had never seen the film and had never read the FBI reporter MAGAZINE.

WHO IS JACOBS: And would you like to have a little back-ground on this Paul Jacobs, whom they all quote and who is so conveniently serving the communist cause which West Coast leader Archie Brown publicly vowed to pursue?

Well, he was identified under oath before a Congressional Investigating Committee as one of the cople who worked on the notorious black-listing report by the Fund for the Republic several years back, which was known as the Cogley report and was so questionable that a special investigation of it was conducted by the House UnAmerican Activities Committee.

Do you see how the ball bounces? And the twists and turns it makes in doing so?

The good old Fund for the Republic, back in our midst again.

Thursday December 8, 1960 - Washington, D. C.

x 5 5 . 2

"OPERATION ABOLITION": For the last two nights ladies and gentlemen, I've been reporting to you on the obvious campaign of certain leftwing, anti-anti-communist publications over the nation to discredit the half hour film that, been put together by the House UnAmerican Activities Committee, giving the documented dory of the Committee on San Francisco tell (18 of the Committee on the Committee on the Communist activities attempted to hold hearings on communist activities in the Northern San Francisco Bay area.

In the forefront of this smear effort has been the left wing REPORTER MAGAZINE, which published an article by one Paul Jacobs, formerly with the Fund for the Republic which article was snatched up by the WASHINGTON POST and the Harvard campus newspaper, the CRIMSON, as a basis of attacks of their own, apparently without either seeing the film or reading a report by the FBI, signed by J. Edgar Hoover himself, which corroborates the pictorial story told by the film in the most minute detail.

I reported to you lest not the most minute detail.

I reported to you last night that the Sheriff of San Francisco County informed me by telephone that he did not make any such statement, did not know Paul Jacobs who quoted him, and had never spoken to or been interviewed by Paul Jacobs. So much for the last sentence.

Jacobs. So much for the last seatence.

To give fou a bit of perspective on why this is a matter of major importance, there are several considerations behind this attack, not the least of them being that this film is doing mortal damage to the intentions of the communists in infiltrating college campuses of the country by the sheer start happen here in the start of the country by the sheer start happen here. It is not the country by the sheer start happen here in the start of the country by the sheer start happen here. It is not the country by the sheer start happen here in the start of the country by the sheer start happen here. It is not the country by the sheer start happen here in the start of the country by the sheer start in the protein start of the country by the sheer start of the protein start of the country by the sheet start of their continued operation in the future.

It is particularly important to them, at this time, because they have hope that when the new Congress.convener in January, and the House of Representatives is organized for the coming session, there may be a chance of abolishing that House Committee on UnAmerican Activities, thus leaving Themselves freer to conduct their subversive activities along a score of nefarious fronts.

I make no accusation that the REPORTER MAGAZINE, the WASHINGTON POST and the HARVARD CRIMSON—AND the other newspapers who have given aid and comfort to the cause of this picture—are consciously in league, with the communist conspiracy in what they have wright are writing. It is enough to let the facts stand our themselves and the facts are that this special report by the FBI and Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, confirm in detail the story as told by the film.

But there are certain things in the FBI report that are not told in the film, and they give the lie to certain claims and pretenses in these articles and editorials of attack in the newspapers and magazines which is a very pointed lie.

ATTACKS: The articles and editorials attempt to present these riots as legitimate spontaneous demonstrations by Northern California students, outraged over the mere existence of the House UnAmerican Activities Committee as a matter of inherent love of freedom and American tradition and that the demonstrators were in no sense inspired by communist agitators.

For exmample, the article in REPORTER MAGAZINE says the following:

"Congressman Walter launches immediately into the main theme of the picture, which is to suggest that the demonstrations were communist inspired and communist led. In the attempt to prove this assertion both the narration and the way film clips were edited deliberately distort a number of facts.

"For example—" and then goes on to list the charges which I have given to you, and thoroughly exploded over the last-two broadcasts. The WASHINGTON POST, in its editorial entitled "Forgery by Film" is much more direct and positive in its charge. This is what IT says:

"This is a flagrant case of forgery by film. The film warps the truth in two important respects. First it suggests as its main thesis that the demonstrations were communist inappired and communist led. Diligent inquiry has led us to a conviction that this charge is wholly unjustified; it cannot be asserted, of course, that no communist took particle demonstration. But the communist took particle to demonstration. But the community to the community of the committee's conduct; and they were led by fellow students, loyal to American ideals and acting in accordance with that loyalty."

loyalty."

I emphasized the words "diligent inquiry" because they are important. I don't know what the WASHINGTON POST considers to be dilligent inquiry, but I do know two things: that Allan Barth, the editorial writer for the WASHINGTON POST, ONLY TODAY, called for a copy of the film wit, clearly indicating that he had been also been

Statements above are excerpts from newspapers. Rep. Tom Pelly - Washington and Fulton Lewis, Jr - Mutual Broadcasting Co., WOR-NY 7 PM Every Night

For additional free copies contact: THE EVEREADY SUPPLY COMPANY, 805 Housatonic Ave., Bridgeport, Cona.

598 - 388 - 29

UNERSITY STUDENTS — NOTICE

Operation Abolition Is A Commie Drive To Do Away With Our Internal Security. Keep America Strong, Keep The Un-American Activities Committee. Don't Fall For The Commie Line. Be A Good American.

PELLY LETTER: Rep. Tom Pelly, Republican of Washington, has issued a slashing denunciation of the WASHING-TON POST newspaper, the like of which few newspapers have ever received from a public figure, because of the editorial efforts of the POST to discredit the moving picture "Operation Abolition" which was compiled by the House UnAmerican Activities Committee about the student riots in San Francisco last May and because this is such an outspoken attack, I think you will be interested tonight in hearing it in full, particularly inasmuch as there is no competitive news of any import on the national scene.

The WASHINGTON POST bowever, undertook to do a

The WASHINGTON POST, however, undertook to do a series of editorials attacking the film, claiming that it had made "dilligent inquiry" into the facts of the riot and that it is convinced that the riots were not communist inspired but rather were the spontaneous and harmless demonstrations of legitimate student groups who were outraged at the investigations by the House UnAmerican Activities Committee.

The POST editorial, which apparently was written without the editor ever having seen the film or ever having read a report by FBI director J. Edgar Hoover, corroborating the film story in detail, was based on an article in REPORTER MAGAZINE, a left wing publication, which misquoted the Sheriff of San Francisco to try to substantiate the same theme of non-communist infiltration and since has been picked up by other left wing newspapers over the country, including a number of college campus newspapers, all basing themselves on the POST editorial and the article in the REPORTER, which I might interject is highly irresponsible journalism and entirely reprehensible but it seems to be a common practice in the comradehood of the leftist publications.

In any event, it got to be just too much for Rep. Tom Pelly of Washington State, who, incidentally, is not a member of the House UnAmericans Activities Committee. Thus, he wrote this letter to the newspaper and it is interesting in view of its appraisal of the editorial integrity of the newspaper.

This is what the letter says:

TRANSCRIPT: "I have read your editorial of December 20 and your prior editorial of November 5 in which you deal with the subject of the House Committee on UnAmerican Activities and the film 'Operation Abolition.'

"As a Congressman of the United States, familiar with propaganda techniques including that of certain editors, I want to tell you that I have disturbed and nauseated your obviously calculated program of falsehood and misrepresentation, employed in an effort to discredit the committee and the film.

"I am also shocked to note your bold and shameless efforts to suppress free speech and education in the schools of Arlington County and elsewhere by your campaign of editorial distortions."

(This is in reference to he second editorial of the newspaper which denounced the showing of "Operation Abolition" in the schools of nearby Arlington, Virginia.)

"You glibly assert that 'communists had nothing whatever to do with the instigation, organizing or authorization of the student demonstration' at the committee hearings in San Francisco. This assertion you know to be completely false and dishonest.

"At no point in your editorial do you explain that, as a result of the investigation of these riots by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the report of J. Edgar Hoover declared that these riots were, in fact, communist instigated

"The film commentary, which you suggested was 'slanted' actually follows the Hoover report. Likewise, you do not point out that, as reported by the SAN FRANCISCO CHRONICLE on May 18, Mayor Christopher of San Francisco said:

"'In his opinion, last Friday's rioting was communist directed and that for the most part, unknowing and misguided students were innocent pawns of communist trained agitators, educated in crowd control tactics."

"Your further assertion that there was no violence on the part of the students requiring San Francisco police to turn fire hoses on the demonstrators is likewise utterly false. Again, the Hoover report, the reports of the San Francisco police and the film contradict you.

"Of course, all people will not agree at all times on all matters. However, your editorials indicate a deliberate effort to prejudice that area of the public which has not had the facts available to it or had seen the films or read the Hoover report.

"You are guilty of abusing the privilege of a free press, by using the monopoly position of your newspaper as an instrument for the pervasion of truth.

"Although it is generally recognized that a responsible and free press is basic to the Democratic process, responsibility entails the presentation of facts balanced editorial comments and the defense of truth. That responsibility you have evidentily abandoned in your editorial policy.

'Moreover, you are, I believe, designedly giving aid and comfort to the communist program to abolish the House

Committee on UnAmerican Activities, a movement that has been spearheaded by Frank Wilkinson, an identified communist, who together with certain other identified communists, fellow travellers and their dupes have been recently on tour of college campuses and other places for the purpose of instigating action against the Committee.

"The formation of a group known as the national Committee to abolish the House Committee on UnAmerican Activities was announced in the Communist press on August 15, 1960, with a mailing address given as 517 North Larchmont Boulevard, Los Angeles, California, which 'is also the address of the Citizens Committee to preserve American Freedom, an organization previously cited as a communist front and also a major adjunct of the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee, likewise cited as a Communist Front.

"Your astounding effort to suppress the right of free speech, to which Congress and its committees are entitled, your calculated interference with school administration by attempting to forestall the presentation of facts and current history to social science classes, merits total condemnation and will meet the just resistance of an outraged public.

"The artifices you are employing to beguile the public from information it should have on the subject of communist subversion of youth will not succeed. It is clear that you have knowingly joined in a propaganda campaign to create by slander, a climate of hostility to a committee and to a newsreel film that portrays facts from which the people will draw reasonable conclusions, if left to themselves.

"I have long been familiar with the operations of the Committee on UnAmerican Activities, which fulfills an important lawmaking function of Congress. I have always been impressed by its outstanding efforts and achievement under the fair and able leadership of its brilliant and dedicated chairman, Congressman Francis E. Walter of Pennsylvania.

"But you have gone beyond the bounds of propriety. After reading your distorted editorials I am now, more than ever, determined to support this House Committee."

than ever, determined to support this House Committee."

PROPAGANDA: Incidentally, wherever this film is being shown over the country at the present time, planted hecklers are appearing with literature which attempts to discredit the film and to paint this same picture that the WASHINGTON POST presents, that these events in San Francisco were just the legitimate spontaneous outburst of peaceful, orderly students who were protesting the UnAmerican Activities Committee as a matter of principle. Part of the same pitch is that the Police in San Francisco were needlessly brutal in turning on the fire hoses. This of course is in direct contradiction of the FBI report on the riots, contrary to the statements of the Mayor, the Judge who tried the 62 students arrested, the Sheriff of San Francisco and various other sources, but perhaps you will be interested in knowing what the local newspapers, who covered the riots first hand, had to say about them. Here's the SAN FRANCISCO EXAMINER:

"The riot apparently was this ground chestly hefer."

"The riot apparently was triggered shortly before 1:30 p.m. when the mob rushed the door of the Supervisors Chambers. When all the seats in the chamber were filled, Patrolman Ralph Schaumleffel, on duty at the door, closed it, informing the crowd that there were no more seats.

"The mob then climbed over the barricades and stormed the door, knocking Schaumleffel down. Then, the officer said, while he was on his back, a student...grabbed the policeman's night stick and hit him over the head with it. Inspector Mike MacGuire of the Intelligence detail then grabbed a firehose and ordered it turned on."

San Francisco NEWS CALL BULLETIN: "The hearing room was packed and the mob in the corridors of the rotunda was becoming more and more unruly, Judges in upstairs courtrooms were complaining that the racket was interfering with due processes of law.

"Patrolman Ralph Schaumleffel, 33, standing guard was trampled under foot as the stampede to the hearing room began. One of the mob. . . . wrested the policeman's billy-club from his hand and walloped him on the head. Another kicked him in the groin. The mob smelled blood and the riot was on."

SAN FRANCISCO CHRONICLE: "Friday afternoon's mob of 200, mostly students but not all innocents in the art of mass demonstration—threatened to force its way into the Undamerican Activities Meeting room against the orders and warning of the police. What, we wonder, does the concept of 'law and order' mean to these students? What does the sight of a policeman's uniform and the sound of his command mean? Apparently, to this mob, nothing but a challenge to get more stubborn and defiant. The performance by College and university students in so ill-mannered boorish and obviously dangerous away, gets no sympathy from us asan exercise of youth groping to understand and improve the Democratic process."

And from the University of California's own campus newspaper, the DAILY CALIFORNIAN: "Fights and violence erupted at the House UnAmerican Activities Committee hearings in San Francisco. . . .much of it sparked by University students."

These are from the contemporary news reports at the time of the riots, and they should throw some light on the frantic propaganda that the communists are spreading over the nation that the riots were NOT communist inspired—in spite of what the WASHINTON POST and its clacque of left-leaning newspapers over the country would like to have the public believe.

4. . . .



J. EDGAR HOOVER

RAPE INCREASE

WASHINGTON (AP) _ FBI today reported a 10 per cent increase in urban crime during the first three months of 1961.

The report brought an expression of alarm from FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover, who viewed as ominous an upsurge of crimes against the person, particularly

rape. "While normally the number of rapes reported during the first three months of the year is comparatively low," he said, "28 large American cities of 250,000 to 500,000 inhabitants reported a 41 per cent increase in forcible rapes during January, February and March of this year."

Compared with the first quarter of 1960-a record year for crime-rapes in all cities participating in the FBI's system of uniform crime reports rose 2 per cent in the first three months of this year. Murders were up per cent and aggravated assaults 3 per cent.

Contributing greatly to the overall murder increase, Hoover said, was a 38 per cent rise in willful killings reported to the FBI by the nation's largest cities.

Robbery, which rose 18 per cent in 1960, registered a 7 per cent increase in the first quarter of 1961. Street robberies were up 12 per cent, home robberies 8 per cent and robberies of business establishments 11 per cent.

Purse snatchings, up 24 per cent, and shoplifting, up 21 per cent, contributed to a nationwide 13 per cent rise in larcenies of \$50 or more.

Burglaries climbed 11 per cent

and auto thefts 9 per cent.

The only bright spot in the quarterly report of the FBI was an 18 per cent decrease in pickpocket thefts.

62-106289-364

Lewis Gets Film Dates Mixed Up

UNION (AP) - A showing of the film "Operation Abolition" scheduled for Monday at Newark State College has been canceled. Fulton Lewis III, research as-

sistant for the House Unamerican Activities Committee, which produced the film, was to have appeared as narrator.

However. Lewis discovered he had scheduled simultaneous appearances at Newark State and at the Newark branch of Rutgers University. Lewis said he thought they were the same school

basis of an earlier commitment. "Operation Abolition" deals with student riots in San Francis co a few years ago arising from committee hearings there.

The controversial film, "Opera-tion Abolition," was shown to seniors of history classes yester-

day at the high school.

The film was supplied by the Middlesex County Conservative Club, which had planned to show it to the entire assembly last March before administrators cancelled it.

The cancellation has been the subject for discussion at two (Board of Education meetings) winding up May 15 with the board voting 6-1 to uphold High School Principal Robert Andrus in the controversy.

Andrus had said that he felt the film could be shown to some of the upper grade students with an instructor to introduce the film

and other materials.

Harold Pryor, a local resident who is vice president of the county club, announced last night that the film had been shown to the history seniors. Pryor had started the controversy by questioning cancellation of the film last March.

--- (contact Duum Land

300 Hear Talk On Communism

OLD BRIDGE-"The first step in combatting communism is to learn what it is and be able to recognize it when you see it," Dr. Bella V. Dodd, noted lecturer and author, told an audience of about 300 persons at a program sponsored by the Holy Name Society in St. Thomas Auditorium Thursday night.

A former member of the Communist Party, Dr. Dodd told of her experiences with the party and explained how it works. She defined the terms, "conspiracy," "movement," and "party," as ap-

plied to communism.

The two-part program included the showing of the film, "Operation Abolition," narrated and edited by Fulton Lewis III. A social fo rthe Holy Name members was held after the program.

Film to Be Shown To School Board

PISCATAWAY TOWNSHIP The Board of Education is going to see the controversial film "Operation Abolition" at a meeting Thursday night.

The film was to have been shown March 28 at a high school assembly and its cancellation by administrators was criticized at the board's April 17 meeting.

The board has since decided It to view the film and has put it on the agenda for the special It meeting in the administration It wilders building.

62-106 289-364 ENCLUSURE

eration Abolition," a film which has touched off picketing, verbal dupes," as was mentioned. battles and cancellations in many came to the showing.

bury. He asked permission of the dent of the township club.

present "The American side" of to hearing from Mr. Kvam SOUTH BRUNSWICK - "Op- the film. He argued that the and his group. He pointed out that

Richard Plechner, an attorcommunities, rated only verbal ney of Metuchen, and president exchanges in the Dayton School of the Middlesex County Conser-Wednesday, when it was shown vative Club, defended the film, by the newly organized Young narrated by Fulton Lewis III Republican Club. About 50 persons He said it was "extremely effecame to the showing.

The film, which concerns the accurate." He was backed by Kim House Un-American Activities' Jack, president of the Middlesex Committee's hearings in San County Young Republican Club. Francisco in 1959, was attacked Serving as an impromptu modby the Rev. Roger Kvam of Cran-erator was Robert Belden, presi-

Young Republican organization to Belden did not commit his club

To the Editor:

Myth and History Page 4.

One of the most dangerous and insidious foes of the United States, and especially Piscataway Township, received a telling blow this week at the Board of Education's monthly meeting.

Creeping Americanism was soundly defeated and the Federal Bureau of Investigation sharply put in its place as the Board fear-lessly rubber-stamped the decision of principal Andrus not to show the (ssh!) controversial film "Operation Abolition."

Rubber-stamping a decision of Andrus is akin to branding a hummingbird, but board member Mr. Kuehn bravely showed the way when he declared the Communist conspiracy to be "mythical" and "ethereal." There's little point in studying mythology in a history course, now is there?

So relax, citizens, as soon as the government finds out that they're fighting air, they'll stop wasting money on missiles and the F.B.I. and we'll all be rich. When is the rest of the country going to eatch up to Piscataway's forward-looking Board of Education?

In 1984, perhaps? BERNARD MALLON.

etters to the Editor

Controversial

the Editor: The Table of the Help of the Stronger and the To the Editor: women more beautiful, it develops that the controversies are more controversial. The film "Operation Abolition," dealing with the communist led riots in San Francisco, was scheduled to be shown to the students of Piscataway High School on March 28. Five days before this date, the showing was cancelled without explanation. Since this film was produced at the direction of a committee of the House of Representatives of the United States Government and highly and publicly praised by J. Edgar Hoover, such action tends to make these people suspect in the eyes of Piscataway students.

When the matter was brought up at the school board meeting of April 17, Mr. Andrus, principal of the high school, cited that great authority, "Time" Magazine, in stating that the film was too controversial for high school students. When the school board president, Mr. Schenk, suggested that a private showing be arranged for the board and the Student Council, in order to assess the film's merits, Andrus, no doubt seeking to protect the board members and the Student Council from corruption, stated that a preliminary showing was "not necessary." Of course, Time Magazine has said that the film is controversial, Q.E.D.

One wonders if textbooks, the curriculum and teachers are

cleared through Time Magazine.

Incidentally, Andrus and Burns, a board member who also quotes "Time" and worries about controversy, have never seen the Operation Abolition film.

BERNAND MALLON

62-106289-364

FREE MOVIES-The Piscataway Township school board wound up its business in 45 minutes Thursday night and then sat through a 45-minute showing of "Operation Abolition.

The viewing had developed from a question posed at the April 17 board meeting by Veep Harold Pryor of the county Conservative Club. He wanted to know how cum its scheduled showing before a high school assembly had been cancelled.

So the board decided to see the controversial film and the

Conservatives' secretary, Joe Leo, provided it.

The board had invited the faculty and the Student Council but apparently they weren't interested because they didn't show. The two kids on hand were the experts who operated the projector.

Pryor and a couple of others were spectators and when it was all over it appeared that matters stand as they did last March. Administrators had cancelled the film apparently deciding there wasn't enuf educational value in it to get involved in a controversy.

Republican Club To Sponsor Film

SOUTH AMBOY - The city's Young Republican Club will sponsor the showing of the film "Operation Abolition" on June 1 in s

the Harold Hofman High School auditorium.

The film is a movie of the controversial riots at the House United School and the House United Scho American Activities Committee hearings in San Francisco last year. The showing is open to the

Letters to the Editor

Andrus Supported

To the Editor:

As residents of Piscataway Township with two children in the school system, we support our Board of Education and Mr. Andrus, our high school principal, in their decision regarding the showing of the controversial film "Operation Abolition."

In the face of threats and name calling, it is not easy to exercise rational judgment. The judgment that the film is not a straightforward account of certain events is supported by such reputable news organizations as The New York Times and The Reporter Magazine, among others.

The manner in which the Board and Mr. Andrus dealt with the issue gives us confidence in their ability to create an educational atmosphere in which our children can learn to think clearly and boldly and not be cowed by loud voices.

MR. AND MRS. N. RUDNICK.

There appears to be a difference of opinion about the ference of opinion about the student riots in San Fran-sisco last May against the House Committee on Un-American Acitivities. Can you

help decode the story?
You can help a lot by telling readers to write to John Edgar Hoover at the EBI, Washington to enlighten them. He will send a <u>free copy</u> of a pamphlet titled: "Communist Target— Youth."

Good Reporting page 6

To the Editor:

Excellent is the word for your reporting of the discussion at the last meeting of the Piscataway Township Board of Education, of the High School Assembly's cancelled program of the film "Operation Abolition."

Your reporter relayed, this discussion of a difficult matter, in an accurate, clear, and interesting manner. Above all, however, he was complete and just, giving the major points of both sides of the discussion.

HAROLD A. PRYOR.

Do you agree with politicians who are demanding the appointment of a "czar" to control the system of broadcasting?

Drastic censorship or rigorous government control are more hazardous medicines than the disease they pretend to cure. Censors can be as inept as the people they censor and government officials can be as corrupt as the people they are empowered to police.

62-106289-364

ENCLOSURE:

June 13, 1961 REC- 95 6 2= 10 (21) - 36 \$ EX:130 b7C Dear I have received your letter of June 3, with enclosure, and the interest prompting you to communicate is appreciated. While I would like to be of service to you, unfortunately our supply of the pamphlet you desire has been depleted due to the heavy volume of requests for it, and I am unable to advise you as to where you might obtain a copy. I am sorry this situation exists but I know you will understand. I am enclosing some material on the general subject of communism which you may like to road. Sincerely yours, J. Edgar Hooved John Edgar Hoover Director Enclosures (4) What You Can Do To Fight Communism Communist Illusion and Democratic Reality Series from 'Christianity Today'! Cne Nation's Response to Communism. Tolson NOTE: No information could be focated if Bufiles identifiable with Belmont -Mohr correspondent. Enclosure was a pamphlet entitled, "University Students-Callahan Conrad Notice" which advises the student body, of the criticism by Representative DeLoach Evans Tom Pelly, Republican of Washington of the Washington Post newspaper Malone for their distortions and their editorials concerning the student riots in Sullivan San Francisco. Tavel Trotter Tele, Room Ingram TELETYPE UNIT

JCF:frc (3)

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Department of Justice Washington, D.C. Dear Mr. Hoover: Lattended a showing of "Operation Abolition" here in Greenwich on Wednesday, May 31st. Tear sheets of pages 197 and 198 of "Human Events" magazine, March 31st, 1961 issue entitled, "The Truth About Operation Aboli-1961 is sue entitled, "The Truth About Operation About tion," by Congressman John H. Rousselot were distributed; copies of the enclosed University Students -- Notice were also given out. "I found these interesting, particularily the many references to your publication, "Communist Target -- Youth". My reason for writing is to find where one might obtain a copy of your "Communist Target -- Youth either locally or from your office. . Thank you yery much. JUN 15.1961

		,	-
	OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10	$\langle \hat{e} \rangle$	Mr. Tolson
	UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT	*	Mr. Mohr
	Memorandu		Mr. Callaban
	LAAS		Mr. Evans
	TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont	DATE: June 1, 1961	Mr. Malone
Arile .		1 - Mr. Parsons	Mr. Rosen
1.(FROM : Mr. F. J. Baumgardnern	1 - Mr. Belmont	Mr. Tavel
7	· (P)	1 - Mr. Baumgardner 1 - Mr. Shaw	Tele: Room Mr. Ingram
	SUBJECT:		Miss Gandy
	INTERNAL SECURITY		
	·		. b6
	a reporter	of the "San Francisco Exa	miner," back
	wrote the Bureau on 5-18-61, furnish witness to the demonstration which	fact 51000 on E-12-60 of S	ລກ
	Francisco's City Hall.	account of the demonstra	tion
	Francisco's City Hall. substantiates Target - Ye the demonstration was touched off.	outh" as to the manner in,	which
	the demonstration was touched off.		Mon
	In answer to the Bureau's	request for suggestions a	s to
ll:	future handling of potential inquir Youth," SAC, San Francisco, in the	ies concerning "Communist attached letter, has made	the
Ì	following two suggestions.		PREMION b6
	1 In future evintings of	f "Communist Target - Yout	h7C
k	copy of letter and the	Bureau's answer be made a	portion
	of the appendix without changing an	y of the data in the pamph	let. 🗽
Addings	SAC feels that this will serve to be cerning the controversial question	ack the Bureau's position in the pamphlet having to	do with
	the start of the demonstration and	will give the implication	that the
Ï	exchange of correspondence is a mat	ter of providing additiona	1 data.
8	2. SAC suggests that the	blank page opposite the p	reface
ĺ	to "Communist Target - Youth" be ut	ilized to carry a statemen	t which
	would obviate the necessity of chan pamphlet.		tue
#	-	62-106289 - NOT RECORDED	
	OBSERVATION:	NOT RECORDED	• 3
	We will keep the suggesti	ons of the UNEOin 9 mind in	the m
	event it becomes necessary to make	use of them at a later dat	J.
	RECOMMENDATION:	NUL EES JUN	6) () 40°s
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	time on the suggestions made by the	action be taken at the pr	e is H
	attached for your approval a letter	to the SAC advising that-	
	suggestions are not being adopted a	t the present but we will	keep.
	them in mind for possible future us	Chin C	TIEM .
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June 20, 1961

REC- 27

1-366

b6 b7С

Dear Dear

Your letter of June 13, 1961, has been received, and the interest which prompted you to write is appreciated.

While I would like to be of assistance with regard to your request, I must advise that our supply of the booklet you mentioned has been depleted. I am, however, enclosing some material relative to the general subject of the communism which you may wish to read. There is no charge for any data the FBI is privileged to distribute.

Sincercly yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover Director

Enclosures (4)

Statement re Internal Security 4-17-61
Communist Illusion and Democratic Reality
17th National Convention CP, USA & 3-60 LEB Introduction
Series from "Christianity Today"

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles.

Belmont Mohr SAW:nss
Callahan SAW:nss
Conrad Selmont (3)

Tolson

Malone _ Rosen _ Sullivan

Tavel _ Trotter

Gandy

Tele. Room Ingram ____ MAILED 25

JUN 2 0 1961

COMM-FBI

MAIL ROOM ____ TELETYPE UNIT

66 JUN 26 1961

j.

June 13, 1961

OCCUMULANIST TADEST-YOUTH

The Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

I would like very much to see a copy of your pamphlet on the student riots in San Francisco last May.

I understand from one of Fulton Lewis' broadcasts that you have put out an 18-page pamphlet on this and I would be glad to send check to cover cost, if there is any cost involved.

Yours very tmlv.

REC- 27

62-106289-366

B JUN 21 1961

ack: 6-20-6/ Saed: ness

b6 b7C

REC. 66 (2-106289-367 June 12, 1961 AIRMAIL b6 b7C Dear Your letter of June 5, with enclosure, was received as Mr. Hoover was leaving the city. He asked that I inform you that he has not deviated from the position taken in his reply to you of May 10. Due to the pressure of official commitments, he regrets that he will be unable to comply with your other requests. Sincerely yours, Helen W. Gandy Secretary 1 - Mr. Sullivan - Enclosure (Sent with cover memo) b6 1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan - Enclosure (Sent with cover memo) NOTE: See Morrell to DeLoach memo dated 6-9-61 captioned Inquiry Re ''Communist-Target--Youth.' Correspondent's enclosure was a 7 cent llahan airmail stamp which is being utilized in reply. 13 irad oach ins one en JMM:ncr

Mr. Callahan Mr. Conrad Mr. Del aich Mr. Evans Mr. Malone... b7C Mr. Rosen Dur Sullivari June 5, 1961 Mr. Tavel ... Mr. Tr. tter. Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director Tele. Room. Federal Bureau of Investigation Mr. Ingrain. Miss Gandy. The FBI report on the riots against the HCUA in San Francisco in May, 1960 (the report entitled Communist Target -- Youth) contains the following statement on page 8: "One of the demonstrators provided the spark that touched off the flame of violence. Leaping a barricade that had been erected, he grabbed an officer's night stick and began beating the officer over the ' According to Congressman John H. Rousselot's The Truth About "Operation Abolition." the person who was charged for this |a UC student. However, according to an article in the May 16, 1961 issue of the Los Angeles under cross-examination last April 19 in the assault trial of acknowledged the fire hoses had been turned on student demonstrators and then shut off again before he encountered L Furthermore, it is to be noted that the final outcome of the received a full acquittal. I must say that the above-quoted testimony of Patrolman coupled, of course, with the final acquittal of Iseems to me to pretty well invalidate the abovequoted statement from the FBI report that it was this specific act of assault that precipitated the violence. In view of these facts, I would like to know whether the FBI still stands by the above-quoted excerpt from the FBI report, or whether the FBI has now acknowledged that part of the report as being erroneous or at least questionable. If the FBI still does stand by this statement despite ___testimony and ___ quittal, on what grounds does it do so? 62-106287-367 Allow me to state that the reason I am requesting this information from you is that I am preparing an extensive report regarding the HCUA's two visits to San Francisco, the first scheduled for the summer of 1959 but subsequently cancelled, the second held in San Francisco in May, 1960. I intend to incorporate your reply to the above questions into this report REC- 66 67 Another question on which I would like to receive some information from you is, What is the danger of internal communism today as compared with previous years? Is internal communism posing a greater threat today than ever before, or is it less? (Your reply to this question will also be incorporated into the above-mentioned report. I might add that this report-will be hade generally available to the public.) A third question which I have is, Does the law nequire the FBI to make any corroborative information available to the

Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir:

action was

Times, "Patrolman

trial was that

L 6-12-61

mount to refer to be a - 201 min

which I am preparing.

1.00

public regarding an individual before applying the term "communist" to that individual? Or, in other words, what specific legal device, if any, exists to prevent government agencies from the careless or unproved application of the term "communist" to an individual?

Finally, I would appreciate it if you would send me an assortment (as large an assortment as possible) of general informational literature on the subject of communism.

I would appreciate it if you would send your reply to this letter via AIR MAIL, and so I am enclosing an air mail stamp to pay for the postage of your reply.

Sincerely	vours.

b6 b7C

N/g	١	y
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DO-6 OFFICE OF DIRECTOR FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

June 16, 1961

The attached postcard addressed to Com. Sullivan the Director was postmarked in San Francisco, California.

Attachment hbb

Mr. Mr.	pot sont the
Mr.	Mohr
Mr.	Callahan

Mr. Delphon

Mr. Malone

Mr. Ingram. Miss Holmes.

EX-116

REC-94 62-106289-368

12 JUN 22 1961

ENCLOSURE

58 JUN 27196

Smondast MASET-YOUTH

City Hall Riot

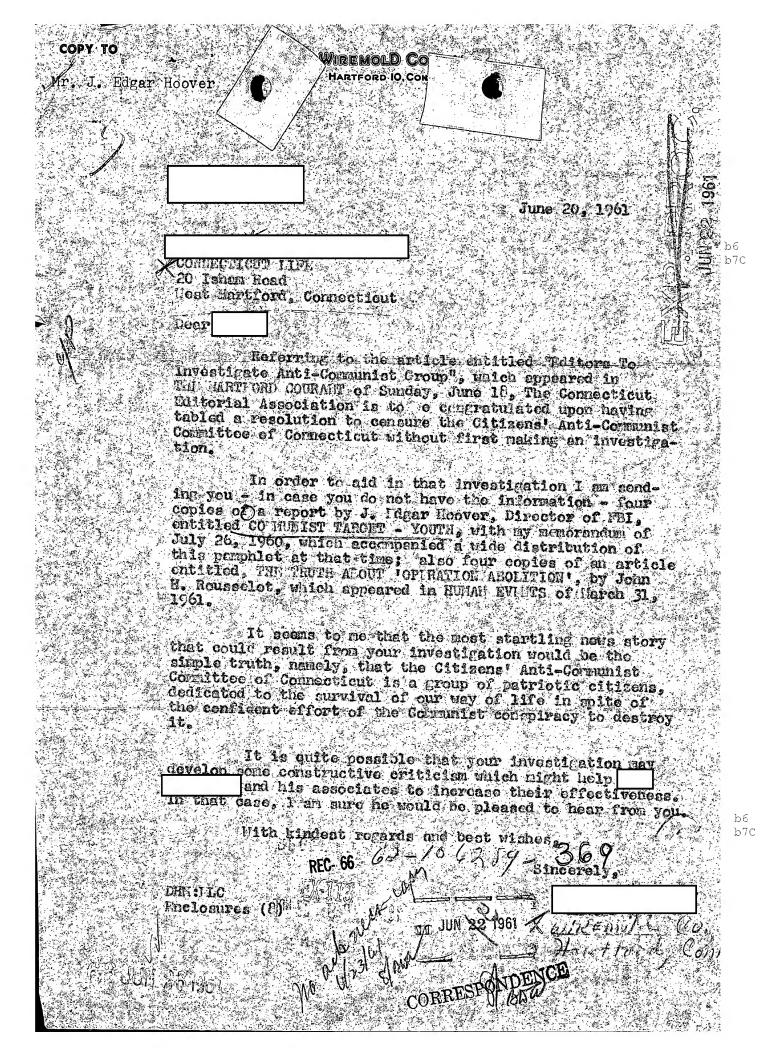
I was surprised you would print a rehash of J. Edgar Hoover's report on the San Francisco riots, after the excellent coverage The Examiner gave to the Meisenbach trial.

The facts brought out in the trial clearly establish that Hoover was the most duped individual concerned with the riots. . . .

RICHARD W. SHANNER, San Francisco.

62-106289-368

ENCLOSURE



EX-107 REC- 91 June 21, 1961 Oakland Public Librar litt lik turick Octionalla, colimornia Duar Your letter of June 3, 1961, has been received. While I would like to be or assistance, I regret to advise you that our supply of the paniphlet you requested is depleted. Sincerely yours, J. Edgar Hoover John Edgar Hoover Director NOTE: Bufiles contain no derogatory information regarding correspondent. Correspondent requested Communist Target--Youth for use in the library and since this is no longer being distributed and she asked for only that, no other publications are being sent to her. EFT:lcw (3) 12 07 Fill 161 elmont MAILED 25 Callahan . JUN 2 1 1961 Conrad DeLoach COMM-FBI Evans Malone Rosen Sullivan . Tayel _ Trotter AIL BOOM TELETYPE UNIT Ingram

U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington 25, D. C.

June 9, 1961

Gentlemen:

If available for free distribution to libraries, we would appreciate receiving one copy of the following:

Communist target: youth. Communist infiltration and agitation tactics. A report, by J. Edgar Hoover, illustrating communist strategy and tactics in the rioting which occured during house committee on Un-American activities hearings, San Francisco, May 12-14, 1960. 1960.

Please send to:

DOCUMENTS ROOM OAKLAND PUBLIC LIBRARY 125 - 14th STREET OAKLAND 12, CALIFORNIA

Thank you.

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